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MASH TEST NO. 3-10 OF A NON-PROPRIETARY, HIGH-TENSION CABLE MEDIAN BARRIER FOR USE IN 6H:1V V-DITCH (TEST NO. MWP-8)

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16. Abstract

The Midwest States Pooled Fund Program has been developing a prototype design for a non-proprietary, high-tension cable median barrier for use in a 6H:1V V-ditch. This system incorporates four evenly spaced cables, Midwest Weak Posts (MWP) spaced at 8 to 16 ft (2.4-4.9 m) intervals, and a bolted, tabbed bracket to attach three or four cables to the sides of each post. According to the *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware* (MASH) testing matrix for cable barriers installed within a 6H:1V median V-ditch, a series of eight full-scale tests are required to evaluate the safety performance of a system. A ninth test is required to establish the working width for the systems with variable post spacing.

Several previous tests have failed due to posts penetrating the occupant compartment. In order to mitigate this behavior, a modified MWP was designed. Test no. MWP-8 was conducted on the modified barrier system, consisting of MWPs with rounded top edges and a ¾-in. (19-mm) diameter weakening hole at the groundline. This test was conducted according to MASH test designation no. 3-10 and utilized an 1100C passenger car impacting the barrier on a level terrain. The vehicle was contained by the system. Through the initial two vehicle crossover events across the barrier and posts, no floorpan tearing was observed. During the third impact series with the posts, post penetration into the occupant compartment and floorpan tearing was observed. Therefore, test no. MWP-8 was deemed unacceptable.

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UNCERTAINTY OF MEASUREMENT STATEMENT

The Midwest Roadside Safety Facility (MwRSF) has determined the uncertainty of measurements for several parameters involved in standard full-scale crash testing and non-standard testing of roadside safety features. Information regarding the uncertainty of measurements for critical parameters is available upon request by the sponsor and the Federal Highway Administration.

INDEPENDENT APPROVING AUTHORITY

The Independent Approving Authority (IAA) for the data contained herein was Dr. Cody Stolle, E.I.T., Research Assistant Professor.

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

In recent years, the Midwest States Pooled Fund Program has been developing a non-proprietary, high-tension cable median barrier in conjunction with the Midwest Roadside Safety Facility (MwRSF) [1]. This cable barrier system was intended for use anywhere within a 6H:1V median V-ditch and consisted of four cables supported by Midwest Weak Posts (MWPs) spaced at intervals ranging between 8 ft and 16 ft (2.4 m and 4.9 m). A bolted, tabbed bracket was utilized to attach the lower three cables to alternating sides of the MWPs, while a brass keeper rod was utilized to contain the top cable within a V-notch cut into the top of the posts.

Previously, this cable barrier system was subjected to six full-scale crash tests in accordance with the *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH)* [2]. Test no. MWP-1, in accordance with MASH test designation no. 3-17, was conducted with a 1500A vehicle impacting the system placed on the slope break point of a 6H:1V median V-ditch. During the test, the sedan was successfully captured and redirected by cable no. 2, having overridden cable no. 1 and underridden cable nos. 3 and 4 [1].

For test no. MWP-2, the barrier was placed on level terrain, and the system cables were mirrored so that cable no. 2 was on the impact side of the posts and cable nos. 1 and 3 were on the non-impact side. A 16-ft (4.9-m) post spacing was utilized to evaluate the system's maximum deflection and working width. During the test, the front tires of the 2270P pickup overrode cable nos. 1 and 3. However, cable nos. 2 and 4 successfully captured and contained the vehicle [1].

For test no. MWP-3, the post spacing was changed to 8 ft (2.4 m) to evaluate system deflections and working width with the tighter post spacing. During the test, the 2270P pickup was initially captured by cable nos. 2 and 3 after overriding cable no. 1 and underriding cable no. 4. However, the capture cables were eventually pushed downward and overridden by the left-front tire of the pickup. After containment of the vehicle was lost, the cables wrapped around the left-rear tire and yawed the pickup rapidly toward the barrier. The pickup ultimately rolled over as the right-side tires dug into the ground [1].

Modifications were made to improve system performance, which required further full-scale crash testing to evaluate the crashworthiness of the system according to the MASH Test Level 3 (TL-3) criteria [2]. Test no. MWP-4 was conducted in accordance with MASH test no. 3-11. The barrier was placed on level terrain and utilized a 10-ft (3.0-m) post spacing to establish the working width associated with a reduced post spacing. During the test, the 2270P pickup truck was initially captured and redirected by cable nos. 2 and 4. However, the vehicle eventually overrode cable no. 2 after the vehicle was parallel with the system [3].

Test no. MWP-6, conducted in accordance with MASH test no. 3-10, involved a 1100C small car impacting the four-cable median barrier system with 8-ft (2.4-m) post spacing on level terrain. During the test, the small car was captured and redirected by cable no. 2. The A-pillar received only 0.12 in. (3 mm) of deformation, as the vehicle underrode cable nos. 3 and 4. The occupant compartment was penetrated when the top of posts were overridden, causing tears in the floorpan in two locations. Thus, test no. MWP-6 was determined to have failed the safety performance criteria corresponding to MASH test designation no. 3-10 [3].

To reduce the likelihood of occupant compartment penetration, the top corners of the MWP post were rounded. The outer corners were radiused $\frac{5}{8}$ in. (16 mm), and the inner bent corners were filleted $\frac{1}{4}$ in. (6 mm). Test no. MWP-7 was a repeat of MWP-6, but with the modified MWP post. During the test, the small car was captured and redirected by cable no. 2. However, the floorpan was again torn due to contact with the tops of the MWP posts as the vehicle overrode them. Four separate tears occurred. Thus, test no. MWP-7 was determined to have failed the safety performance criteria corresponding to MASH test designation no. 3-10 [3]. These performance issues highlighted the need to develop new barrier components or modify the existing barrier components to improve the safety performance of the cable median barrier.

Twenty-one bogie tests were conducted to evaluate several post modifications [4]. From the bogie test results, the MWP was modified to include rounded top edges of the post and a ¾-in. (19-mm) diameter weakening hole at the groundline. The rounded edge removed sharp corners at the top of the post and the weakening holes reduced the weak-axis capacity of the post to lower the forces exerted by the post on the floorpan. This report highlights one of the full-scale tests conducted on the redesigned, non-proprietary, four-cable median barrier system according to the MASH Test Level 3 (TL-3) criteria [2].

1.2 Research Objective

The objective of this research study was to evaluate the safety performance of the high-tension, cable median barrier in a V-ditch. The system was evaluated according to the TL-3 criteria of the *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH)* [2]. This report documents the evaluation of the cable system to MASH test designation no. 3-10.

1.3 Research Scope

One full-scale crash test was conducted according to MASH test designation no. 3-10 on a non-proprietary, high-tension, cable median barrier system. The crash test utilized a small car weighing approximately 2,425 lb (1,100 kg). The target impact conditions for the test were a speed of 62 mph (100 km/h) and an angle of 25 degrees. The crash test was conducted to evaluate the system after modifications were made to the posts that removed sharp corners at the top of the post and reduced the weak-axis capacity of the post to lower the force exerted by the post on the floorpan. Data obtained from this crash test was analyzed, and the results were utilized to formulate conclusions and recommendations.

2 TEST REQUIREMENTS AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

2.1 Test Requirements

Longitudinal barriers, such as cable median barriers must satisfy impact safety standards in order to be declared eligible for federal reimbursement by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for use on the National Highway System (NHS). For new hardware, these safety standards consist of the guidelines and procedures published in MASH [2]. According to TL-3 of MASH, a cable barrier for use anywhere in a 6H:1V V-ditch must be subjected to eight full-scale vehicle crash tests, as summarized in Table 1. However, systems with variable post spacings must be subjected to MASH test designation no. 3-11 with both the narrowest and widest post spacings to establish the working width bounds of the barrier system, thereby increasing the required number of crash tests from eight to nine. Although all nine tests are needed to complete the system evaluation, only one of the prescribed full-scale crash tests, test designation no. 3-10, was conducted and reported herein. Although the impact speed and angle are consistent for all nine tests, the critical location of the barrier system within the median ditch is dependent upon the specific crash test.

Many cable barriers have variable post spacings, which allow roadside designers to select the optimal configuration for a specific installation. When evaluating these variable post spacing systems, the critical post spacing should be utilized during crash testing. The 2016 edition of MASH has identified the critical post spacing, either the narrowest or the widest spacing, for each individual test within the testing matrix. MASH test designation 3-10 must be conducted with the narrowest post spacing to establish the working width bounds of the barrier system.

In accordance with MASH requirements, the critical impact point for the 1100C vehicle was determined to be located at the midspan between posts. This impact location was determined to maximize the potential for vehicle penetration by allowing the vehicle to penetrate between cables.

When non-symmetrical cable barriers are tested, it is important to test the orientation that produces the greatest risk of failure. To accomplish this critical evaluation, the orientation of the cables was selected such that primary capture cable would be located on the non-impact side of the post. The primary capture cable for the 1100C vehicle was determined to be the second cable from the ground (bottom-middle). Selecting this orientation allowed for the greatest risk of failure by delaying vehicle interlock with the barrier and increasing the potential for the vehicle to penetrate through the system.

Table 1. MASH TL-3 Test Matrix for Barrier Placement Anywhere Within a 6H:1V V-Ditch

		Vehicle	Impact Conditions System Configuration				
Test No.	Test Vehicle	Weight, lb (kg)	Speed, mph (km/h)	Angle, deg	System Location ¹	Post Spacing	Evaluation Criteria ²
3-10	1100C	2,425 (1,100)	62 (100)	25	Level Terrain	Narrow	A,D,F,H,I
3-11	2270P	5,000 (2,270)	62 (100)	25	Level Terrain	Both	A,D,F,H,I
3-13	2270P	5,000 (2,270)	62 (100)	25	9 ft Down Front Slope	Narrow	A,D,F,H,I
3-14	1100C	2,425 (1,100)	62 (100)	25	9 ft Down Front Slope	Narrow	A,D,F,H,I
3-15	1100C	2,425 (1,100)	62 (100)	25	4 ft Up Back Slope	Wide	A,D,F,H,I
3-16	1100C	2,425 (1,100)	62 (100)	25	1 ft Down Back Slope	Narrow	A,D,F,H,I
3-17	1500A	3,300 (1,500)	62 (100)	25	See Note ³	Wide	A,D,F,H,I
3-18	2270P	5,000 (2,270)	62 (100)	25	At Back Slope Break Point	Wide	A,D,F,H,I

¹ Test nos. 3-13 through 3-18 shall be conducted within a 30-ft (9.1-m) wide, 6H:1V V-ditch

2.2 Evaluation Criteria

Evaluation criteria for full-scale vehicle crash testing are based on three appraisal areas: (1) structural adequacy; (2) occupant risk; and (3) vehicle trajectory after collision. Criteria for structural adequacy are intended to evaluate the ability of the cable median barrier to contain and redirect impacting vehicles. In addition, controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable. Occupant risk evaluates the degree of hazard to occupants in the impacting vehicle. Post-impact vehicle trajectory is a measure of the potential of the vehicle to result in a secondary collision with other vehicles and/or fixed objects, thereby increasing the risk of injury to the occupants of the impacting vehicle and/or other vehicles. These evaluation criteria are summarized in Table 2 and defined in greater detail in MASH. The full-scale vehicle crash test documented herein was conducted and reported in accordance with the procedures provided in MASH.

In addition to the standard occupant risk measures, the Post-Impact Head Deceleration (PHD), the Theoretical Head Impact Velocity (THIV), and the Acceleration Severity Index (ASI) were determined and reported on the test summary sheet. Additional discussion on PHD, THIV and ASI is provided in MASH.

² Evaluation criteria explained in Table 2.

³ Testing laboratory to determine critical barrier position on front slope of ditch to maximize propensity for front end of 1500A vehicle to penetrate between vertically adjacent cables.

Table 2. MASH Evaluation Criteria for Longitudinal Barrier

Structural Adequacy	A.	Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.					
	D. Detached elements, fragments or other debris from the test artic should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupa compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traff pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone. Deformations of, intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed lim set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH.						
	F.	The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.					
Occupant	H.	Occupant Impact Velocity (OIV) (see Appendix A, Section A5.3 of MASH for calculation procedure) should satisfy the following limits:					
Risk		Occupant Impact Velocity Limits					
		Component	Preferred	Maximum			
		Longitudinal and Lateral	30 ft/s (9.1 m/s)	40 ft/s (12.2 m/s)			
	I.	The Occupant Ridedown Acceleration (ORA) (see Appendix A, Section A5.3 of MASH for calculation procedure) should satisfy the following limits:					
Occupant Ridedown Acceleration Limits							
		Component	Preferred	Maximum			
		Longitudinal and Lateral	15.0 g's	20.49 g's			

2.3 Soil Strength Requirements

In accordance with Chapter 3 and Appendix B of MASH, foundation soil strength must be verified before any full-scale crash testing can occur. During the installation of a soil dependent system, additional W6x16 (W152x23.8) posts were installed near the impact region utilizing the same installation procedures as the system itself. Prior to full-scale testing, dynamic impact testing was conducted to verify a minimum dynamic soil resistance of 7.5 kips (33.4 kN) at post deflections between 5 and 20 in. (127 and 508 mm) measured at a height of 25 in. (635 mm) above the groundline. If dynamic testing near the system is not desired, MASH permits a static test to be conducted instead and compared against the results of a previously established baseline test. In this situation, the soil must provide a resistance of at least 90 percent of the static baseline test at deflections of 5, 10, and 15 in. (127, 254, and 381 mm). Further details can be found in Appendix B of MASH.

3 DESIGN DETAILS

The test installation was comprised of a four-cable median barrier system as shown in Figures 1 through 24. Photographs of the test installation are shown in Figures 27 through 31. Material specifications, mill certifications, and certificates of conformity for the system materials are shown in Appendix A.

The cable barrier system consisted of several distinct components: (1) high-tension cables or wire ropes; (2) cable splices; (3) steel support posts; (4) cable-to-post attachment brackets; (5) breakaway end terminals; and (6) reinforced concrete foundations. Four ¾-in. (19-mm) diameter, Class A galvanized 3x7 (pre-stretched) wire ropes were utilized for the longitudinal cables. The cables were placed at heights of 15½ in. (394 mm), 23 in. (584 mm), 30½ in. (775 mm), and 38 in. (965 mm) above the groundline. The cables were numbered 1 through 4, starting with the bottom cable and proceeding upward to the top cable. These cables were supported by modified MWPs measuring 83 in. (2,108 mm) in length. The MWP is fabricated from bent 7-gauge (4.6-mm) sheet steel to a 3-in. x 1¾-in. (76-mm x 44-mm) cross section. The modifications to the MWP included rounded top edges of the post and a ¾-in. (19-mm) diameter weakening hole at the groundline. The spacing between the posts was 8 ft (2.4 m). The overall length of the system was 604 ft (184 m).

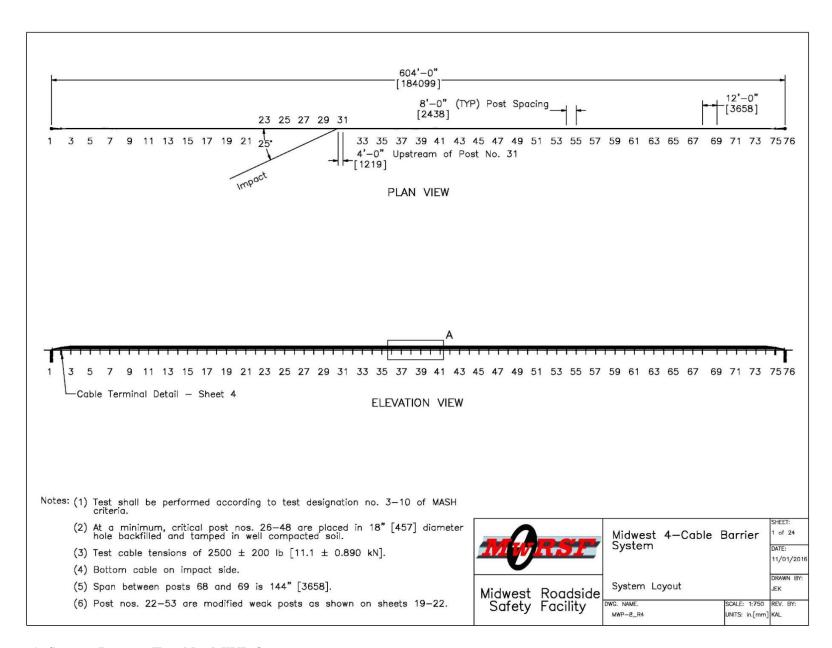


Figure 1. System Layout, Test No. MWP-8

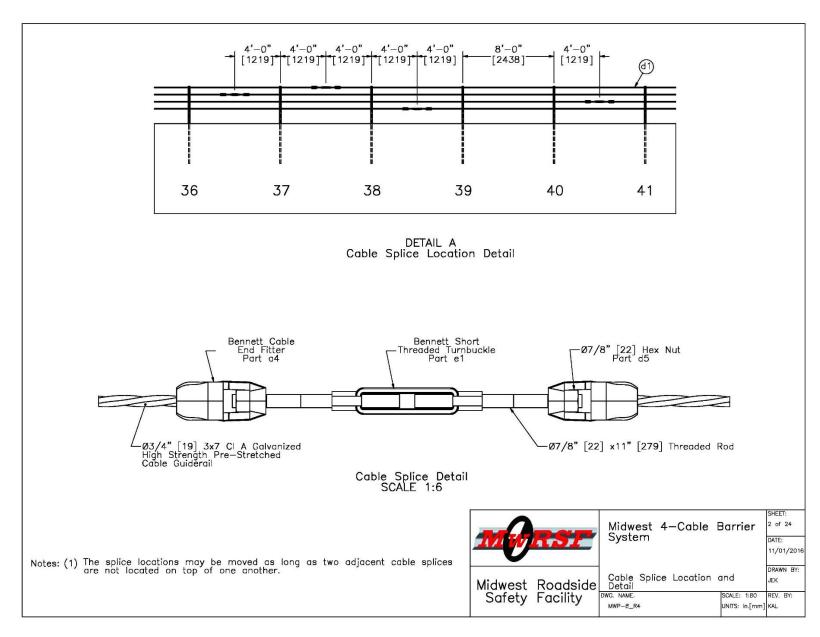


Figure 2. Cable Splice Location and Detail, Test No. MWP-8

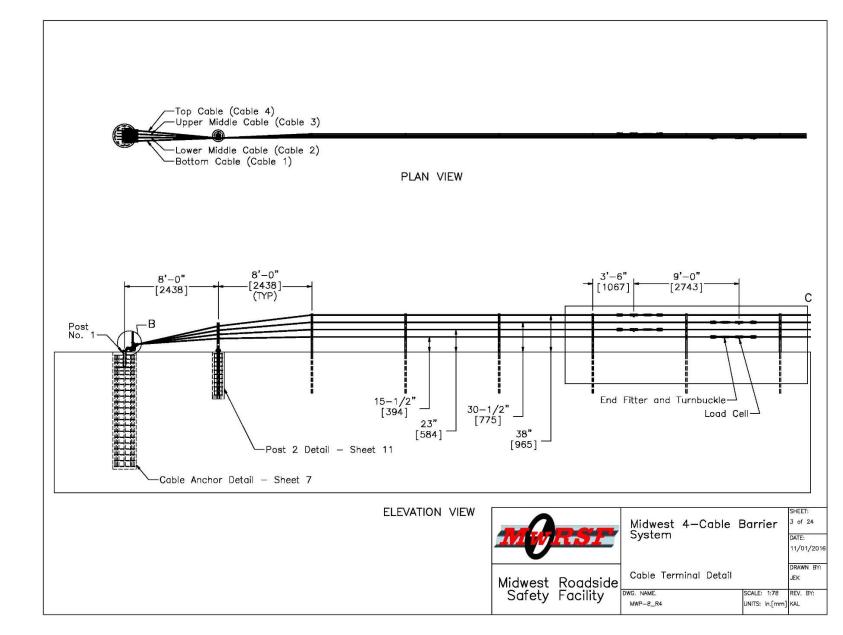


Figure 3. Cable Terminal Detail, Test No. MWP-8

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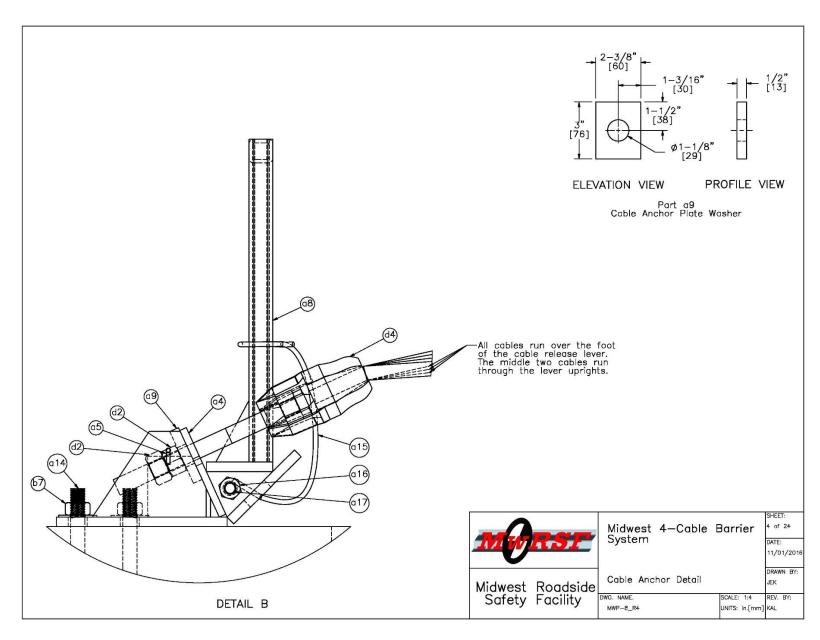


Figure 4. Cable Anchor Detail, Test No. MWP-8

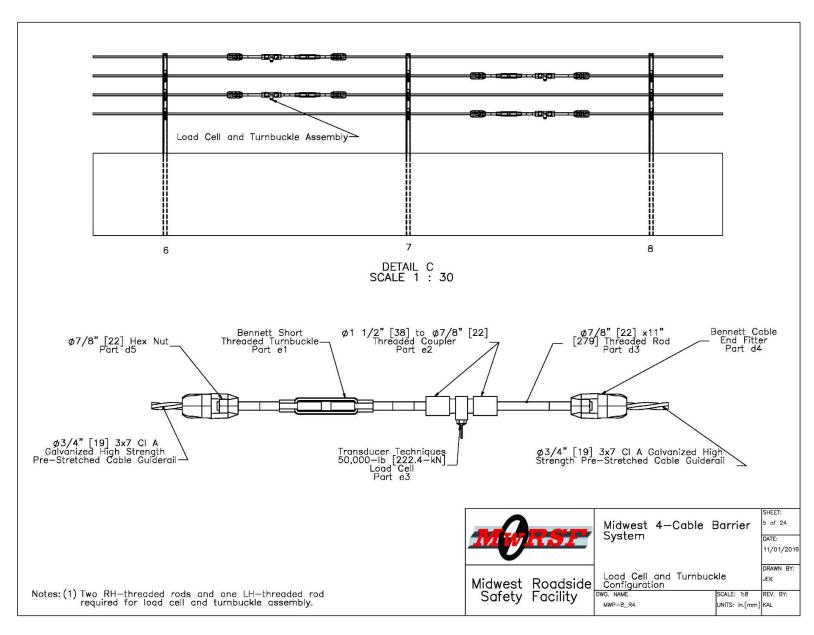


Figure 5. Load Cell and Turnbuckle Configuration, Test No. MWP-8

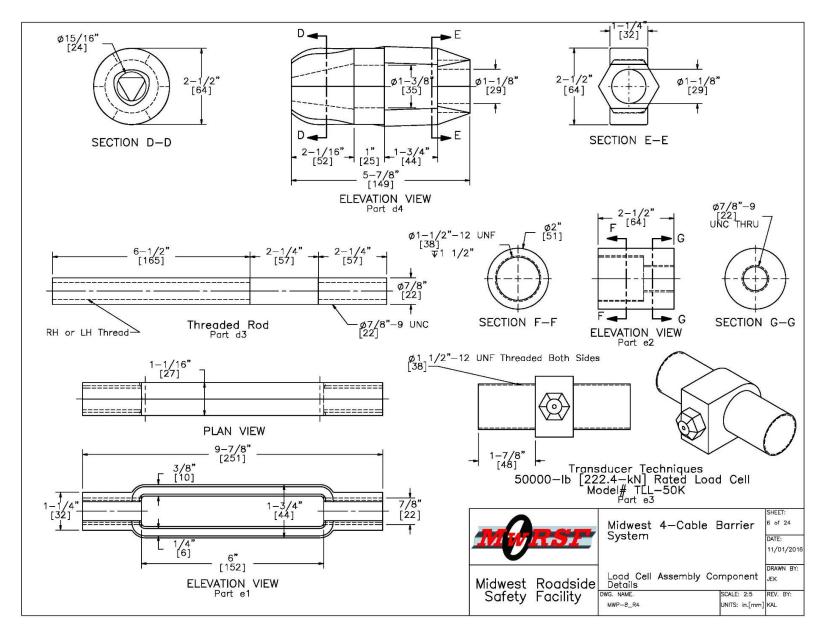


Figure 6. Load Cell Assembly Component Details, Test No. MWP-8

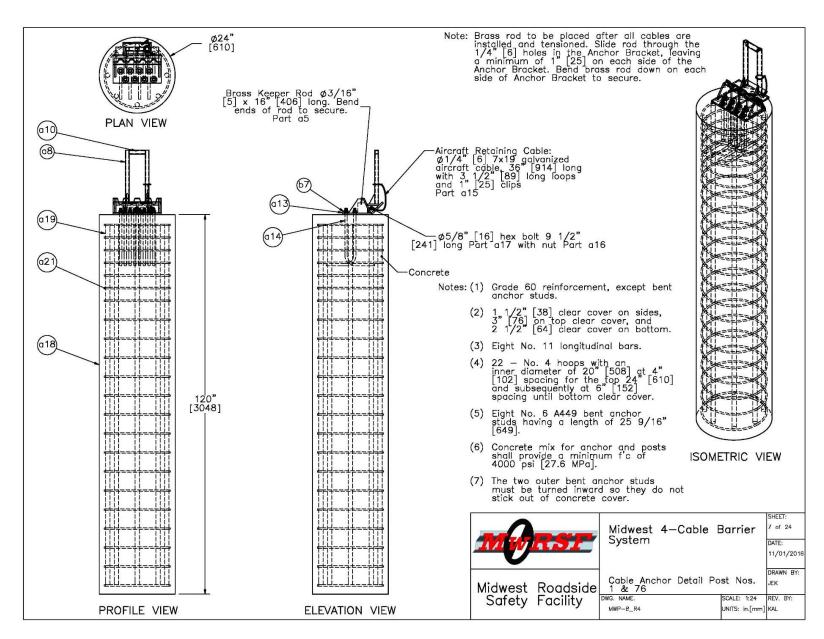


Figure 7. Cable Anchor Detail, Post Nos. 1 and 76, Test No. MWP-8

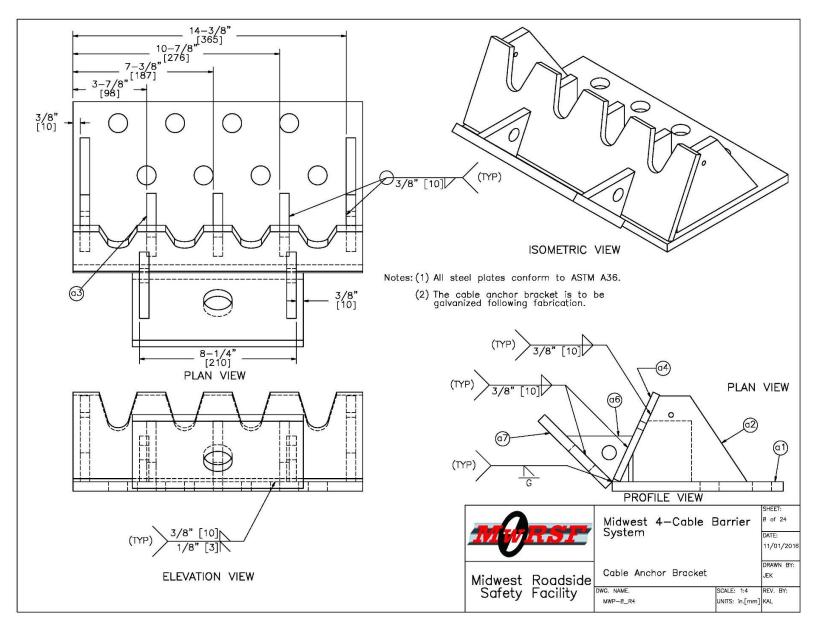


Figure 8. Cable Anchor Bracket, Test No. MWP-8

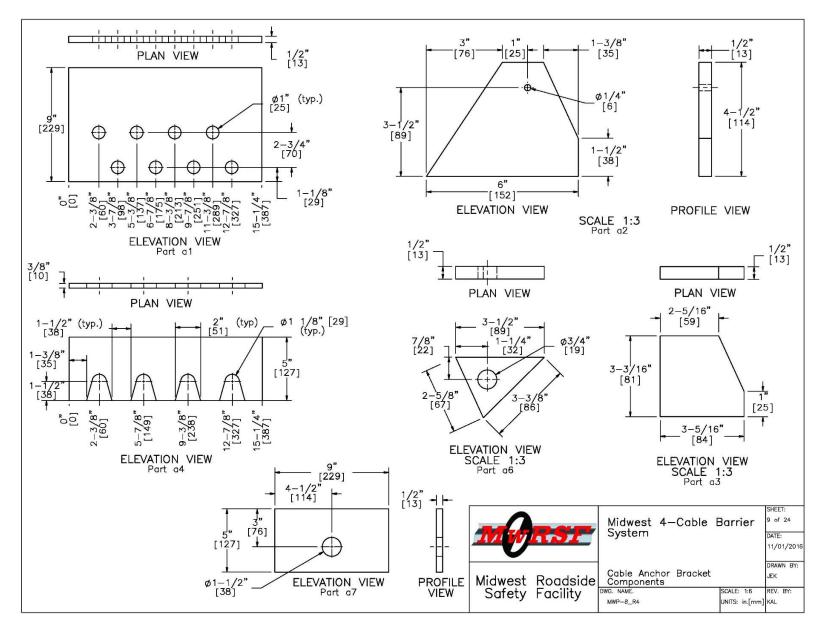


Figure 9. Cable Anchor Bracket Components, Test No. MWP-8



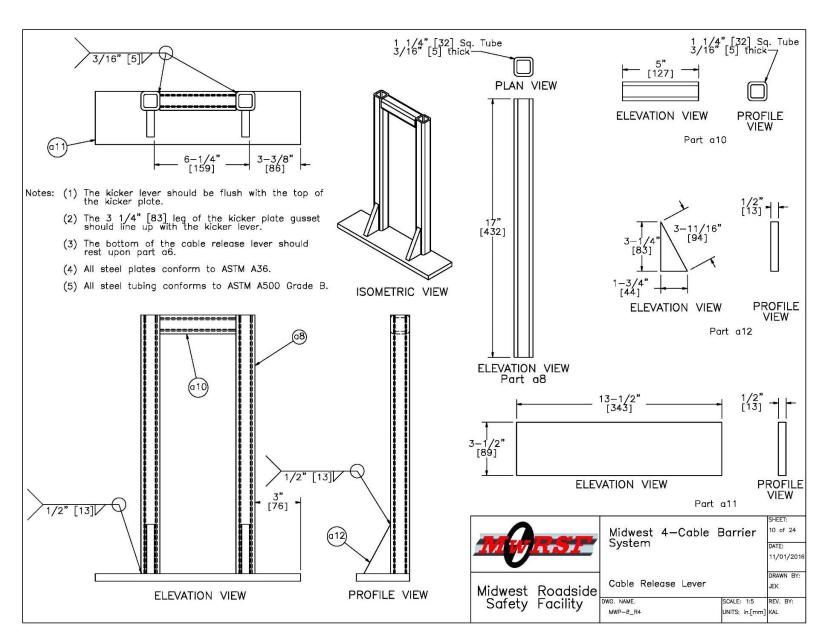


Figure 10. Cable Release Lever, Test No. MWP-8

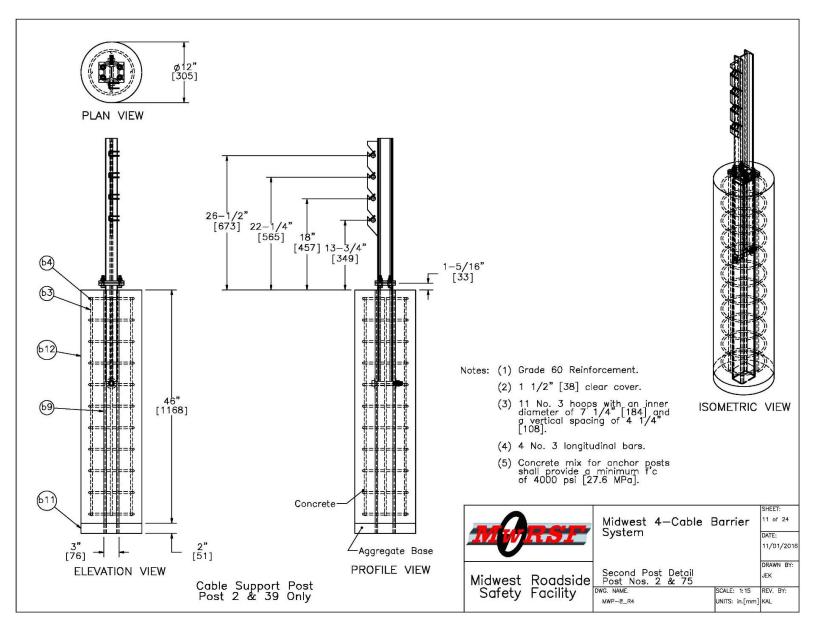


Figure 11. Second Post Detail, Post Nos. 2 and 75, Test No. MWP-8

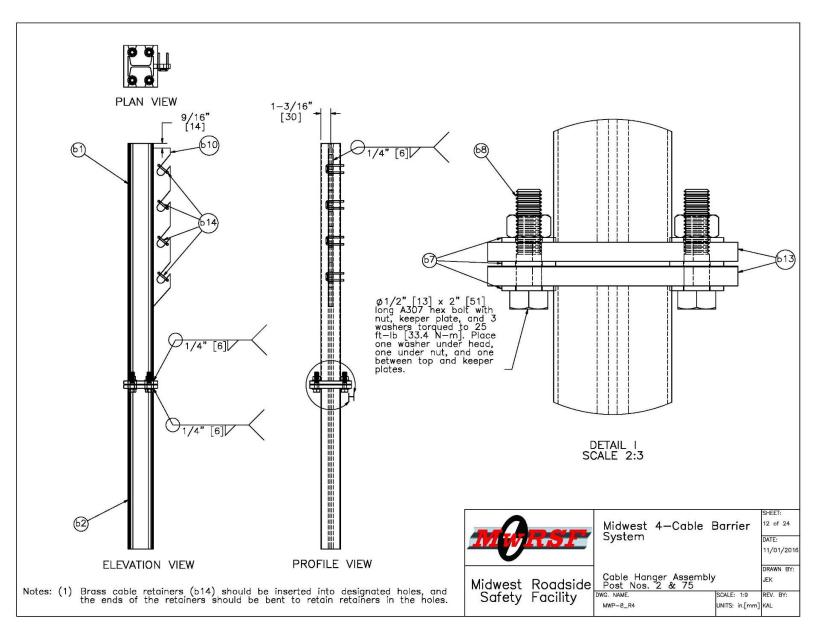


Figure 12. Cable Hanger Assembly, Post Nos. 2 and 75, Test No. MWP-8

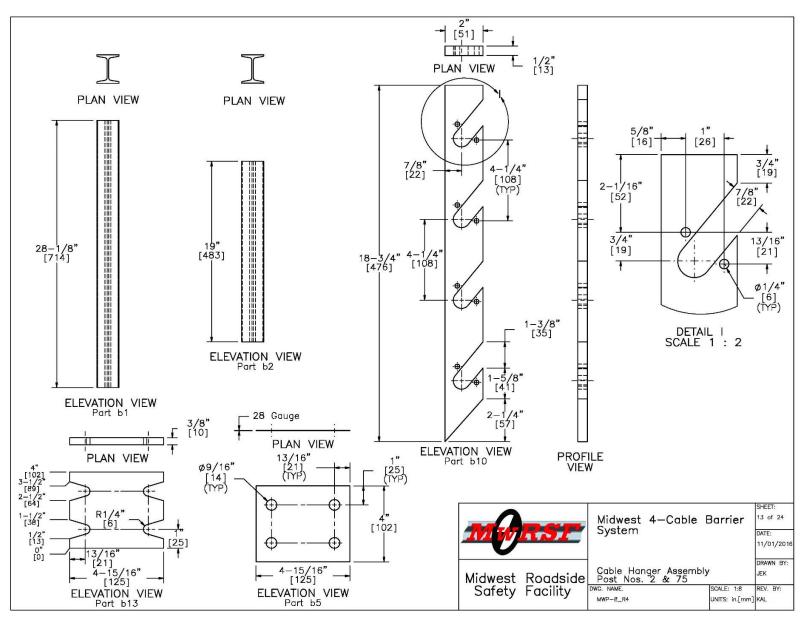


Figure 13. Cable Hanger Assembly, Post Nos. 2 and 75, Test No. MWP-8

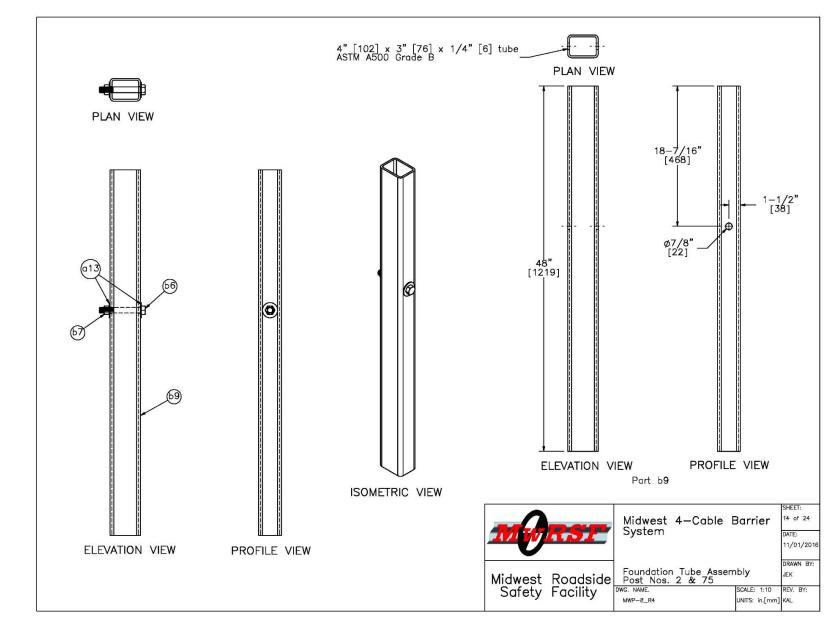


Figure 14. Foundation Tube Assembly, Post Nos. 2 and 75, Test No. MWP-8

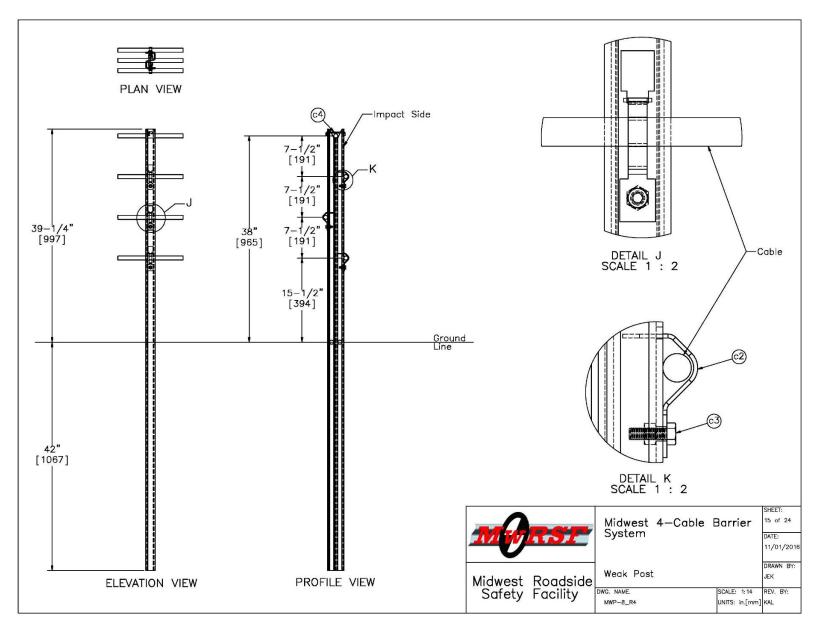


Figure 15. Midwest Weak Post Details, Test No. MWP-8

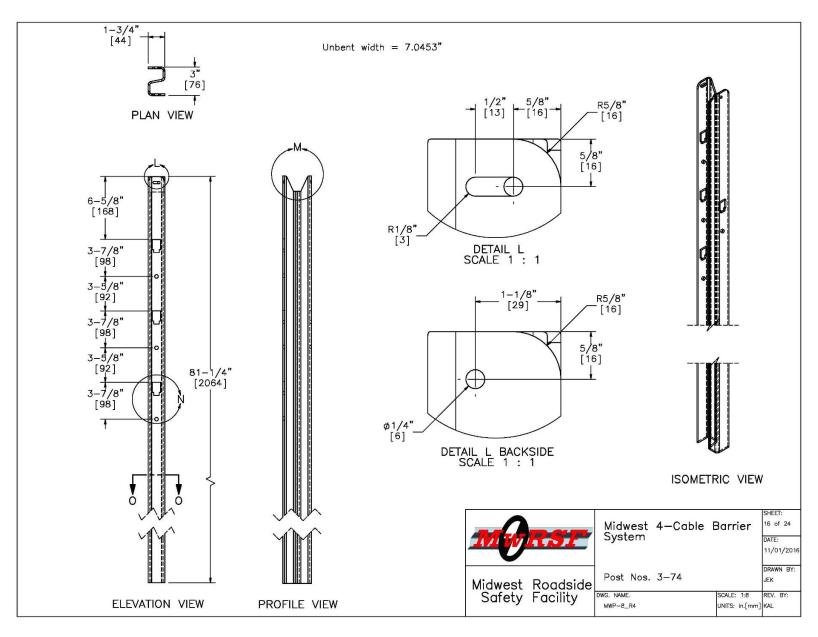


Figure 16. Midwest Weak Post Details, Test No. MWP-8

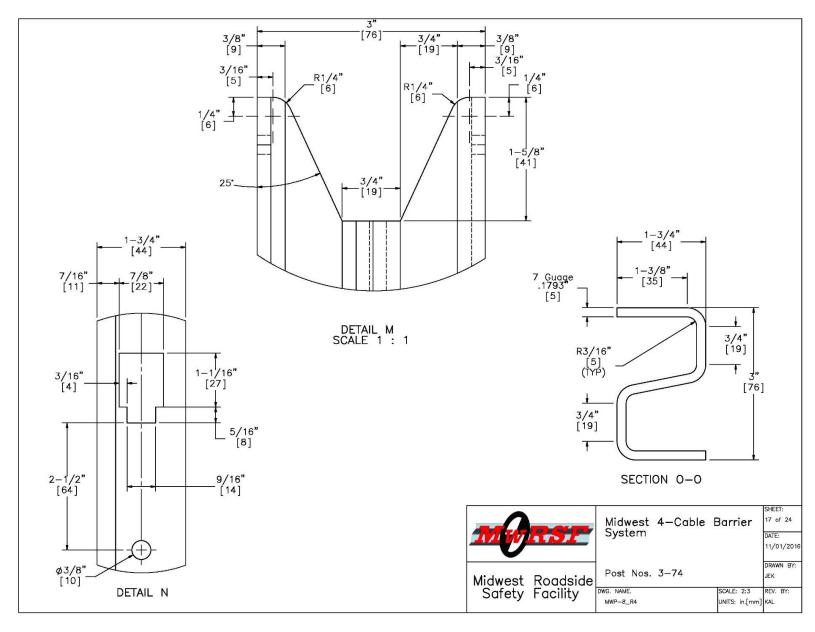


Figure 17. Midwest Weak Post Details, Test No. MWP-8

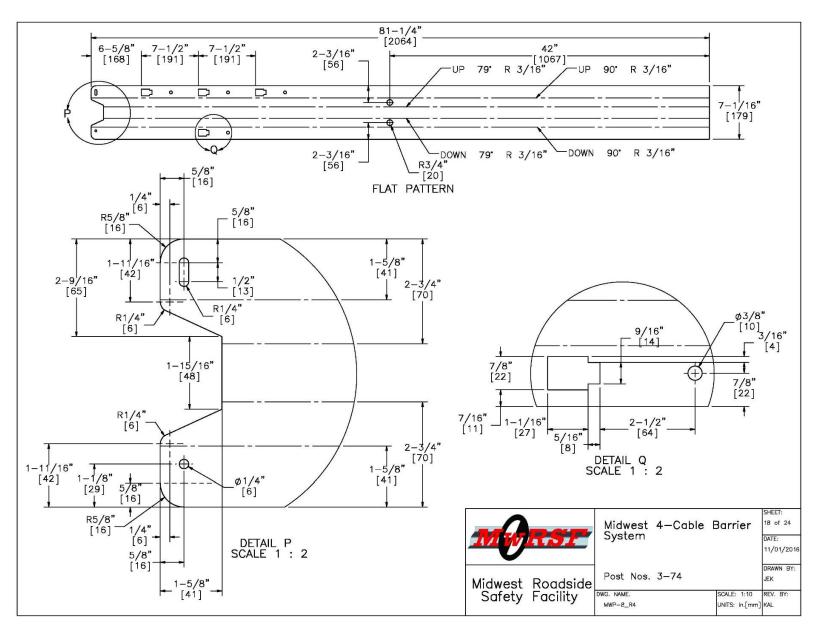


Figure 18. Post Nos. 3 through 74 Details, Test No. MWP-8



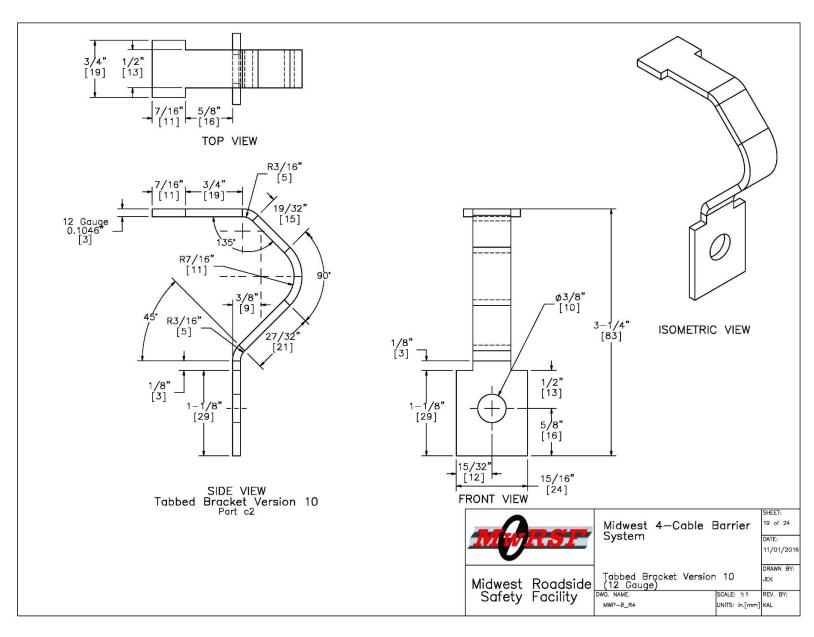
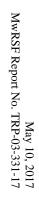


Figure 19. Tabbed Bracket Version 10 (12 Gauge), Test No. MWP-8



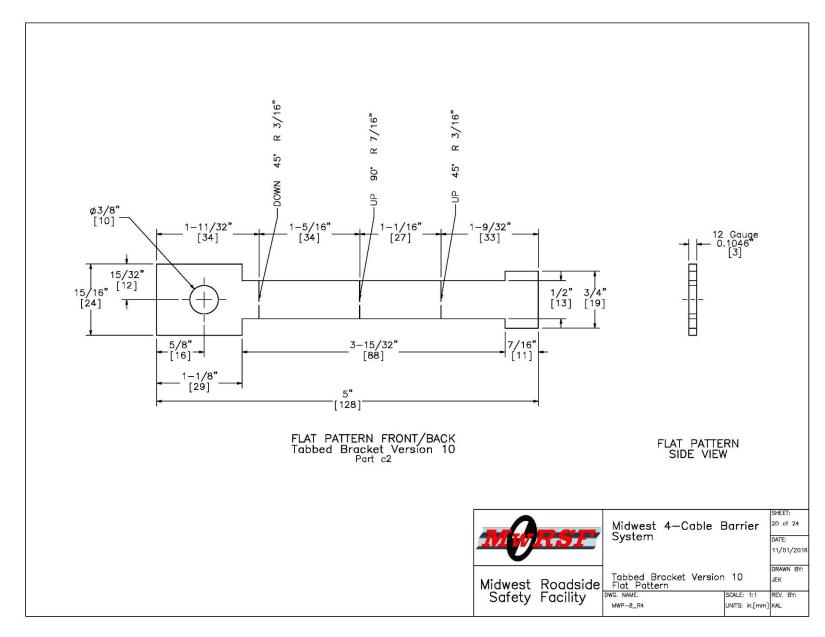


Figure 20. Tabbed Bracket Version 10 Flat Pattern, Test No. MWP-8

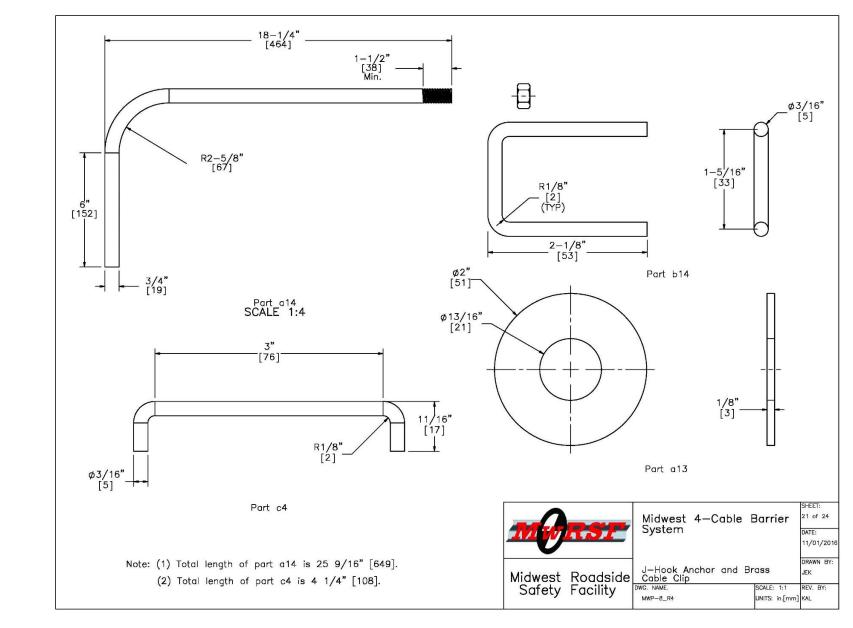
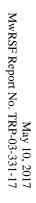


Figure 21. J-Hook Anchor and Brass Cable Clip, Test No. MWP-8



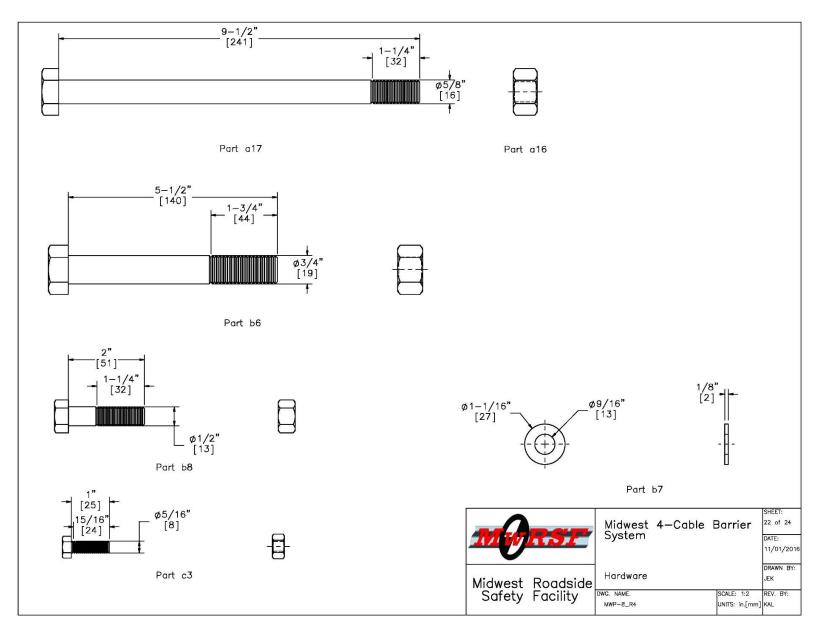


Figure 22. Hardware Details, Test No. MWP-8

Item No.	QTY.	Description	Material Specification		
a1	2	Cable Anchor Base Plate	ASTM A36		
a2	4	Exterior Cable Plate Gusset	ASTM A36		
a3	6	Interior Cable Plate Gusset	ASTM A36		
g4	2	Anchor Bracket Plate	ASTM A36		
a5	2	3/16" [5] Dia. Brass Keeper Rod, 14" [356] long	Brass		
g6	4	Release Gusset	A36 Steel		
a7	2	Release Lever Plate	A36 Steel		
a8	4	1.25x1.25x0.1875" [32x32x5] TS CT Kicker Lever Tube	ASTM A500 Gr. B		
a9	8	CMB High Tension Anchor Plate Washer	ASTM A36		
a10	2	1.25x1.25x0.1875" [32x32x5] TS CT Kicker Lever Connecting Tube	ASTM A 500 Gr. B		
a11	2	3x10x0.5" [76x254x13] Kicker Plate	ASTM A36		
g12	4	CT kicker — gusset	ASTM A36		
a13	20	3/4" [19] Dia. Flat Washer	ASTM F844		
g14	16	3/4" [19] Dia. UNC J-Hook Anchor and Hex Nut	J-Hook ASTM A449/Nut ASTM A563 DH		
a15	2	1/4" [6] Dia. Aircraft Retaining Cable, 36" [914] long	7x19 Galv.		
a16	2	5/8" [16] Dia. Heavy Hex Nut	ASTM A563C		
a17	2	5/8" [16] Dia. UNC, 9 1/2" [241] Long Hex Bolt	ASTM A449 or SAE J429 Gr. 5		
a18	2	24" [610] Dia. Concrete Anchor, 120" [3048] long	4,000 psi f'c		
a19	16	#11 Straight Rebar, 114" [2896] long	Grade 60		
a20	44	#4 Anchor Hoop Rebar with 21" [533] Dia.	Grade 60		
ь1	2	S3x5.7 [S76x8.5] Post by 28 1/8" [714]	ASTM A572 GR50-07, ASTM A709 GR50-09A, ASTM A992-06A		
b2	2	S3x5.7 [S76x8.5] Post by 19" [483]	ASTM A572 GR50-07, ASTM A709 GR50-09A, ASTM A992-06A		
b3	8	#3 Straight Rebar, 43" [1092] long	Grade 60		
ь4	22	7 1/4" [184] Dia. No. 3 Hoop Reinforcement	Grade 60		
b5	2	2nd Post Keeper Plate, 28 Gauge	ASTM A36		
b6	2	3/4" [19] Dia. UNC, 5 1/2" [140] Long Hex Bolt and Nut	Bolt ASTM A307 Gr. A/Nut ASTM A563A		
ь7	24	1/2" [13] Dia. Washer with 1 1/16" [27] OD	ASTM F844		
b8	8	1/2" [13] Dia. UNC, 2" [51] long Hex Bolt and Nut	Bolt ASTM A307 Gr. A/Nut ASTM A563A		
b9	2	4x3x1/4" [102x76x6] Foundation Tube, 48" [1168] long	ASTM A500 Grade B		
ь10	2	2nd Post Cable Hanger	ASTM A36		
b11	2	2nd Post Anchor Aggregate 12 in, Depth	받		
b12	2	12" Dia. 2nd Post Concrete Anchor, 46" long	4,000 psi f'c		
ь13	4	2nd Post Base Plate	ASTM A36		
b14	8	3/16" [5] Dia. 5 1/4" [133] Long Brass Rod	ASTM B16-00		
			Midwest 4-Cable Barrier System Midwest 4-Cable Barrier System Midwest Roadside Safety Facility Midwest Roadside Safety Facility Midwest Roadside Superficient State: None Rev. By: Units: in.[mm] KAL		

Figure 23. Bill of Materials, Test No. MWP-8

Item No.	QTY.	Description		Material Spec		
c1	72	3"x1-3/4"x7 Gauge [76x44x4.6], 81 1/4" [2064] Long Midwest Weak Post w/Holes	Hot-R	olled ASTM A1011 HSLA	Gr. 50	
c2	216	12 Gauge Tabbed Bracket — Version 10	Hot-Ro	lled ASTM A1011 HSLA G	rade 50	
с3	216	5/16" [8] Dia. UNC, 1" [25] Long Hex Cap Screw and Nut	Bolt SAE J429	Gr. 5 or ASTM A449/Nut	: ASTM A5	63 DH
c4	72	Straight Rod $ \phi 3/16$ " [5] Cable Clip	ASTM B16 Br	ass C36000 Half Hard (= 68.0 ksi, YS >= 52.	HO2), ROI 0 ksi	JND.
d1	1	3/4" [19] Dia. 3x7 Cable Guiderail	AASHTO M30-9	2(2000)/ASTM A741–98 vith Type 1 minimum bre 39 kips [173.5 kN]	Type 1 C	lass A
d2	16	7/8" [22] Dia. Hex Nut		ASTM A563C		
d3	28	Cable End Threaded Rod		ASTM A449		
d4	24	Bennett Cable End Fitter		ASTM A47		
d5	24	7/8" [22] Dia. Hex Nut		SAE J429 Gr. 5		
e1	8	Bennett Short Threaded Turnbuckle		Not Specified		
e2	8	Threaded Load Cell Coupler		N/A		
e3	4	50,000-lb [222.4-kN] Load Cell		N/A		
			<u> </u>	Mîdwest 4—Cable	Barrier	SHEET: 24 of 24 DATE:
		M	idwest Roadside Safety Facility	Bill of Materials DWG. NAME. MWP-8_R4	SCALE: NONE UNITS: in.[mm]	

Figure 24. Bill of Materials, Test No. MWP-8









Figure 25. System Photographs, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 26. Test Installation Photographs, Test No. MWP-8









Figure 27. Upstream Anchorage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 28. Downstream Anchorage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 29. Post Details, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 30. Bracket Details, Test No. MWP-8

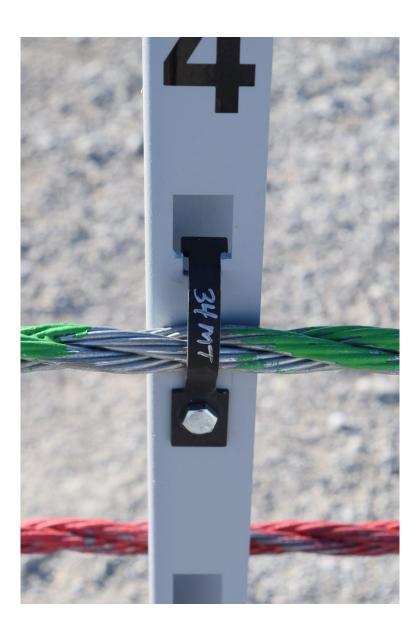




Figure 31. Downstream Cable Splices, Test No. MWP-8









Figure 32. Upstream Cable Splices, Test No. MWP-8

4 TEST CONDITIONS

4.1 Test Facility

The testing facility is located at the Lincoln Air Park on the northwest side of the Lincoln Municipal Airport and is approximately 5 miles (8.0 km) northwest of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln.

4.2 Vehicle Tow and Guidance System

A reverse cable tow system with a 1:2 mechanical advantage was used to propel the test vehicle. The distance traveled and the speed of the tow vehicle were one-half that of the test vehicle. The test vehicle was released from the tow cable before impact with the barrier system. A digital speedometer on the tow vehicle increased the accuracy of the test vehicle impact speed.

A vehicle guidance system developed by Hinch [5] was used to steer the test vehicle. A guide flag, attached to the right-front wheel and the guide cable, was sheared off before impact with the barrier system. The 3/8-in. (9.5-mm) diameter guide cable was tensioned to approximately 3,500 lb (15.6 kN) and supported both laterally and vertically every 100 ft (30.5 m) by hinged stanchions. The hinged stanchions stood upright while holding up the guide cable, but as the vehicle was towed down the line, the guide flag struck and knocked each stanchion to the ground.

4.3 Test Vehicles

For test no. MWP-8, a 2008 Kia Rio was used as the test vehicle. The curb, test inertial, and gross static vehicle weights were 2,398 lb (1,088 kg), 2,419 lb (1,097 kg), and 2,583 lb (1,172 kg), respectively. The test vehicle is shown in Figure 33, and vehicle dimensions are shown in Figure 34.

The longitudinal component of the center of gravity (c.g.) was determined using the measured axle weights. The vertical component of the c.g. for the 1100C vehicle was determined utilizing a procedure published by SAE [6]. The location of the final c.g. is shown in Figures 34 and 35. Data used to calculate the location of the c.g. and ballast information is shown in Appendix B.

Square, black- and white-checkered targets were placed on the vehicle for reference to be viewed from the high-speed digital video cameras and aid in the video analysis, as shown in Figure 35. Round, checkered targets were placed on the center of gravity on the left-side door, the right-side door, and the roof of the vehicle.

The front wheels of the test vehicle were aligned to vehicle standards except the toe-in value was adjusted to zero so that the vehicle would track properly along the guide cable. A 5B flash bulb was mounted on the left side of the vehicle's dash and was fired by a pressure tape switch mounted at the impact corner of the bumper. The flash bulb was fired upon initial impact with the test article to create a visual indicator of the precise time of impact on the high-speed digital videos. A remote-controlled brake system was installed in the test vehicle so the vehicle could be brought safely to a stop after the test.







Figure 33. Test Vehicle, Test No. MWP-8

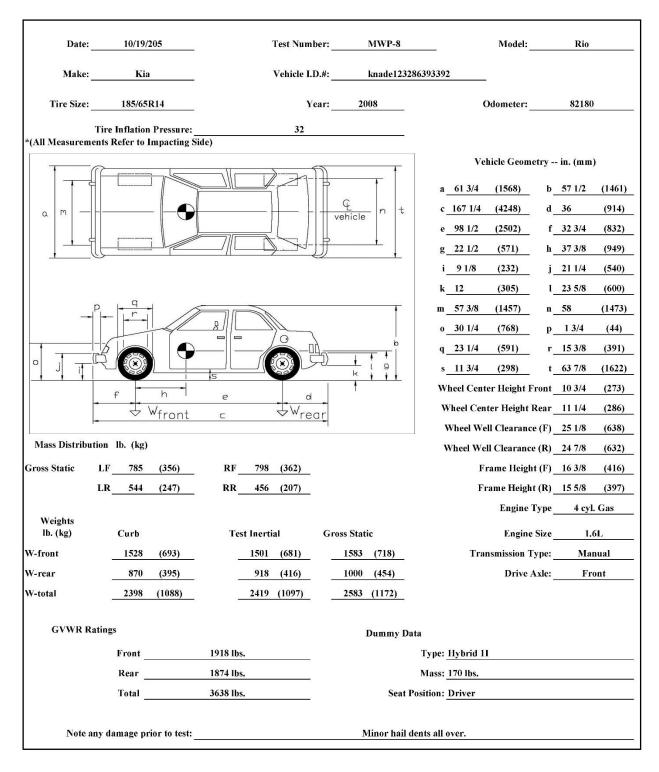


Figure 34. Vehicle Dimensions, Test No. MWP-8

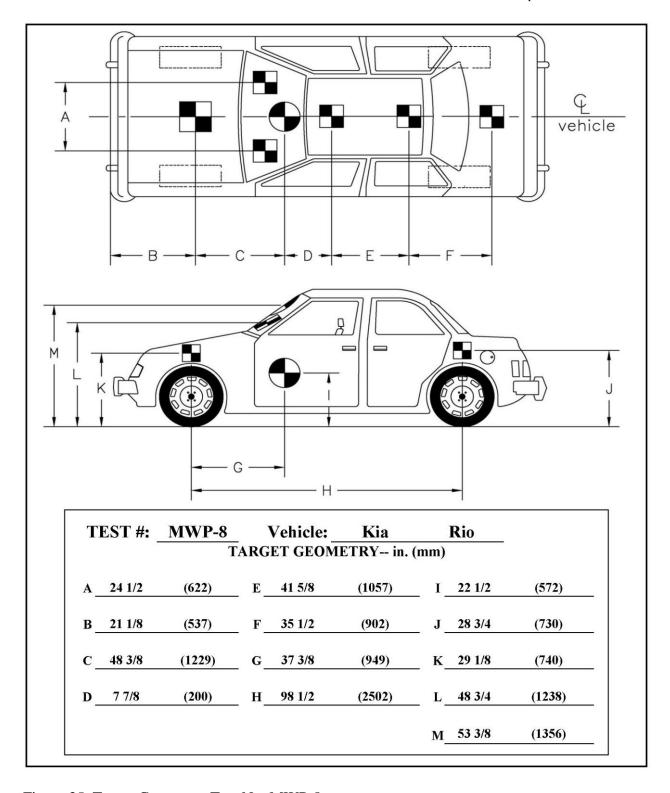


Figure 35. Target Geometry, Test No. MWP-8

4.4 Simulated Occupant

For test no MWP-8, a Hybrid II 50th-Percentile, Adult Male Dummy, equipped with clothing and footwear, was placed in the left-front seat of the test vehicle with the seat belt fastened. The dummy, which had a final weight of 170 lb (77 kg), was represented by model no. 572, serial no. 451, and was manufactured by Android Systems of Carson, California. As recommended by MASH, the dummy was not included in calculating the c.g. location.

4.5 Data Acquisition Systems

4.5.1 Accelerometers

Two environmental shock and vibration sensor/recorder systems were used to measure the accelerations in the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical directions. Both of the accelerometers were mounted near the center of gravity of the test vehicle. The electronic accelerometer data obtained in dynamic testing was filtered using the SAE Class 60 and the SAE Class 180 Butterworth filter conforming to the SAE J211/1 specifications [7].

The two accelerometer systems, the SLICE-1 and SLICE-2 units, were modular data acquisition systems manufactured by Diversified Technical Systems, Inc. (DTS) of Seal Beach, California. The acceleration sensors were mounted inside the bodies of custom built SLICE 6DX event data recorders and recorded data at 10,000 Hz to the onboard microprocessor. Each SLICE 6DX was configured with 7 GB of non-volatile flash memory, a range of ±500 g's, a sample rate of 10,000 Hz, and a 1,650 Hz (CFC 1000) anti-aliasing filter. The "SLICEWare" computer software program and a customized Microsoft Excel worksheet were used to analyze and plot the accelerometer data.

4.5.2 Rate Transducers

Two identical angular-rate sensor systems mounted inside the bodies of the SLICE-1 and SLICE-2 event data recorders were used to measure the rates of rotation of the test vehicle. Each SLICE MICRO Triax ARS had a range of 1,500 degrees/sec in each of the three directions (roll, pitch, and yaw) and recorded data at 10,000 Hz to the onboard microprocessors. The raw data measurements were then downloaded, converted to the proper Euler angles for analysis, and plotted. The "SLICEWare" computer software program and a customized Microsoft Excel worksheet were used to analyze and plot the angular rate sensor data.

4.5.3 Retroreflective Optic Speed Trap

The retroreflective optic speed trap was used to determine the speed of the test vehicle before impact. Five retroreflective targets, spaced at approximately 18-in. (457-mm) intervals, were applied to the side of the vehicle. When the emitted beam of light was reflected by the targets and returned to the Emitter/Receiver, a signal was sent to the data acquisition computer, recording at 10,000 Hz, as well as the external LED box activating the LED flashes. The speed was then calculated using the spacing between the retroreflective targets and the time between the signals. LED lights and high-speed digital video analysis are only used as a backup in the event that vehicle speeds cannot be determined from the electronic data.

4.5.4 Load Cells and String Potentiometers

Four load cells were installed upstream of the impact for test no. MWP-8. The load cells were Transducer Techniques model no. TLL-50K with a load range up to 50 kips (222 kN). A string potentiometer was also attached to the system on the upstream anchor. The string potentiometer was Unimeasure model no. PA-50-70124 with a displacement range up to 50 in. (127 cm). During testing, output voltage signals were sent from the transducers to a National Instruments PCI-6071E data acquisition board, acquired with LabView software, and stored on a personal computer at a sample rate of 10,000 Hz. The positioning and set up of the transducers are shown in Figure 36.

4.5.5 Digital Photography

Six AOS high-speed digital video cameras, eight GoPro digital video cameras, and four JVC digital video cameras were utilized to video test no. MWP-8. Camera details, camera operating speeds, lens information, and a schematic of the camera locations relative to the system are shown in Figure 37.

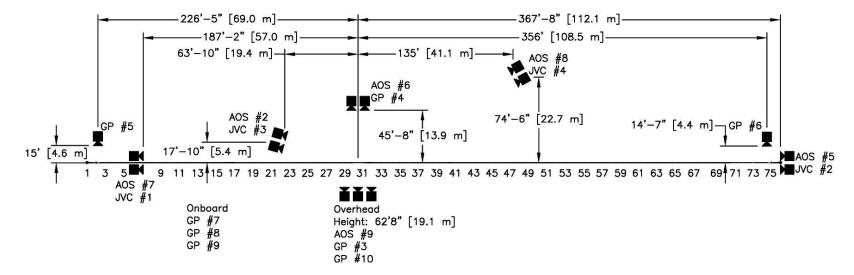
The high-speed digital videos were analyzed using ImageExpress MotionPlus and RedLake MotionScope software programs. Actual camera speed and camera divergence factors were considered in the analysis of the high-speed videos. A Nikon D3200 digital still camera was also used to document pre- and post-test conditions for all tests.







Figure 36. Location of Load Cells and String Potentiometers, Test No. MWP-8



No.	Туре	Operating Speed (frames/sec)	Lens	Lens Setting
AOS-2	AOS Vitcam CTM	500	Cosmicar 50mm Fixed	
AOS-5	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	Vivitar 135mm Fixed	
AOS-6	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	Cosmicar 12.5mm Fixed	
AOS-7	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	Fujinon 50mm Fixed	
AOS-8	AOS S-VIT 1531	500	Nikkor 20mm Fixed	
AOS-9	AOS TRI-VIT	500	Kowa 12mm Fixed	
GP-3	GoPro Hero 3+	120		
GP-4	GoPro Hero 3+	120		
GP-5	GoPro Hero 3+	120		
GP-6	GoPro Hero 3+ (Did not fire)	120		
GP-7	GoPro Hero 4	120		
GP-8	GoPro Hero 4	120		
GP-9	GoPro Hero 4	240		
GP-10	GoPro Hero 4	240		
JVC-1	JVC – GZ-MC500 (Everio)	29.97		
JVC-2	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		
JVC-3	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		
JVC-4	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		

Figure 37. Camera Locations, Speeds, and Lens Settings, Test No. MWP-8

5 FULL-SCALE CRASH TEST NO. MWP-8

5.1 Static Soil Test

Before full-scale crash test no. MWP-8 was conducted, the strength of the foundation soil was evaluated with a static test, as described in MASH. The static test results, as shown in Appendix C, demonstrated a soil resistance above the baseline test limits. Thus, the soil provided adequate strength, and full-scale crash testing could be conducted on the barrier system.

5.2 Weather Conditions

Test no. MWP-8 was conducted on October 19, 2015 at approximately 2:00 p.m. The weather conditions as per the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (station 14939/LNK) were reported and are shown in Table 3.

Temperature	81° F
Humidity	29%
Wind Speed	20 mph
Wind Direction	210° from True North
Sky Conditions	Sunny
Visibility	10 Statute Miles
Pavement Surface	Dry
Previous 3-Day Precipitation	0.00 in.
Previous 7-Day Precipitation	0.00 in.

5.3 Test Description

The 2,583-lb (1,172-kg) car impacted the cable barrier system at a speed of 63.0 mph (101.4 km/h) and at an angle of 25.7 degrees. A summary of the test results and sequential photographs are shown in Figure 38. Additional sequential photographs are shown in Figures 39 through 41. Documentary photographs of the crash test are shown in Figure 42.

Initial vehicle impact was to occur at a midspan location, or 4 ft (1.2 m) upstream of post no. 31, as shown in Figure 43, which was selected using Table 2-2D of MASH. The actual point of impact was 3 ft $-4\frac{1}{2}$ in. (1.0 m) upstream of post no. 31. A sequential description of the impact events is contained in Table 4. The vehicle came to rest approximately 154 ft (46.9 m) downstream from the point of impact, or between post nos. 52 and 53 and in contact with the cables. The right side of the vehicle was held in the air by cable nos. 2 and 3, which were underneath the vehicle. Cable nos. 1 and 4 were located on the non-impact side of the vehicle. The vehicle trajectory and final position are shown in Figures 38 and 44.

After the initial impact occurred, cable no. 2 captured the vehicle until it reached a maximum dynamic deflection of 93.3 in. (2,370 mm) and began to redirect the vehicle. During initial redirection, the vehicle became parallel with the system at 0.398 seconds after initial impact at a speed of 52.9 mph (85.1 km/h). As the vehicle was being redirected, cable no. 4

passed over the top of the vehicle and as the vehicle was exiting the system, cable no. 4 impacted the right side of the vehicle and caused it to be redirected back toward the barrier system. The vehicle then impacted the system at post no. 45 and overrode post nos. 45 through 53. The vehicle did not exit the system and rested on top of post nos. 52 and 53 at the conclusion of the test.

Table 4. Sequential Description of Impact Events, Test No. MWP-8

TIME (sec)	EVENT
0.000	Left-front bumper contacted cable no. 1.
0.002	Left-front bumper contacted cable no. 2.
0.008	Left-front bumper contacted cable no. 3.
0.010	Post no. 31 bent backward, vehicle's front bumper deformed.
0.022	Post no. 30 bent backward, cable no. 3 detached from post no. 31.
0.026	Vehicle contacted post no. 31.
0.028	Cable no. 2 detached from post no. 31.
0.030	Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 30.
0.036	Cable nos. 1 and 4 detached from post no. 31, post no. 32 deflected backward.
0.044	Post no. 29 deflected downstream.
0.046	Cable no. 3 contacted vehicle's left-side A-pillar, post no. 32 deflected downstream.
0.048	Cable no. 2 detached from post no. 32.
0.050	Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 32.
0.056	Vehicle overrode post no. 31.
0.060	Post no. 33 deflected backward.
0.066	Cable nos. 3 and 4 contacted vehicle's left-side A-pillar, and post no. 29 deflected backward.
0.070	Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 33, vehicle's hood deformed.
0.074	Left-side mirror detached from vehicle.
0.076	Vehicle's left-front tire overrode cable no. 1.
0.082	Cable no. 4 detached from post no. 32, post no. 34 deflected backward.
0.090	Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 34.
0.096	Post no. 33 bent downstream.
0.098	Post no. 35 deflected backward, vehicle rolled away from barrier.
0.102	Cable no. 4 detached from post no. 32.
0.108	Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 35.
0.110	Vehicle contacted post no. 32.
0.120	Post no. 35 deflected forward, post no. 36 deflect backward.

0.126	Cable nos. 2 and 4 detached from post no. 33.
0.130	Vehicle overrode post no. 32. Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 36.
0.138	Post no. 34 bent downstream, post no. 37 deflected backward.
0.150	Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 37, cable no. 4 detached from post no. 34.
0.154	Cable no. 4 detached from post no. 30, post no. 38 deflected backward.
0.158	Post no. 35 deflected backward.
0.164	Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 38.
0.172	Post no. 39 deflected backward, cable no. 4 detached from post nos. 29 and 35.
0.176	Vehicle's left-front fender detached from vehicle.
0.182	Cable no. 3 detached from post no. 39.
0.196	Vehicle underrode cable nos. 3 and 4.
0.200	Cable no. 2 detached from post no. 34.
0.204	Post no. 35 bent backward.
0.208	Cable no. 4 detached from post no. 36.
0.212	Vehicle roof deformed due to contact with cable no. 4.
0.220	Cable no. 4 detached from post no. 37.
0.228	Vehicle's right-front fender contacted post no. 33.
0.256	Cable no. 2 detached from post no. 35.
0.295	Cable no. 2 detached from post no. 36.
0.326	Post no. 37 bent backward.
0.352	Cable no. 2 detached from post no. 37.
0.376	Cable no. 2 detached from post no. 30.
0.384	Post no. 29 bent backward.
0.388	Vehicle was parallel to barrier at a speed of 52.9 mph.
0.500	Cable no. 2 detached from post no. 29.
0.682	Vehicle's right-rear quarter panel contacted post no. 36.
0.716	Vehicle overrode post no. 37.
1.018	Vehicle's front bumper detached from vehicle.
1.320	Vehicle's right mirror detached from vehicle.
1.914	Vehicle's left headlight detached from vehicle.
3.159	Vehicle floorpan impacted post no. 50.
3.573	Vehicle floorpan impacted post no. 51.
4.000	Vehicle floorpan impacted post no. 52.
5.344	Vehicle came to rest in system.

5.4 Barrier Damage

Damage to the barrier was moderate, as shown in Figures 45 through 73. Barrier damage consisted of bent posts, disengaged cables, and deformed brackets. At its final resting position, the vehicle was still in contact with the cables. Cable nos. 2 and 3 were underneath the vehicle while cable nos. 1 and 4 were on the non-impact side of the vehicle. The length of vehicle contact along the barrier was approximately 181 ft (55.2 m), which spanned from 3 ft $-4\frac{1}{2}$ in. (1 m) upstream of post no. 31 to post no 53. Table 5 summarizes the release mechanisms of each cable from the posts.

Post nos. 29 through 53 had varying degrees of plastic deformation in the form of bending and twisting. Typically, the posts were bent laterally backward and longitudinally downstream. In addition to this, post nos. 31, 32, 36 through 40, and 45 through 53 encountered contact marks and grinding marks on the edges due to vehicle override. These same posts experienced the greatest deflections, except for post nos. 52 and 53, which remained in contact with the vehicle at its final position.

The working width of the system was found to be 94.7 in. (2,405 mm), as determined from high-speed digital video analysis. The maximum lateral dynamic barrier deflection was 93.3 in (2,370 mm) as determined from high-speed digital video analysis. The permanent set of the barrier was measured to be 39¾ in. (1,010 mm) as measured in the field. The upstream anchor had a maximum dynamic displacement of 0.16 in. (4 mm) downstream, as determined from the string potentiometer.

Table 5. Disengaged Cables and Release Mechanisms, Test No. MWP-8

D 4 N		Ca	Cable No.		
Post No.	1	2	3	4	
5	-	-	-	5	
11	-	-	-	5	
23	-	-	1	-	
24	-	-	1	-	
25	-	-	1	-	
26	-	-	1	5	
27	-	-	1	5	
28	-	-	1	6	
29	-	1	1	6	
30	-	1	1	6	
31	1	1	1	6	
32	1	1	1	6	
33	-	1	1	6	
34	-	1	1	6	
35	-	1	1	6	
36	-	1	1	6	
37	1	1	1	6	
38	2	3	1	6	
39	-	3	1	6	
40	-	1	1	6	
41	-	1	1	6	
42	-	1	1	6	
43	-	-	1	6	
44	1	-	1	6	
45	1	1	1	6	
46	1	1	2	6	
47	1	1	4	6	
48	-	1	4	6	
49	-	1	4	6	
50	-	1	2	6	
51	-	1	-	6	
52	-	1	-	6	
53	-	1	-	6	
54	-	1	-	6	
55	-	1	-	5	
56	-	1	-	-	
57	-	1	-	-	

¹⁻Bracket released entirely

²⁻Bracket fractured at neck

³⁻Bracket fractured at tab

⁴⁻Bracket fractured through bolt hole

⁵⁻Brass rod bent in place

⁶⁻Brass rod disengaged completely

5.5 Vehicle Damage

The damage to the vehicle was moderate, as shown in Figures 74 through 76. The maximum occupant compartment deformations are listed in Table 6 along with the deformation limits established in MASH for various areas of the occupant compartment. Note that none of the MASH established deformation limits were violated. Complete occupant compartment and vehicle deformations as well as the corresponding locations are provided in Appendix D.

The majority of the vehicle damage was concentrated on the left-front corner, where primary impact occurred, and on the right-front corner, where it redirected back into the system. The cables caused striation marks, scrapes, and denting along the left- and right-front fenders and up the entire length of the A-pillar on both sides of the vehicle. Striation marks were also found on the roof, which were caused by the vehicle underriding cable nos. 3 and 4. The largest dent, which was 7 in. (178 mm) long and 4 in. (102 mm) wide, occurred at the rear of the left-front wheel well, and was caused by cable no. 2. The entire front bumper and fascia, left-side headlight, both side mirrors, and windshield fluid reservoir disengaged from the vehicle. The right-side headlight and right-side window were shattered. The left-front rim had gouges, and the tire was deflated. The right-rear rim was also gouged and the left-rear tire was scraped.

Two tears were found in the floorpan of the vehicle. One was a 3-in. (76-mm) long tear in the right-front floorpan and the other was a 7-in. (178-mm) long tear underneath the right-front seat, as shown in Figures 76 and 77. Although the occupant compartment deformations are within the bounds set by MASH, the occupant compartment penetration was unacceptable. The floorpan tearing was caused by the free edge of a post as the vehicle overrode the post.

Table 6. Maximum Occupant Compartment Deformations by Location

LOCATION	MAXIMUM DEFORMATION in. (mm)	MASH ALLOWABLE DEFORMATION in. (mm)
Wheel Well & Toe Pan	1/4 (6)	≤9 (229)
Floorpan & Transmission Tunnel	1/2 (13)	≤ 12 (305)
Side Front Panel (in Front of A-Pillar)	0 (0)	≤ 12 (305)
Side Door (Above Seat)	1/4 (6)	≤9 (229)
Side Door (Below Seat)	0 (0)	≤ 12 (305)
Roof	1/4 (6)	≤4 (102)
Windshield	1/4 (6)	≤3 (76)

5.6 Occupant Risk

The calculated occupant impact velocities (OIVs) and maximum 0.010-sec occupant ridedown accelerations (ORAs) in both the longitudinal and lateral directions are shown in Table 7. Note that the OIVs and ORAs were within the suggested limits provided in MASH. As the vehicle was initially redirected by the barrier system, but then was redirected back into the

system due to the contact with cable no. 4 after it had passed over the vehicle, two values for the ORAs for each accelerometer are reported in Table 7. The calculated THIV, PHD, and ASI values are also shown in Table 7. The results of the occupant risk analysis, as determined from the accelerometer data, are summarized in Figure 38. The recorded data from the accelerometers and the rate transducers are shown graphically in Appendix E.

Table 7. Summary of OIV, ORA, THIV, PHD, and ASI Values, Test No. MWP-8

Evaluation Criteria		Transducer		MASH	
		SLICE-1 (Primary)	SLICE-2	Limits	
OIV	Longitudinal	-13.35 (-4.07)	-14.44 (-4.40)	±40 (12.2)	
ft/s (m/s)	Lateral	11.91 (3.63)	11.52 (3.51)	±40 (12.2)	
ORA	Longitudinal	-6.54	-5.63	±20.49	
g's	Lateral (See Note 1)	5.47/-5.64	5.94/-5.46	±20.49	
MAX	Roll	-55.13	-51.48	±75	
ANGULAR DISPLACEMENT	Pitch	-12.21	-11.54	±75	
deg.	Yaw	38.62	35.61	not required	
THIV ft/s (m/s)		18.04 (5.50)	18.60 (5.67)	not required	
PHD g's		6.54	6.53	not required	
ASI		0.44	0.43	not required	

¹⁻ Positive value corresponds to initial redirection and negative value corresponds to the second redirection of vehicle back into system

5.7 Load Cells and String Potentiometer

The pertinent data from the load cells and string potentiometer was extracted from the bulk signal and analyzed using the transducers' calibration factors. The maximum displacement of the upstream anchor was recorded as 0.16 in. (4 mm). A summary of the maximum cable loads can be found Table 8. The recorded data and analyzed results are detailed in Appendix F. The exact moment of impact could not be determined from the transducer data as impact may have occurred a few milliseconds prior to observing a measurable signal in the electronic data. Thus, the extracted data curves should not be taken as a precise time after impact, but rather a general timeline between events within the data curve itself.

Table 8. Maximum Cable Loads, Test No. MWP-8

Cable Location	Sensor Location	Maximum Cable Load kips (kN)	Time (sec)
Combined Cable Load	Upstream of Impact	33.28 (148.04)	0.1909
Cable No. 4	Upstream of Impact	11.79 (52.44)	1.3203
Cable No. 3	Upstream of Impact	9.43 (41.95)	2.3909
Cable No. 2	Upstream of Impact	16.53 (73.53)	0.2734
Cable No. 1	Upstream of Impact	9.86 (43.86)	0.1096

5.8 Discussion

The analysis of the test results for test no. MWP-8 showed that the high-tension, four-cable median barrier adequately contained and redirected the 1100C vehicle with controlled lateral displacements of the barrier. The test vehicle did not penetrate or ride over the barrier, and remained upright during and after the collision. Vehicle roll, pitch, and yaw angular displacements, as shown in Appendix E, were deemed acceptable because they did not adversely influence occupant risk safety criteria nor cause rollover. After impact, the vehicle was captured and retained within the system, so there was no exit information. As the vehicle overrode the system posts, the posts tore the floorpan in two locations. The tears indicated that the free end of a post penetrated into the occupant compartment. Additional analysis and discussion of the floorpan tearing will be provided in the following chapter. Therefore, test no. MWP-8, conducted on the four-cable median barrier, was determined to be unacceptable according to the MASH safety performance criteria for test designation no. 3-10.

MASH

Limit

 ± 40

(12.2)

+40

(12.2)

 ± 20.49

 ± 20.49

±75

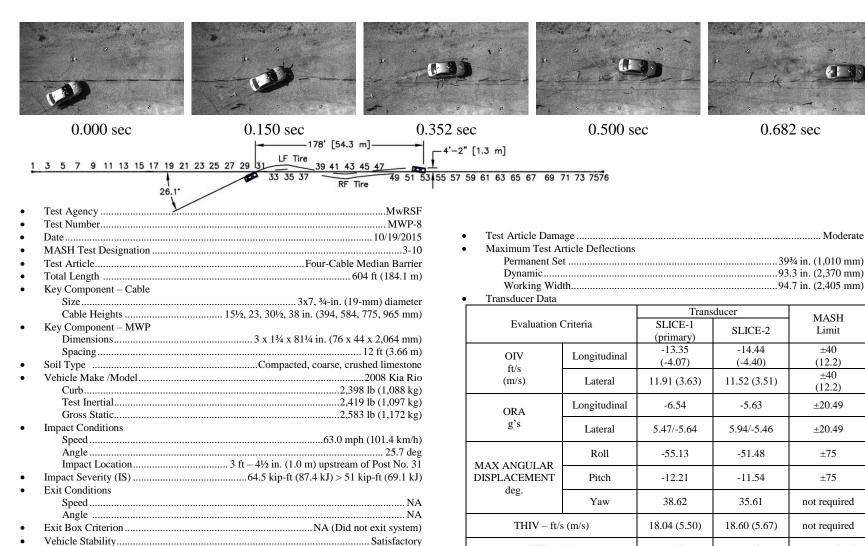
±75

not required

not required

not required

not required



PHD - g's

ASI

6.54

0.44

6.53

0.43

Figure 38. Summary of Test Results and Sequential Photographs, Test No. MWP-8

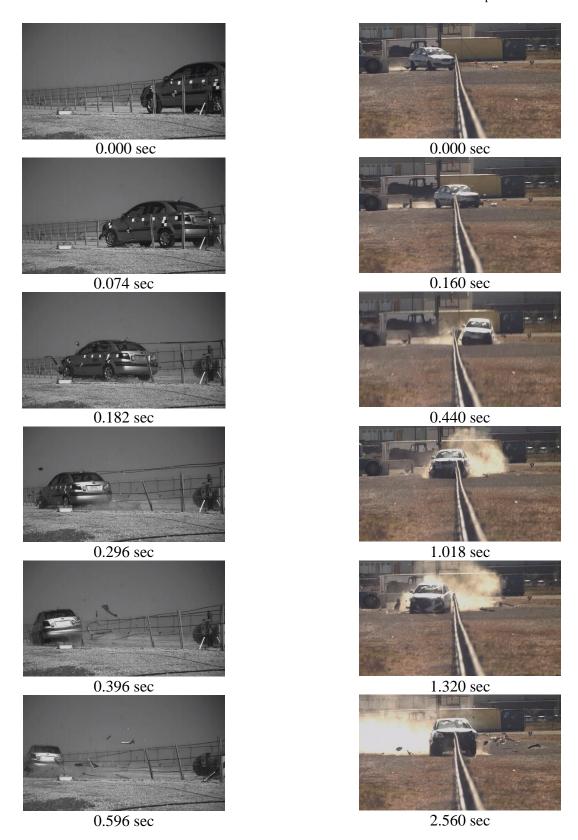


Figure 39. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. MWP-8

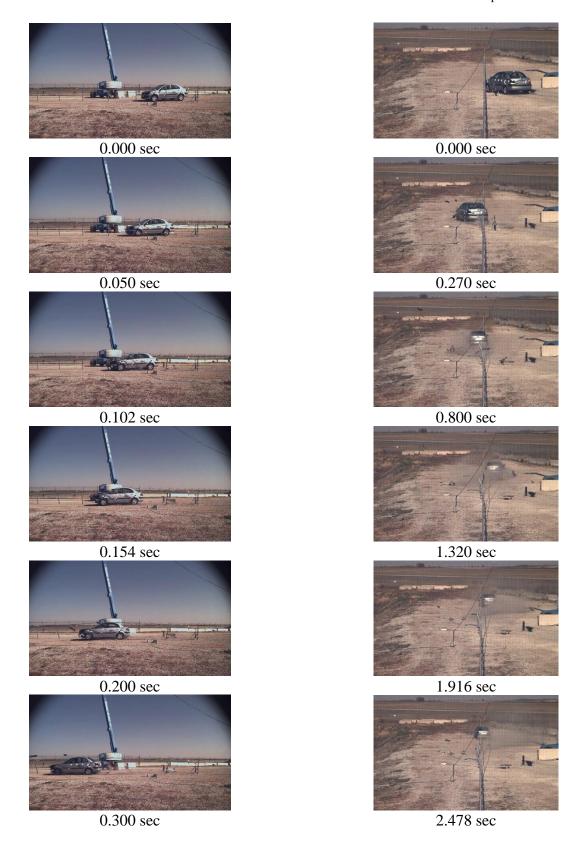


Figure 40. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. MWP-8

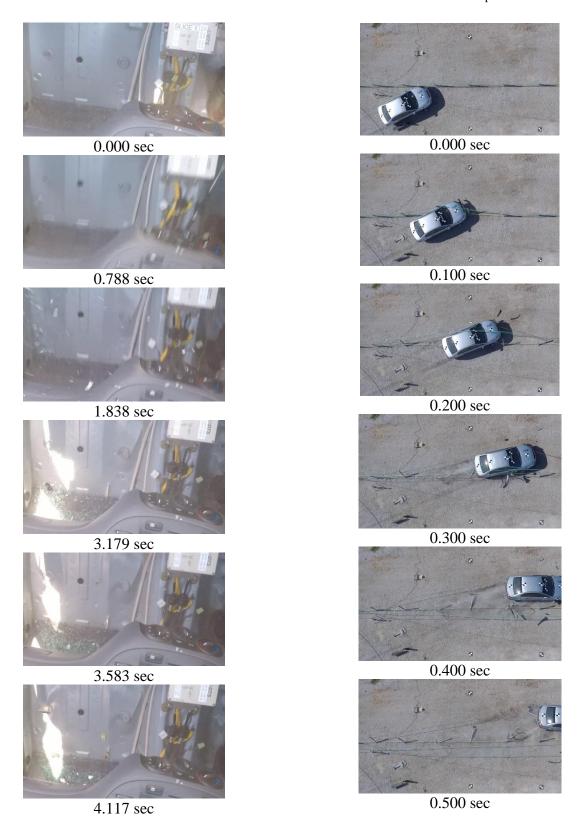


Figure 41. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 42. Documentary Photographs, Test No. MWP-8

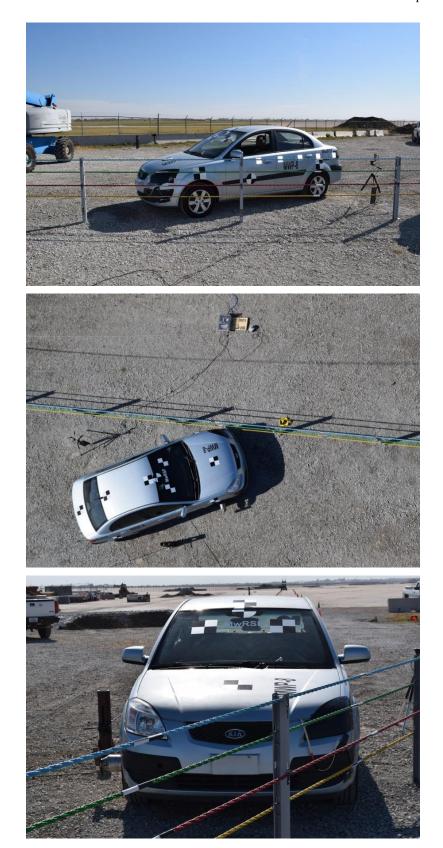


Figure 43. Impact Location, Test No. MWP-8





Figure 44. Vehicle Final Position and Trajectory Marks, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 45. System Damage, Test No. MWP-8

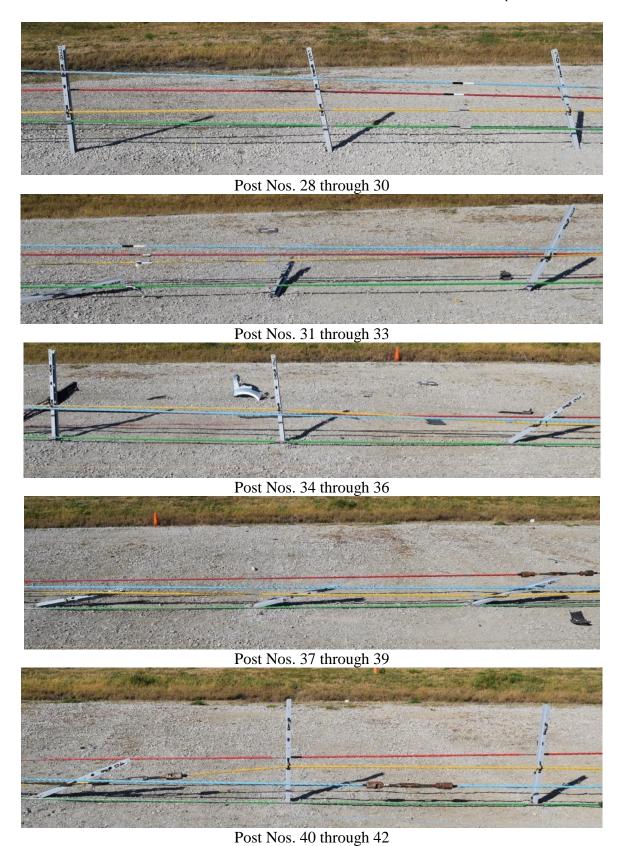
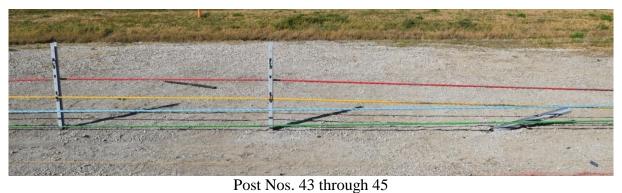


Figure 46. Post Damage, Test No. MWP-8





Post Nos. 46 through 48



Post Nos. 49 through 51



Post Nos. 51 through 53

Figure 47. Post Damage Continued, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 48. Post No. 29 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 49. Post No. 30 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 50. Post No. 31 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 51. Post No. 32 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 52. Post No. 33 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 53. Post No. 34 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 54. Post No. 35 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 55. Post No. 36 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

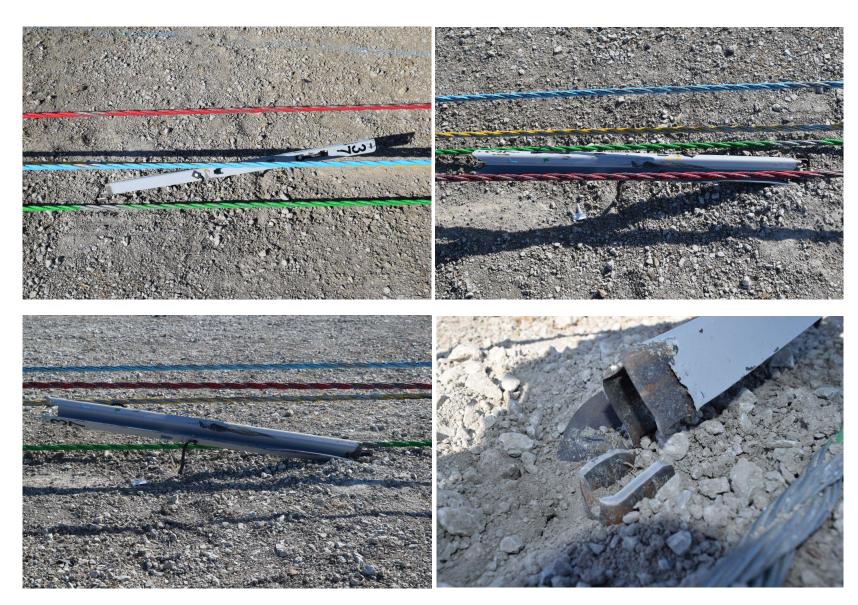


Figure 56. Post No. 37 Damage, Test No. MWP-8





Figure 57. Post No. 38 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 58. Post No. 39 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

Figure 59. Post No. 40 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 60. Post No. 41 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

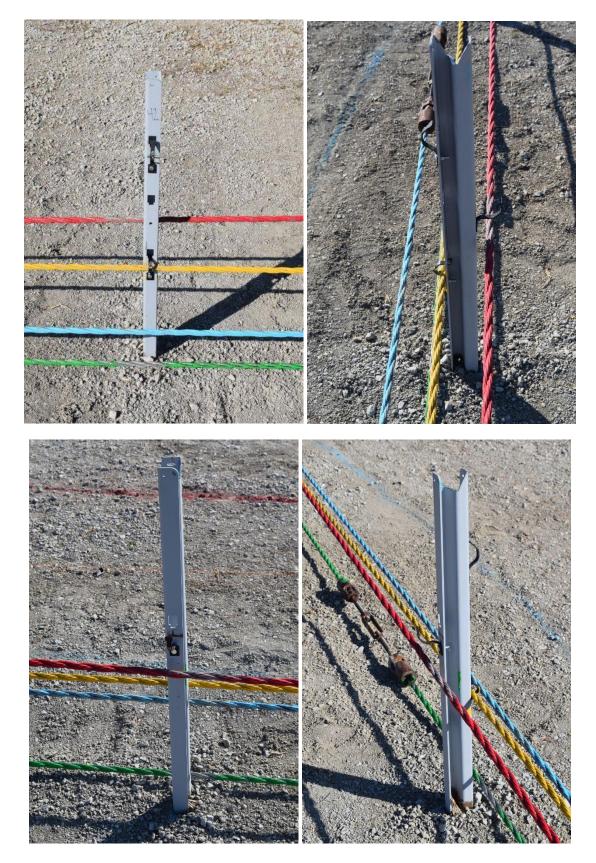


Figure 61. Post No. 42 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

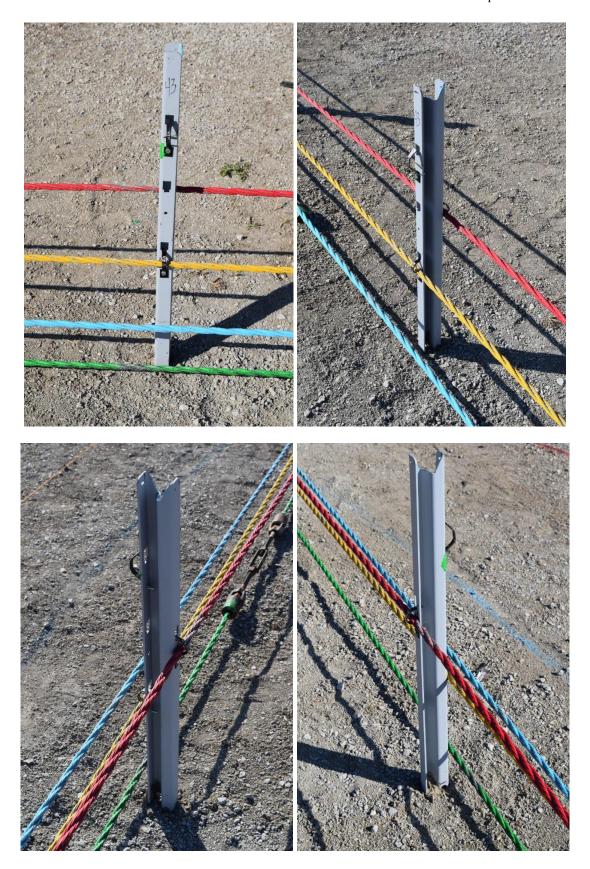


Figure 62. Post No. 43 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

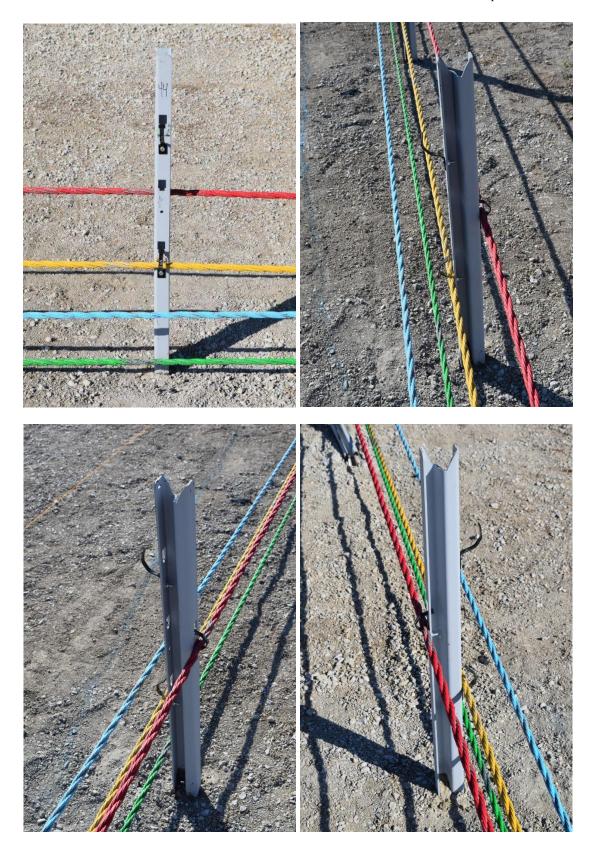


Figure 63. Post No. 44 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 64. Post No. 45 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 65. Post No. 46 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 66. Post No. 47 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

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Figure 67. Post No. 48 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

Figure 68. Post No. 49 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



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Figure 69. Post No. 50 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 70. Post No. 51 Damage, Test No. MWP-8







Figure 71. Post No. 52 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

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Figure 72. Post No. 53 Damage, Test No. MWP-8



Figure 73. Anchorage Damage, Test No. MWP-8











Figure 74. Vehicle Damage, Test No. MWP-8

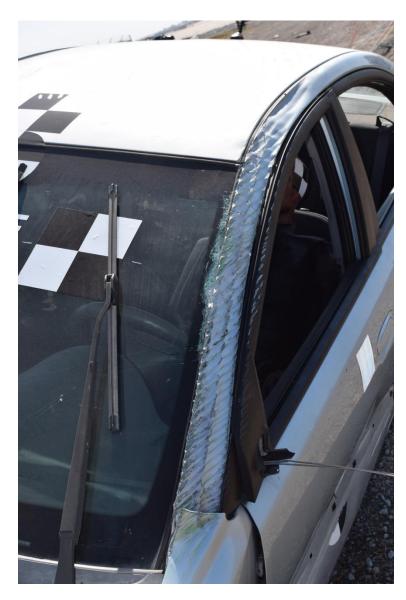
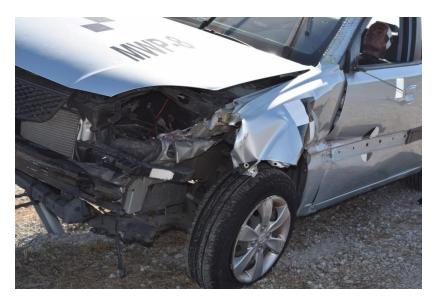
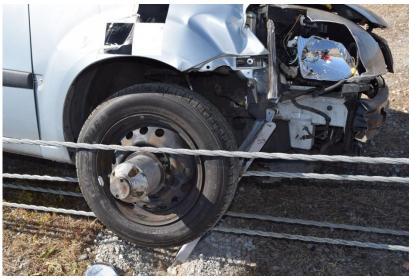


Figure 75. Vehicle Damage, Test No. MWP-8





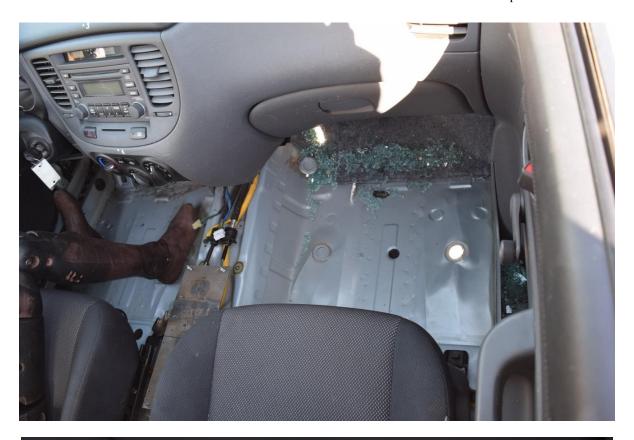




Figure 76. Floorpan Damage, Test No. MWP-8

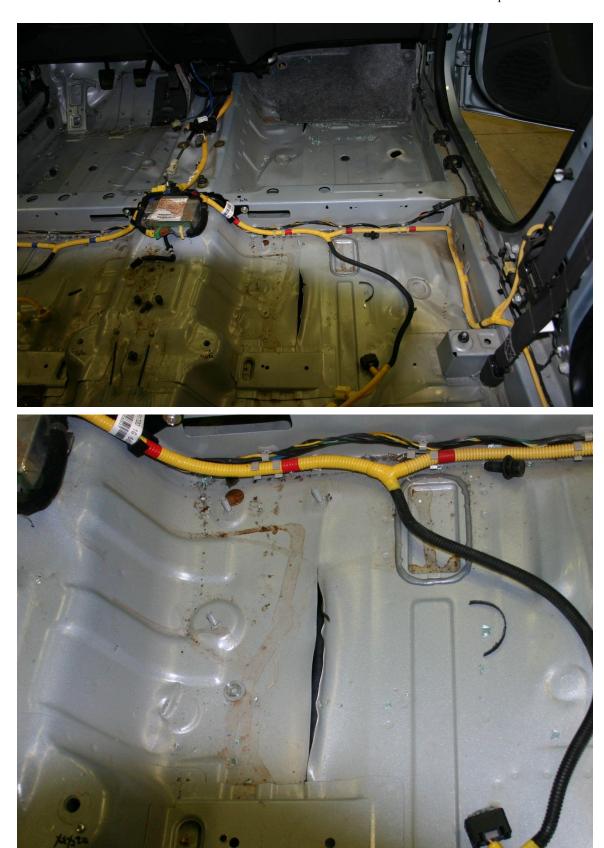


Figure 77. Floorpan Tearing, Test No. MWP-8

6 ANALYSIS OF FLOORPAN TEARING IN TEST NO. MWP-8

As mentioned previously, floorpan tearing occurred on the right side of the floorpan of the vehicle utilized in test no. MWP-8. Photographs of the floorpan damage can be seen in Figures 76 and 77. Although the occupant compartment deformations were within the bounds established in MASH, the occupant compartment penetration was unacceptable. Therefore, an investigation was conducted to determine which post(s) caused the penetration as well as the causes of the penetration.

To determine which post(s) caused the floorpan tearing, two analysis methods were used, the first of which relied on video analysis to determine the times at which the posts came into contact with the floorpan of the vehicle. By utilizing an onboard GoPro camera focused on the floorpan of the vehicle, it was observed that the floorpan tearing occurred near the end of the impact event, at approximately 3.2 seconds after impact. Additionally, floorpan deformations could be seen corresponding to individual posts contacting the undercarriage of the vehicle. These results were then compared to the other camera views of the test to determine which posts were impacted at those respective times. The times in which post impacted the floorpan are shown in Table 9. From this analysis, it was determined that post no. 50 caused the floorpan tearing, and contact with post nos. 51 and 52 resulted in significant floorpan deformations.

Table 9. Post and Floorpan Impact Events, Test No. MWP-8

Time (s)	Event
3.2	Impact with post #50, tearing occurred
3.6	Impact with post #51
4.0	Impact with post #52

In addition, contact marks and damage on post nos. 47 through 52 were reviewed. During this review, heavy damage was found on the upper free edge of post no. 50, as shown in Figure 78. This further reinforced the conclusions of the original investigation that the floorpan tears were caused by post no. 50.

A second analysis method was utilized to ensure the validity of the floorpan tearing findings. To accomplish this, the 10-ms average longitudinal deceleration data from the SLICE-1 and SLICE-2 accelerometers were analyzed to determine the times when acceleration spikes occurred, as these would indicate an impact with a post. These times were then compared with the events occurring in the high-speed test videos to determine the post impacts that corresponded with the acceleration changes. The results of this analysis are shown in Table 10. Note, limited camera views were available in which the vehicle could be observed so late in the impact event. Thus, only a few of the impacts to individual posts could be determined from video analysis.



Figure 78. Post No. 50 Damage, Test No. MWP-8

Impacted Post No.	Impact Time from High- Speed Video	Impact Time from Accelerometer
Post no. 45	1.86	1.84
Post no. 46	2.00	1.98
Post no. 47	-	2.17
Post no. 48	2.42	2.41
Post no. 49	1	2.66
Post no. 50	1	2.93
Post no. 51	1	3.26
Post no. 52	-	3.59
Post no. 53	-	4.07

The results of both analysis methods correlated reasonably well with one another. As expected, the accelerometer data recorded post impacts prior to the video showing posts contacting the floorpan. The acceleration spikes were associated with the front of the vehicle impacting the posts, while the floorpan deformations and/or tearing occurred after the vehicle overrode the post.

Combining the video and accelerometer analyses allowed for the floorpan damage from each individual post to be identified. Deformations to the floorpan caused by post nos. 45 through 49 was minimal. However, significant localized deformations occurred as the vehicle overrode post nos. 50 through 52, and the top of post no. 50 tore the floorpan in two locations. The difference in the behavior of these two sets of posts as the vehicle overrode them can be explained by the extent in which the posts were bent over. Post nos. 45 through 49 were bent to a nearly 90 degree angle and resulted in the top of the post being close to the ground. Post nos. 50 through 52 were not bent as severely and the tops of these posts were higher above the ground, as shown in Figure 79.

Partial tearing was observed at groundline on each of the posts in this region of the barrier system. The weakening holes had performed correctly and initiated tearing in the upstream webs of each post. Thus, the resistance to bending deformations observed in post nos. 50 through 52 could not be explained by differing post strengths or inconsistent activation of the weakening mechanism in the posts.

The difference in behavior between these groups of posts was determined to be linked to the cable release, or lack thereof, of the cable-to-post attachment brackets on cable no. 3. The upper tabs of the brackets on post nos. 47 through 49 were pulled out of the keyways in the posts and allowed cable no. 3 to disengage from the post. However, the brackets attaching cable no. 3 to post nos. 50 through 52 did not release as intended. The brackets remained attached to the post and held cable no. 3 in place. Cable no. 3 then applied a vertical force to each of these three posts that prevented them from completely bending over and resulted in excessive contact between the top of the posts and the vehicle floorpan.



Figure 79. Post Deformation Difference – Post Nos. 48 Through 52, Test No. MWP-8

At the time of impact with post nos. 50 through 52, the vehicle was traveling very near to parallel with the system. Thus, the posts were pushed almost directly downstream as they were pushed and bent over. This motion cause the bracket to twist within the keyway as the cable resisted the displacement. The edges of the bracket tabs were then jammed against the side of the keyway and prevented the bracket from releasing the cable. This behavior is shown in Figure 80. Note, after the test, cable no. 3 was found disengaged from post no. 50. However, the bracket had fractured through its neck instead of releasing through the keyway as the cable brackets had on post nos. 47 through 49. This outcome indicated that the bracket had not released as intended, but it was instead twisted on the post and only fractured after high loading was applied through the cable to the bracket.

This bracket twisting was also observed in the brackets attaching cable no. 1 to nearly all of the posts between post nos. 47 and 52. However, since cable no. 1 is the bottom cable on the system and is so low to the ground, minimal vertical forces would be applied through cable no. 1 if it remains engaged with the post. Therefore, the failure of the brackets to release cable no. 3 were thought to provide a much greater vertical force to the posts which resisted post deformations.



Figure 80. Cable Mounting Bracket Twisting – Post Nos. 51 and 52, Test No. MWP-8

7 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The objective of this study was to continue to test and evaluate the prototype high-tension, four-cable, median barrier system according to the MASH 2016 TL-3 safety criteria using the testing matrix for cable barrier systems installed within 6H:1V median V-ditches. One full-scale test was conducted on the system and is reported herein.

Test no. MWP-8, conducted in accordance with MASH test no. 3-10, involved a 1100C small car impacting the four-cable median barrier system with 8-ft (2.4-m) post spacing on level terrain. Test no. MWP-8 utilized modified MWP posts with rounded top edges and ¾-in. (19-mm) diameter weakening holes at the groundline. The rounded edge removed sharp corners at the top of the post and the weakening holes reduced the weak-axis capacity of the post to lower the forces exerted by the post on the floorpan and reduce the likelihood of occupant compartment penetration. During test no. MWP-8, the 2,419-lb (1,097-kg) car impacted the four-cable median barrier at a speed of 63.0 mph (101.4 km/h) and at an angle of 25.7 degrees, which resulted in an impact severity of 64.5 kip-ft (87.4 kJ).

Analysis of the test results showed that the system adequately contained and redirected the 1100C vehicle with controlled lateral displacements of the barrier. There were no detached elements or fragments that neither showed potential for penetrating the occupant compartment nor presented undue hazard to other traffic. The test vehicle did not penetrate nor ride over the barrier and remained upright during and after the collision. Vehicle roll, pitch, and yaw angular displacements, as shown in Appendix E, were deemed acceptable because they did not adversely influence occupant risk safety criteria nor cause rollover. However, the floorpan was torn in two locations resulting from contact with the top edge of post no. 50. Therefore, test no. MWP-8 was determined to be unacceptable according to the MASH safety performance criteria for test designation no. 3-10. A summary of the test results is shown in Table 11.

As a result of the unsuccessful 1100C crash test, the prototype high-tension, four-cable, median barrier system will need to be further redesigned to prevent penetration of the occupant compartment observed in test no. MWP-8. Possible design changes may include, but are not limited to, alternative post spacings, reduction of weak-axis post strength at the ground line, further treatment of the post edges, redesign of the cable-to-post attachment bracket, and changes to post geometry. After the cable barrier system has been redesigned, it will need to be re-evaluated according to MASH test designation no. 3-10 criteria before proceeding with remaining tests listed within the recommended testing matrix for cable barriers installed within median V-ditches. Depending on the nature of the design changes, it may be necessary to evaluate whether prior successful crash tests need to be rerun.

Table 11. Summary of Safety Performance Evaluation, Test No. MWP-8

Evaluation Factors		Evalua	ntion Criteria		Test No. MWP-8			
Structural Adequacy	A.	controlled stop; the vehicle show	Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.					
	D.	Detached elements, fragments or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone. Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH.						
	F.	The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.						
Occupant	Н.	H. Occupant Impact Velocity (OIV) (see Appendix A, Section A5.3 of MASH for calculation procedure) should satisfy the following limits:						
Risk					Occupant	Impact Velocity Limits		S
		Component	Preferred	Maximum				
		Longitudinal and Lateral	30 ft/s (9.1 m/s)	40 ft/s (12.2 m/s)				
	I.	I. The Occupant Ridedown Acceleration (ORA) (see Appendix A, Section A5.3 of MASH for calculation procedure) should satisfy the following limits:						
		Occupant Rid	edown Acceleration Limit	ts	S			
		Component	Preferred	Maximum				
		Longitudinal and Lateral	15.0 g's	20.49 g's				
		MASH Test Des	signation		3-10			
		Final Evaluation (F	Pass or Fail)		Fail			

 $S-Satisfactory \qquad U-Unsatisfactory \qquad NA-Not\ Applicable$

8 REFERENCES

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- 2. *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH)*, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), Washington, D.C., 2016.
- 3. Kohtz, J.E., Bielenberg, R.W., Rosenbaugh, S.K., Faller, R.K., Lechtenberg, K.A., and Reid, J.D., *MASH Test Nos. 3-11 and 3-10 on a Non-Proprietary Cable Median Barrier*, Report to the Midwest States Regional Pooled Fund Program, Transportation Research Report No. TRP-03-327-16, Midwest Roadside Safety Facility, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, Nebraska, January 21, 2016.
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- 7. Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), *Instrumentation for Impact Test Part 1 Electronic Instrumentation*, SAE J211/1 MAR95, New York City, NY, July, 2007.
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- 9. Collision Deformation Classification Recommended Practice J224 March 1980, Handbook Volume 4, Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), Warrendale, Pennsylvania, 1985.

9 APPENDICES

Appendix A. Material Specifications

Table A-1. Bill of Materials, Test No. MWP-8

Item No.	Description	Material Specification	References
a1	Cable Anchor Base Plate	ASTM A36	N/A
a2	Exterior Cable Plate Gusset	ASTM A36	N/A
a3	Interior Cable Plate Gusset	ASTM A36	N/A
a4	Anchor Bracket Plate	ASTM A36	N/A
a5	3/16" [5] Dia. Brass Keeper Rod, 14" [356] long	Brass	H#05543-1
a6	Release Gusset	A36 Steel	N/A
a7	Release Lever Plate	A36 Steel	N/A
a8	1.25x1.25x0.1875" [32x32x5] TS CT Kicker Lever Tube	ASTM A500 Gr. B	N/A
a9	CMB High Tension Anchor Plate Washer	ASTM A36	H#64047117
a10	1.25x1.25x0.1875" [32x32x5] TS CT Kicker Lever Connecting Tube	ASTM A 500 Gr. B	N/A
a11	3x10x0.5" [76x254x13] Kicker Plate	ASTM A36	N/A
a12	CT kicker - gusset	ASTM A36	N/A
a13	3/4" [19] Dia. Flat Washer	ASTM F844	PFC COC R#14-0082
a14	3/4" [19] Dia. UNC J-Hook Anchor and Heavy Hex Nut	J-Hook ASTM A449/Nut ASTM A563 DH	BOLT:H#11618020 NUT:Item#DHHNO75CG Lot#170277 H#1F543
a15	1/4" [6] Dia. Aircraft Retaining Cable, 36" [914] long	7x19 Galv.	N/A
a16	5/8" [16] Dia. Heavy Hex Nut	ASTM A563C	R#14-0343 COC
a17	5/8" [16] Dia. UNC, 9 1/2" [241] Long Hex Bolt	ASTM A449 or SAE J429 Gr. 5	Lot No. 490-454-94
a18	24" [610] Dia. Concrete Anchor,	4,000 psi f'c	R#14-0353 T#4156617

	120" [3048] long		
a19	#11 Straight Rebar, 114" [2896] long	Grade 60	H#M652732
a20	#4 Anchor Hoop Rebar with 21" [533] Dia.	Grade 60	H#534073
b1	S3x5.7 [S76x8.5] Post by 28 1/8" [714]	ASTM A572 GR50-07, ASTM A709 GR50-09A, ASTM A992-06A	R#15-0500 H#59058160
b2	S3x5.7 [S76x8.5] Post by 19" [483]	ASTM A572 GR50-07, ASTM A709 GR50-09A, ASTM A992-06A	R#15-0500 H#59058160
b3	#3 Straight Rebar, 43" [1092] long	Grade 60	H#22526780
b4	#3 Hoop Rebar, 7 1/4" [184]	Grade 60	H#537484
b5	2nd Post Keeper Plate, 28 Gauge	ASTM A36	N/A
b6	3/4" [19] Dia. UNC, 5 1/2" [140] Long Hex Bolt and Nut	Bolt ASTM A307 Gr. A/Nut ASTM A563A	Structural Bolt Distributor's Affidavit R#14-0343
b7	1/2" [13] Dia. Washer with 1 1/16" [27] OD	ASTM F844	R#14-0106 H#A32336 BL#195624
b8	1/2" [13] Dia. UNC, 2" [51] long Hex Bolt and Nut	Bolt ASTM A307 Gr. A/Nut ASTM A563A	Structural Bolt Distributor's Affidavit R#14-0343
b9	4x3x1/4" [102x76x6] Foundation Tube, 48" [1168] long	ASTM A500 Grade B	H#B200931 R#13-0175
b10	2nd Post Cable Hanger (1/2") [13]	ASTM A36	R#15-0500 H#A413247
b11	2nd Post Anchor Aggregate 12 in. Depth	-	N/A
b12	12" Dia. 2nd Post Concrete Anchor, 46" long	4,000 psi f'c	R#14-0353 T#4156617
b13	2nd Post Base Plate (3/8") [10]	ASTM A36	R#15-0500 H# A410722
b14	3/16" [5] Dia. 5 1/4" [133] Long Brass Rod	ASTM B16-00	H#05543-2
c1	3"x1-3/4"x7 Gauge [76x44x4.6], 81 1/4" [2064] Long Midwest Weak Post w/Holes	Hot-Rolled ASTM A1011 HSLA Gr. 50	H#667827 Coil#1131814950 R#14- 0491

c2	12 Gauge Tabbed Bracket - Version 10	Hot-Rolled ASTM A1011 HSLA Grade 50	H#832D32560
c3	5/16" [8] Dia. UNC, 1" [25] Long Hex Cap Screw	Bolt SAE J429 Gr. 5 or ASTM A449	R#16-0105 P#13055 L#3324910004 H#4208029BA
c3	5/16" [8] Nut	Nut ASTM A563 DH	R#16-0105 P#36304 L#S77- 1411-02 H#2QG45
c4	Straight Rod - 3/16" [5] Cable Clip	ASTM B16 Brass C36000 Half Hard (HO2), Round. TS >= 68.0 ksi, YS >= 52.0 ksi	Н#05543-2
d1	3/4" [19] Dia. 3x7 Cable Guiderail	AASHTO M30-92 (2000)/ASTM A741-98 Type 1 Class A coating except with Type 1 min. breaking strength=39 kips [173.5 kN]	H#131499, H#59586/7
d2	7/8" [22] Dia. Hex Nut	ASTM A563C	R#14-0325 H#M643354
d3	Cable End Threaded Rod	ASTM A449	R#14-0325 H#133079
d4	Bennet Cable End Fitter	ASTM A47	H#9Q4 and OP5
	Cable Wedges		R#14-0455 H#BR1 and R#15-0635 H#DA8
d5	7/8" [22] Dia. Hex Nut	SAE J429 Gr. 5	N/A
e1	Bennet Short Threaded Turnbuckle	Not Specified	R#14-0325, COC
e2	Threaded Load Cell Coupler	N/A	N/A
e3	50,000-lb [222.4-kN] Load Cell	N/A	N/A

May 10, 2017 MwRSF Report No. TRP-03-331-17

3/16" Brass Rod MWP supply July 2014 SMT

Certificate of Test

Customer COPPER AND BRASS SALES INC. Invoice No 51 ~ 520413K14

P.O. No SEE BELOW Mill & Country Melting DAECHANG, KOREA No 2014-04-07-080-1 Date 04/07/14 Commodity FREE CUTTING BRASS C36000 H02 (HALF HARD) , 12 FT Spec PER ASTM B 16 & 249, REV. 2010, AMS 4610, ROHS COMPLIANT

Job No.	14-04-		Size		Qua	intity	Temper	Remarks	B/D No.	Mat No.		on Result
P.O. No.					Pieces	Wt., Lbs	-	-	-		Dimension	Surface
5400216061	08966-1	1-1/2"(+/-0.	005) DPS, I	HEXAGON,	S.C., STRES	858	H02	S/RELIEF	30	CUHEX00237	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	13-04-35817-2	1-1/2"(+/-0.	005) DPS, I	HEXAGON,	S.C., STRES	260	H02	S/RELIEF	31	CUHEX00237	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	13-04-32169-1	1/2"(+/-0.00	3) DPS, HE	XAGON, R.	C., STRESS	981	H02	S/RELIEF		CUHEX00063	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	08978-1	5/8"(+/-0.00	04) DPS, HE	XAGON, R.	C., STRESS	917	H02	S/RELIEF		CUHEX00016	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	08979-1	13/16"(+/-0	.004) DPS,	HEXAGON,	R.C., STRE	2,555	H02	S/RELIEF		CUHEX00218	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	08980-1	7/8"(+/-0.00	14) DPS, HE	XAGON, R.	C., STRESS	1,845	H02	S/RELIEF		CUHEX00075	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	10033-1	1"(+/-0.004) DPS, HEX	AGON, R.C.	, STRESS F	915	H02	S/RELIEF		CUHEX00048	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	05540-1	1/8"(+/-0.00	113) DIA, R	OUND, W/P/	ACKING	988	H02			CURD00223	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	13-04-42374-1	9/64"(+/-0.0	013) DIA, F	ROUND, W/F	PACKING	1,001	H02		-	CURD01358	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	05543-1	3/16"(+/-0.0	015) DIA, F	ROUND, W/F	PACKING	1,019	H02			CURD00477	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	08262-1	1/4"(+/-0.00	15) DIA, R	OUND, W/P/	ACKING	4,006	H02			CURD00527	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	08967-1	3/8"(+/-0.00	15) DIA, R	DUND		3,010	H02			CURD00231	GOOD	GOOD
5400216061	08968-1	1/2"(+/-0.00	15) DIA, R	DUND		1,980	H02			CURD00895	GOOD	GOOD
5400216062	08969-1	9/16"(+/-0.0	002) DIA, R	OUND		959	H02			CURD00116	GOOD	GOOD
5400216062	13-04-32223-1	5/8"(+/-0.01	02) DIA, RO	UND		990	H02			CURD00462	GOOD	GOOD
Chemical/Physical	Element	Си	Pb	Fe	-	-	Zn	S/C		Y.S., Ksi	EL, %	HRB
Composition, %	Spec	60 - 63	2.5 - 3.0	0.35 max	-	-	Rem.	Ammonia				
5400216061	08966-1	60.4255				-	Rem.	GOOD	54			
5400216061	13-04-35817-2	60.5177	2.6157			-	Rem.	GOOD	53			
5400216061	13-04-32169-1	60.2242				-	Rem.	GOOD	63	53		
5400216061	08978-1	60.1911	2.8223	0.1398	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	61	46	23.0	72.4
5400216061	08979-1	60.9497	2.6670	0.1594	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	58		32.2	66.8
5400216061	08980-1	60.9497	2.6670	0.1594	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	58	40	34.0	67.6
5400216061	10033-1	60.2031	2.7522	0.1549	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	55	34	35.8	61.3
5400216061	05540-1	60,3935	2.8639	0.1057	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	73		9.6	86.0
5400216061	13-04-42374-1	60.5364	2.7259	0.1902	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	74	68	7.4	86.1
5400216061	05543-1	60.5388	2.7248	0.1118	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	76	64	8.9	88.6
5400216061	08262-1	60.5598	2.6363	0.1245	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	75	57	8.3	77.9
5400216061	08967-1	60.8321	2,6453	0.1590	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	64	54	13.9	75.3
5400216061	08968-1	60.2564	2.7579	0.1531		-	Rem.	GOOD	59	45	18.6	77.4
5400216062	08969-1	60.9497	2.6670	0.1594	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	62	43	23.0	72.9
5400216062	13-04-32223-1	60.3676	2.7201	0.1832	-	-	Rem.	GOOD	61	50	27.6	73.3

Lloyds Pacific International, Inc.

<u>, </u>										, ,		
GO GERDAU	CUSTOMER SHIP STATE STEEL 13433 CENTEC	SUPPLY CO INC	CUSTOMER	BILL TO EEL SUPPLY			GRADE A36		APE/SIZE		1 UGC 11 1	
US-ML-WILTON 1500-2500 WEST 3RD STREET	OMAHA,NE 68 USA	138-3492	USA	Y,IA 51102-3			LENGTH 20'00"		WEIGHT 34,272 LB		T/BATCH 47117/02	
WILTON, IA 52778 USA	SALES ORDER 639595/000050			MER MATER	IAL N°		SPECIFICATION / 1-ASTM A6/A6M-11 2-A36/A36M-08 3-A709-11	DATE or REVI	NOIS			
CUSTOMER PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER P31 101SW251		BILL OF LADD 1334-000000754		DATE 11/05/2013			4-AASHTO M279-11					
CHEMICAL COMPOSITION C Mn P P 0.18 0.56 0.007	§ 0.036	Şi 0.18	Qu 0.27 0	№ 0.08	Çr 0.11	Mo 0.02	3 0.000	Nb 0.001	0.000	Pb % 0.0003		
CHEMICAL COMPOSITION St 0.010												
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES Elong. G	7. ch 000	UTS PSI 66800 67600	9	UTS MPa 461 466			YS PSI 43700 44100		YS MPa 301 304			
GEOMETRIC CHARACTERISTICS R:R 20.52												
COMMENTS / NOTES												
4CMB Cable Anchor	Plate W	lasher										
		W.										
<u> </u>					 .			*P31101	SW25105*			
							*	54047117*				
The above figures are or the USA. CMTR compl.	es with EN 1020	nd physical test red 4 3.1. ASKAR YALAMANCHI ALITY DIRECTOR		the permanen	t records of com	pany. T	his material, includir	Part Kuse BI				

Figure A-2. CMB High Tension Anchor Plate Washer, Test No. MWP-8

Low Deflection Washers R#14-0082 3/4" AND 1" Washers



Porteous Fastener Company

BOLTS NUTS SCREWS WASHERS

CORPORATE OFFICE

1040 Watson Center Road, Carson, CA 90745 (310) 549-9180 Fax (310) 835-0415

www.porteousfastener.com

February 7, 2013

Attn: Chris

The Structural Bolt

Dear: Chris,

You contacted our Denver office and requested that I write to you concerning specifications under which we purchase our USS Flat Washers

Firstly, our products are purchased to specifications where applicable. Our Purchase Orders clearly state that each product supplied to Porteous Fastener Company is to meet the proper specification as referenced in the Industrial Fastener Institute manual for that product when such specifications exist.

(ANSI B18.22.1 and ASTM F844. All HDG plating shall be done per ASTM A153)

Secondly, we require certifications from our suppliers of all products Grade 5 or better: A325 Structural Bolts, Grade 5 Hex Cap Screws, Grade 8 Hex Cap Screws, ASTM A194 2H Hvy, Hex Nuts, F436 Structural Washers, Grade 8 Finished Hex Nuts, ASTM A193 Grade B7 Threaded Rod, SAE Hi Nuts and Grade C Hex Locknuts. These certifications are on file at Porteous corporate office and copies of same are available to our customers.

We trust that you can be confident, as we are, that the product furnished to you meets specifications.

Please let me know if we can be of further service.

Sincerely, Herbert Recinos Inventory Control Cc: Mike Hall – Denver

Figure A-3. ¾-in (19-mm) Dia. Flat Washer, Test No. MWP-8

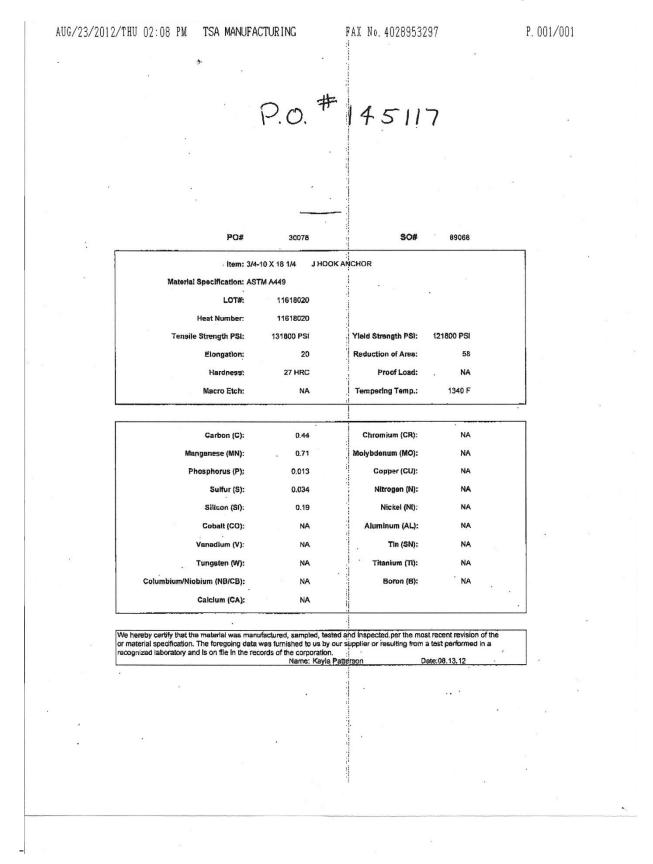


Figure A-4. J-Hook Anchor Bolts, Test No. MWP-8

TEST	CERTIFICA	TE
Purebaser:撤邑解林工廉股份有	限公司	
Order NO : PO# P170277	Inspecti	on date:9/()8/2085
S/C NO : PI# 050594-T37	Tasue	date:09/20/2005
LOT NO -EVO		
Size: %-10 ASTM A563 Grade DH Marked "DH" + Makers Sign	Heavy Hex Nuts - Hot + "01GO"	Dip Galvanized O/S: 0.50MM
Quantity :54,900PCS 18	OCTNS	
Vessel Name: APL THAILANO	089E	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Material : C-CH40ACR

	Heat NO.	Size Diameter	C 100%	Mn 100%	P 1000%	S 1000%	Si 100%
Ì	1F543	28.00mm	43	81	20	10	_ 5

Dimensional Inspections Specification: ANSI B18.2.2-1987

UNIT: inch Rc. Actual Result Characteristic Specification Ac. Visual appearance. ASTM F812-2002 OK 32 0 Width across flats 1.233~1.224 32 0 1.250-1.212 1.405~1.395 32 0 Width across corners 1.443~1.382 Nata thickness 0.736~0.721 32 0 0.758-0.710 0.683-0.662 0.679-0.670 0 Hole diameter ASME B1.1-2002

Mechanical Properties Specification: ASTM A563-042

Characteristic	Requirement	Result	Ac.	Re.
Hardness	HRC 24~38	HRC30.9-33.0	8	0
Proof Load	Min 50100Lbf	58960Lbf	8	0

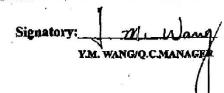


Figure A-5. ¾-in. (19-mm) Dia. Heavy Hex Nut, Test No. MWP-8



Porteous Fastener Company

BOLTS NUTS SCREWS WASHERS

CORPORATE OFFICE 1040 Watson Center Road, Carson, CA 90745 (310) 549-9180 Fax (310) 835-0415 www.portcousfastener.com

May 30, 2013

Attn: Chris Burris

Structural Bolt 2140 Cornhusker Hwy Lincoln NE 68521 Fax: 402-435-3135

Dear: Chris,

You contacted our Denver office concerning specifications under which we purchase our N.C. Gr. 5 Hex Cap Screws.

Firstly, our products are purchased to specification where applicable. Our Purchase Orders clearly state that each product supplied to Porteous Fastener Company is to meet the proper specification as referenced in the Industrial Fastener Institute manual for that product when such specifications exist.

(ASME / ANSI B18.2.1 and SAE J429, GRADE 5.)

Secondly, we require certifications from our suppliers of all products Grade 5 or better: A325 Structural Bolts, Grade 5 Hex Cap Screws, Grade 8 Hex Cap Screws, ASTM A194 2H Hvy, Hex Nuts, F436 Structural Washers, Grade 8 Finished Hex Nuts, ASTM A193 Grade B7 Threaded Rod, SAE Hi Nuts and Grade C Hex Locknuts. These certifications are on file at Porteous corporate office and copies of same are available to our customers.

We trust that you can be confident, as we are, that the product furnished to you meets specifications.

Please let me know if we can be of further service.

Sincerely,

Herbert Recinos Inventory Control

Cc: Carrie-Denver

Certificate of Conformance

Page 1 of 1

Shipment Date: 04/18/2012

KANEBRIDGE CORPORATION CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

Company: HODELL-NATCO IND. 11688 FAIRGROVE IND. BLVD. MARYLAND HEIGHTS, MO 63043 Attn: ONL/DANIEL

P.O. #: 4137087

Sales Order #: 4678123

Shipment #: 3243260

Item Number	Description	Lot No	Cert Re
62152CH50	5/8-11X9 1/2 COAR HEX CAP SCR GR5 ZINC	490-454-94	1
	Origin: CANADA	Mfr: 1110615263157	G

CertRef Certification Description

WE CERTIFY THAT THIS ITEM WAS MANUFACTURED TO SAE J429 SPECIFICATIONS. THE MANUFACTURER'S CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL TEST REPORTS CERTIFYING THIS PART TO SAE J429 ARE ON FILE AND AVAILABLE AT ANY TIME UPON REQUEST. ADDITIONALLY, THEY HAVE NOT COME INTO CONTACT WITH MERCURY WHILE IN OUR POSSESSION.

Signed: RICK SAUL

Title: Certification Department

Claims against Kanebridge Corporation shall be limited to a refund or credit for the price billed or paid for improper merchandise. Seller shall not be responsible for buyer's manufacturing costs, labor, alternate purchases, extra freight, replating, plating, lost profit, good will, recall costs, or other incidental or consequential damages.

http://www.kanebridge.com/kanecofc.asp?InvoiceNo=3243260&PassAllLotInd=Y

2/21/2014

Figure A-7. ⁵/₈-in. (16-mm) Dia. UNC, 9½-in. (241-mm) Long Hex Bolt, Test No. MWP-8

		be avoided bed	fresh (moist)	49		Conc 6200 Corr Lincoln, N	y Mixed rete Com husker Highway, F ebraska 68529 402-434-1844	- Control of the Cont
	X CODE YARDS		DRIVER	DESTINATION	CLASS	TIME	DATE	TICKET
01 CUSTOMER	JOB CL	.00 012 JSTOMER NAME	0	NTE	TAX CODE	PARTIAL	5PM03/21/3 NIGHT R.	LOADS
00003 ELIVERY ADDRES		CIAUNLM	SPECIAL INS	TRUCTIONS	3777	-	P.O. NUMBER	1
4800 N	W 35TH		NORTH	OF GOODYE	AR HANGER		4506250)
LOAD QUANTITY	CUMULATIVE QUANTITY	ORDERED QUANTITY	PRODUCT CODE	PROD	UCT DESCRIPTION		UNIT	AMOUNT
3.00	3.00	3.00	24033000	L4000 TY MINIMUM		4.00	102.39	307.17
				1	7/			The same state of the same state of
	^				//		SUBTOTAL	347.17
TATER ADDED ON T CUSTOMER'S F	1	SAL	RECEIVED BY	15/1			SUBTOTAL TAX TOTAL	347.17
TRUCK 0120 LOAD S 3.00 MATERI G47B L47B CEM3 PROT WATER WATER NON-SI LOAD TOTA SLUNP: 4	USER USER MIX C Vd 240330 AL 209 61 1.22 34. MULATED N L: 11742 lb DSSIGN	ODE	EP TICKET N 11613 (IRED BAT 183 1b 32 1b 33 1b 60 oz 4 1.8 GL .0 gl .1 1 1.7 (Zement: 0.455a JUST WATER: 0.	CCHED 3360 7720 910 > 1.00 0.1 0.0 DRSIGN WATER:	VAR % V/ -23 - -12 - 77 4 0.40 11 -0.7 0	AR %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1	TIME 12:25 03	347.17 347.17 DATE 3/21/2013 LOAD ID 33698 ACTUAL WA 13.48 gl 0.65 gl 90.11 gl
TRUCK 0120 LOAD S 3.00 MATERI G47B L47B CEM3 PROT WATER WATE	USER USER USER MIX C 240330 AL DESIGN 209 90 61 1.2 34 0. MULATED N L: 11742 lb DBSIGR	ODE 00 OTY 0 1b 0 1b 0 1b 0 1b 1 1b 1 1b 1 8 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	EP TICKET N 11613 (IRED BAT 183 1b 32 1b 33 1b 60 oz 4 1.8 GL .0 gl .1 1 1.7 (Zement: 0.455a JUST WATER: 0.	CCHED 3360 7720 910 > 1.00 0.1 0.0 DRSIGN WATER:	VAR % V/ -23 - -12 - 77 4 0.40 11 -0.7 0	AR %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1	TIME 12:25 03 SEO WOISTURE A 1.80 M	347.17 347.17 DATE 3/21/2013 LOAD ID 33698 ACTUAL WA 13.48 gl 0.65 gl 90.11 gl
TRUCK 0120 LOAD S 3.00 MATERI G47B L47B CEM3 PROT WATER	USER USER USER USER AL 240330 DESIGN 209 90 61 1.22 34. 0. MULATED N. 11742 1b DRSIGN .00 "# WATER IN TRU	ODE 00 OTY 0 1b 0 1b 0 1b 0 1b 1 1b 1 1b 1 8 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	EP TICKET N 11613 (IRED BAT 183 1b 32 1b 33 1b 60 oz 4 1.8 GL .0 gl .1 1 1.7 (Zement: 0.455a JUST WATER: 0.	CCHED 3360 7720 910 > 1.00 0.1 0.0 DRSIGN WATER:	VAR % V/ -23 - -12 - 77 4 0.40 11 -0.7 0	AR %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1 %1	TIME 12:25 03 SEO WOISTURE A 1.80 M	347.17 347.17 DATE 3/21/2013 LOAD ID 33698 ACTUAL WA 13.48 gl 0.65 gl 90.11 gl

Figure A-8. Concrete Anchor, Test No. MWP-8

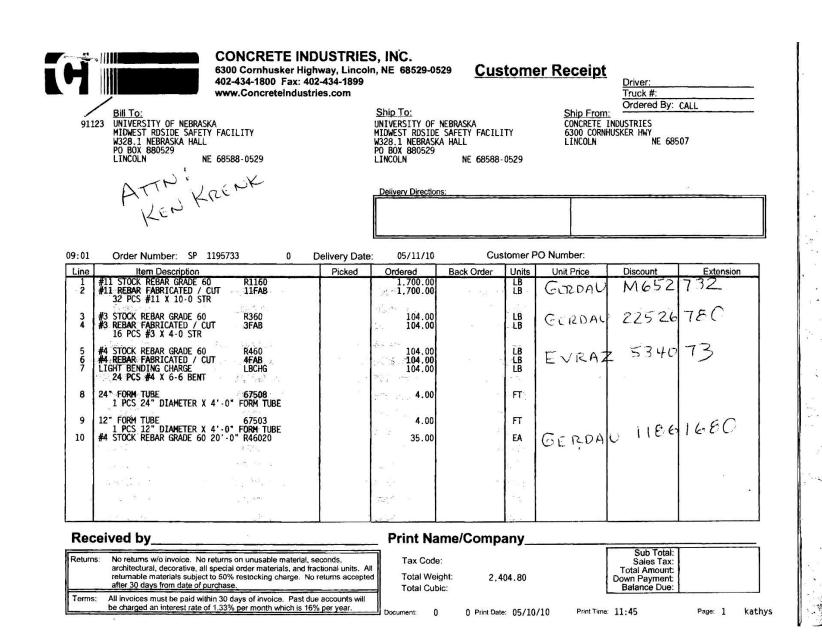


Figure A-9. Rebar for Anchorage, Test No. MWP-8



MATERIAL TEST REPORT

Date Printed: 07-MAY-10

Date Shipped: 07-MAY-10	Product: DEF 13mm	# Specification:	ASTM-A-615M08b GR 420/ASTM-A-706M08a
	FWIP: 52815348	Customer: CONCRETE INDUSTRIES INC	Cust. PO: 82444

Heat						CHEMICAL			ANALYSIS			(Heat cast 05/01/10)				
Number	С	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	Al	v	В	Cb	Sn	N	Ti
534073	0.27	1.26	0.013	0.009	0.24	0.27	0.08	0.13	0.019	0.003	0.038	0.0005	0.000	0.013	0.0083	0.002

				MECHANICAL	PROPERT	IES		
Heat Number	Sample No.		Yield (Psi)	Ultimate (Psi)	Elongation (%)	Reduction (%)	Bend	Wur
534073	01	** ***	67005	98190	15.4		ok	0.663
		(MPa)	462.0	677.0				
534073	02		67313	96890	16.1		ok	0.665
		(MPa)	464.1	668.0				

All melting and manufacturing processes of the material subject to this test certificate occurred in the United States of America.

ERMS also certifies this material to be free from Mercury contamination.

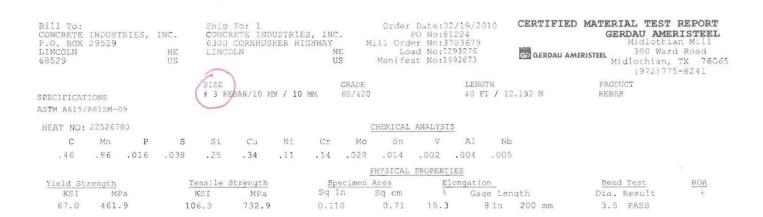
This material has been produced and tested in accordance with the requirements of the applicable specifications. We hereby certify that the above test results represent those contained in the records of the Company.

Mark & Lypaner

Quality Assurance Department

GÐ GER	DAU	CUSTOMER S STEEL & PIF 1003 FORT C	E SUPPLY CO INC	CUSTO	OMER BILL TO L & PIPE SUPPL	Y CO INC		GRADE A36/A57250		APE / SIZE dard I-Beam / 3 X	Page 1 5.7# / 75 X 8.5	71
S-ML-MIDLOTHIAN 00 WARD ROAD			K 74015-3033	MANI	HATTAN,KS 665	05-1688		LENGTH 40'00"		WEIGHT 8,208 LB	HEAT / BATCH 59058160/03	i
IDLOTHIAN, TX 76065 SA		SALES ORD 812105/00002			USTOMER MATE 0000000003535704			SPECIFICATION / D A36/A36M-08 A572/A572M-07	ATE or REVI	SION		
CUSTOMER PURCHASE ORD 500221191	ER NUMBER		BILL OF LADIA 1327-000009996		DATE 04/02/201	4		ASTM A6/A6M-11				
CHEMICAL COMPOSITION C Mn 0.09 0.79	P _% 0.014	§ 0.026	Si 0.20	Çu 0.36	Ni 20 0.11	Çr 0.06	Mo % 0.02	o Şn 27 0.009	% 0.001	Nb % 0.011	Al 0.003	
CHEMICAL COMPOSITION CEGVA6 0.3												
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES YS KSI 53.4 55.3	UT K: 69 67	.5	YS MPa 382 368		UTS MPa 468 479			G/L Inch 8.000 8.000		G/L mm 200.0 200.0		
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES Elong. 23.20 23.60	Y/T 0.7 0.7	86										
OMMENTS / NOTES			7/	4 Cab	le MWP	6-2pa	art	Posts				
				R#15-								
				April	2015	SMT						
The above the USA.	e figures are cert	ified chemical a	nd physical test records.1.	ds as contained	d in the permanent	records of com	pany. Thi	is material, including t	he billets, was	melted and manufa	ctured in	_
	hacke		SKAR YALAMANCHILI					Jon Lidan	TON QUA	HARRINGTON		

Figure A-12. S3x5.7-in. (S76x8.5-mm) Post by $28\frac{1}{8}$ in. (714 mm) and S3x5.7-in. (S76x8.5-mm) Post by 19 in. (483 mm), Test No. MWP-8



All manufacturing processes of this product, including electric arc MELTING and continuous CASTING, occurred in the J.J.A. CMTR complies with EN 10204 3.1

"I hereby certify that the contents of this report are correct and accurate. All tests and operations performed by this material manufacturer or its sub-contractors, when applicable, are in compliance with the requirements of the material specifications and applicable purchaser designated requirements."

Signed: Date:Mar. 51, 2010 Signed: Date:
Tom L. Harrington: Quality Assurance Manager Notary Public (If applicable)
Page: 1 of

Figure A-13. #3 Rebar for Anchorage, Test No. MWP-8



MATERIAL TEST REPORT

Date Printed: 16-DEC-10

Quality Assurance Department

Date Shi	Shipped: 16–DEC–10 Product: DI FWIP: 52815347					DEF 10mm Specification: AST Customer: CONCRETE INDUSTRIES INC						tion: ASTM-A	STM-A-615M09b GR 420/ ASTM-A-706M09l Cust. PO: 86205			
Heat										LYS				1 09/27/10)		
Number	С	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	Al	V	В	Cb	Sn	N	Ti
537484	0.26 Carbon Equi	1.24 valent :	0.015 = 0.487	0.007	0.24	0.25	0.08	0.14	0.013	0.004	0.037	0.0006	0.000	0.013	0.0081	0.002
los vec	Ly.				. 1	A E C H	A,N I	CA	LPR	OPEI	RTI	E.S	į,			4
Heat Number	Sample No.			Yield (Psi)		Hren Number	Ultima (Psi)			Elongation (%)		Reducti (%)		nute Bend		Wt/ft
537484	01			68260		137384	9890	0		17.3		3115		OK OK		0.070
37484	01	-	MPa)	68260 470.6		100000	681.			17.5		3 3		OK OK		0.372
537484	02		(MPa)	66012 455.1		337484	9604 662.	0		16.5		1771).		OK		0.372
				the material sub	ject to thi	s										
	icate occurred so certifies this			of America. from Mercury co	ontaminat	ion.										
	*			n accordance w		tha					11	Parkt &	upan	w		
requireme	ents of the appl t results repres		• 0411 (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460) (0.460)	s. We hereby ce												

Figure A-14. #3 Hoop Rebar, 71/4 in. (184 mm), Test No. MWP-8

SUPERIOR WASHER AND GASKET CORP.

170 Adams Avenue
Hauppauge, New York 11788
Phone: (631) 273-8282
Fax: (631) 273-8088
E-Mail: swg@superiorwasher.com
Web: superiorwasher.com
(In the East)

SUPERIOR WASHER AND GASKET CORP.

GR WASHER AND GASKET
662 Bryant Blvd.
Rock Hill, South Carolina 29732
Phone: (803) 366-3250
Fax: (803) 366-3511
E-Mail: swg@superiorwasher.com
Web: superiorwasher.com
(In the South)

ACCURATE MANUFACTURE GROUP

P.O. BOX 7232 - DEPT, 168

INDIANAPOLIS

, IN 46206

Customer F 9454	Purchase Order Number	Superior Order Number	Superior Lot Number	Tracer No	
9434		504612-1	504612 - 1	SC31483	3 -3/21153114
Date	Production Card	Part Number			Quantity
04-02-13	175383	WASB12NZ			15,000
Drawing		Dual Cert No.			
P/N S-1/2	TYBNZ A				

We hereby certify that all materials and processes conform to the required drawing specifications and that the parts have been manufactured in the U.S.A.

All parts are manufactured in a Mercury-free environment

<u>Material</u>

1008 LOW CARBON STEEL No. 5

ZINC TRIVALENT CHROMIUM

	Chemical Ana	lysis	Mechanical Pro	<u>operties</u>
C Mn P S Si Cr Ni Mo Cu Fe Ti Co	CARBON MANGANESE PHOSPHORUS SULPHUR SILICON CHROMIUM NICKEL MOLYBDENUM COPPER IRON TITANIUM COBALT	.0700 .3300 .0080 .0070 .0100 .0200 .0100 .0200	Yield Tensile Elongation Hardness Heat Magnetic Permeability Bend Test	B 49.0 4179170
N Cb Al Sn Mg Zn Pb Va	NITROGEN COLUMBIUM ALUMINUM TIN MAGNESIUM ZINC LEAD VANADIUM	.0430	SUPERIOR WASHER & GA By Richard Anderson, Jr. Quality Control Manage	man fr.

Figure A-15. ½-in. (13-mm) Washers, Test No. MWP-8

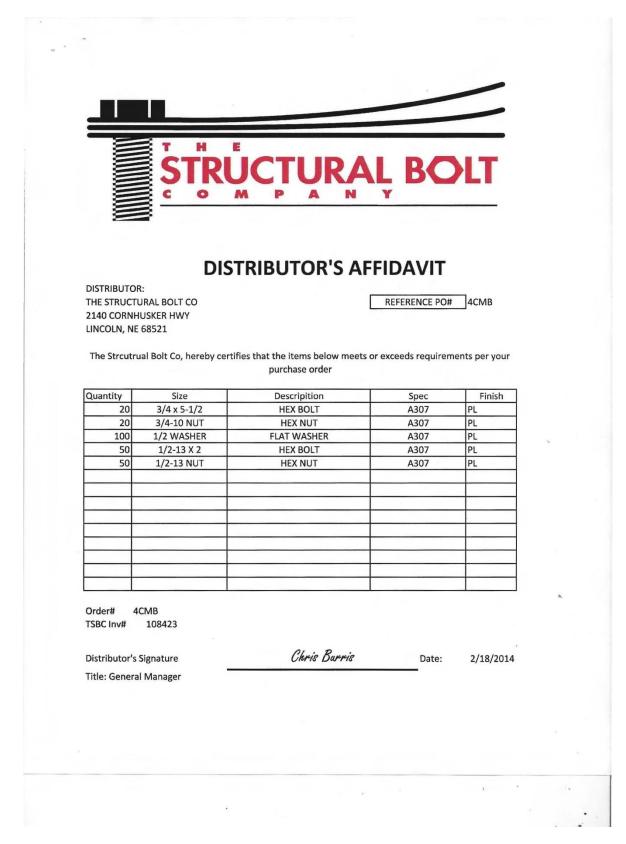


Figure A-16. ½-in. (13-mm) Dia. UNC 2-in. (51-mm) Long Hex Bolt and Nut and ¾-in. (19-mm) Dia. UNC 5½-in. (140-mm) Long Hex Bolt and Nut, Test No. MWP-8

26Apr12 9:26 TEST CERTIFICATE No: MAR 877775 INDEFENDENCE TUBE CORPORATION P/0 No 4500179833 6226 W. 74TH STREET Re1 CHICAGO, IL. 60638 S/0 No MAR 212696-001 Tel: 708-496-0380 Fax: 708-563-1950 B/L No MAR 123862-004 Ship 23Apr12 Inv No Inv Sold To: (5017) Ship To: STEEL & PIFE SUFFLY STEEL & PIFE SUFFLY 401 NEW CENTURY PARKWAY 401 NEW CENTURY PKWY KANSAS CITY WHISE. NEW CENTURY, KS 66031 NEW CENTURY, KS 66031 Tel: 913-768-4333 Fax: 913 768-6683 CERTIFICATE of ANALYSIS and TESTS Cert. No: MAR 877775 19Apr12 Fart No TUBING A500 GRADE B(C) 4" X 3" X 1/4" X 40' F'CS WITE 20 8,408 Heat Number Tag No F'CS Wat B200931 621072 50 8,408 YLD=69070/TEN=81790/ELG=23.9 *** Chemical Analysis *** Heat Number C=0.2000 Mn=0.4500 F=0.0120 S=0.0020 Si=0.0300 Al=0.0330 B200931 CLEO. 1200 Cr=0.0400 Mo=0.0100 V=0.0010 Ni=0.0400 WE PROUDLY MANUFACTURE ALL OF OUR HISS IN THE USA. INDEFENDENCE TUBE FRODUCT IS MANUFACTURED, TESTED, AND INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM STANDARDS. CURRENT STANDARDS: 1 Last F'eogera

Figure A-17. Foundation Tubes, Test No. MWP-8



METALLURGICAL TEST REPORT

PAGE 1 of 1 DATE 02/05/2015 TIME 16:05:32 USER MEHEULAL

SPS Coil Processing Tulsa 5275 Bird Creek Ave. Port of Catoosa, OK 74015

S O L D T O

13713 Warehouse 0020 1050 Fort Gibson Rd CATOOSA OK 74015

Order	Material No.	Descrip	otion			Q	uantity	Weight	t Custome	r Part	C	ustomer PO	S	hip Date
40237114-0040	701672120TM	1/2	72 X 12	0 A36 TE	MPERPASS S	TPMLPL	8	9,801.600)				O	2/05/201
						Chemical A	nalysis							
eat No. A41324	47 Vendor	STEEL DY	NAMICS CO	OLUMBUS		DOMESTIC	Mill	STEEL D	YNAMICS C	OLUMBUS	M	elted and Man	ufactured in	the USA
latch 000376922	0	8 EA	9,801.	600 LB									Produced	from Col
Carbon Mangane	se Phosphorus	Sulphur	Silicon	Nickel	Chromium	Molybdenum	Boron	Copper	Aluminum	Titanium	Vanadium	Columbium	Nitrogen	Tir
.2000 0.800	0.0110	0.0020	0.0300	0.0400	0.0700	0.0100	0.0001	0.0900	0.0300	0.0010	0.0030	0.0010	0.0068	0.0070
					Mecha	nical/ Physic	al Proper	iles						
III Coil No. A41	3247-01												9	
Tensile	Yield		Elong	Rckwl	(Grain	Charpy	(Charpy Dr	Ch	arpy Sz	Tempera	ature	Olser
74800.000	49800.000		32.10				0		NA					
73300.000	47900.000		32.70				0		NA					
						Chemical A	nalysis							
eat No. A41324	7 Vendor	STEEL DY	NAMICS CO	DLUMBUS		DOMESTIC	Mill	STEEL D	YNAMICS C	OLUMBUS	M	elted and Mane	ufactured in	the USA
atch 000376923	1	7 EA	8,576.	400 LB					•				Produced	from Coi
arbon Manganes	se Phosphorus	Sulphur	Silicon	Nickel	Chromium	Molybdenum	Boron	Copper	Aluminum	Titanium	Vanadium	Columbium	Nitrogen	Tin
.2000 0.800	0.0110	0.0020	0.0300	0.0400	0.0700	0.0100	0.0001	0.0900	0.0300	0.0010	0.0030	0.0010	0.0068	0.0070
					Mecha	nical/ Physic	al Propert	ies						
ill Coil No. A41	3247-01													
~	Yield		Elong	Rckwl	(Brain	Charpy	(Charpy Dr	Ch	arpy Sz	Tempera	iture	Olsen
Tensile														
74800.000	49800.000		32.10				0		NA					

THE CHEMICAL, PHYSICAL, OR MECHANICAL TESTS REPORTED AROVE ACCURATELY REFLECT INCORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE RECORDS OF THE ACCURATELY REPORTED AROVE.

METALLURGICAL PAGE 1 of PIPE SUPPLY DATE 01/23/2015 TEST REPORT TIME 11:13:42 SPS Coil Processing Tulsa WILLIAMR USER 5275 Bird Creek Ave. Port of Catoosa, OK 74015 13713 Warehouse 0020 1050 Fort Gibson Rd CATOOSA OK 74015 Material No. Weight Quantity **Customer Part Customer PO** Ship Date 40235941-0020 701272120TM 3/8 72 X 120 A36 TEMPERPASS STPMLPL 4,596 01/23/2015 **Chemical Analysis** Heat No. A410722 STEEL DYNAMICS COLUMBUS DOMESTIC Mill SEVERSTAL COLUMBUS Batch 0003748836 5 EA 4,596 LB Sulphur Nickel Chromlum Molybdenum Copper Aluminum Nitrogen Tin 0.2000 0.8800 0.0160 0.0010 0.0200 0.0500 0.0700 0.0100 0.0001 0.0900 0.0280 0.0020 0.0030 0.0073 0.0020 0.0040 Mechanical/ Physical Properties Mill Coil No. A410722-04 Tensile Yleid Elong Olsen 73700.000 50200.000 32.00 70900.000 47900.000 32.80 72100.000 48800.000 33.30 NA 70200.000 47100.000 31.20 NA **Chemical Analysis** Heat No. A410722 STEEL DYNAMICS COLUMBUS DOMESTIC MIII SEVERSTAL COLUMBUS and Manufactured in the USA Batch 0003748828 10 EA 9,192 LB Carbon Manganese Sulphur Silicon Nickel Molybdenum Nitrogen Tin 0.2000 0.8800 0.0160 0.0010 0.0200 0.0500 0.0700 0.0100 0.0001 0.0900 0.0280 0.0020 0.0030 0.0020 0.0073 0.0040 Mechanical/ Physical Properties Mill Coil No. A410722-04 Tensile Elong Charpy Dr Charpy Sz Charpy 73700.000 50200.000 32.00 70900.000 47900.000 32.80 NA 72100.000 48800.000 33.30

0

THE CHEMICAL PHYSICAL OR MECHANICAL TESTS REPORTED ABOVE ACCURATELY REFLECT INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE RECORDS OF THE CORDS

NA

NA

31.20

47100,000

70200.000

				Mill (Certificat	te	cũ	STOMEF	RORIGI	VAL
Order - Item 42820-70	21	tificate Nun 1814950	nber	Delivery N 80554939			Date 7/2014	Pag 1 o		
Customer No:	10779			C	ust PO: 010	013159				
Customer Part	No: 26576	3				5M				
Customer Sold Norfolk Iron & 3001 North Vic NORFOLK NE USA	Metal Com tory Rd. 68702		Norfol 3001	mer Ship to: k Iron & Me North Victor FOLK NE 6	ital Compa y Rd.	ny	Contact - Cur Company ThyssenKrup P.O. Box 456 CALVERT AI USA Email: CS.Ca Ph: 1-251-2	p Steel U 36513	ŚA	upp.com
Hot Roll Black (Type of Product Hot Roll Black (t/Surface		50 [340]	/ · 0,17	50 " X 60.00	000 " AC	CORDING TO	A1011 {Li	ght < 0.2	30"(6.0 mm)}
TEST METHOD			34			-		-	78.02	
ASTM										
MATERIAL DESC	CRIPTION									
		н	eat	Coil	Weig	ht let	Weight			
(mm) (in)	ORDERED 4.44 0.175	5 6674	No. 327 1131	No. 814950	47,81	.B 8	LB 47,818			
CHEMICAL COM	IPOSITION (OF THE LAD	DLE *							
Heat No.	С	Sí	Mn	Р	s	Al	Cr	Cu	Мо	N
667827	0.0550	0.02	0.42	0.013	0.004	0.049	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.0058
	Ni	Nb	, Ti	В	V	Ca				25
	0.011	0.018	0.000	0.0001	0.001	0.0032				
TENSILE TEST										
Test Direction	Yield Strength	Tensile Strength	% Total Elong.							
L	60.7 ksi	67.1 ksi	33.0							
À										
ThyssenKrupp nspected in ac	Steel USA	LLC cert	fy that the	e material h	erein desc	ribed has	been manufa	ctured, sa	ampled, t	ested and
nspecied in ac	Coluance	with the CO	A	61	and is fully	oompi				
*			Bertran	n Ehrhardt						
				or, Quality Ass	surance and	Developm	ent		2av	-
								1	Rev.	

Figure A-20. $3x1\frac{3}{4}x7$ -gauge. (76x44x4.6 mm), $81\frac{1}{4}$ -in. (2,064 mm) Long Midwest Weak Post with Holes, Test No. MWP-8

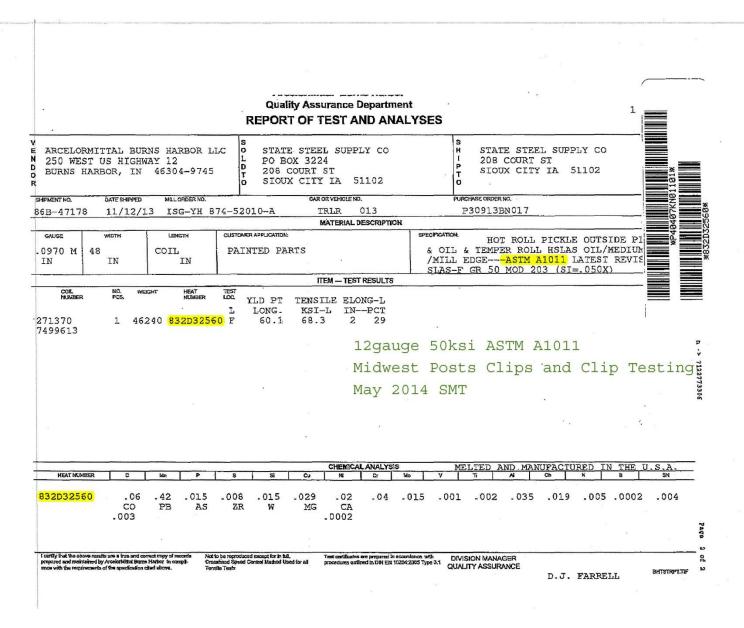


Figure A-21. 12-Guage Tabbed Bracket, Version 10, Test No. MWP-8

QUALITY CERTIFICATE

MWP Hardware

Sept2015 SMT

R#16-0105

P#13055

NINGBO JINDING FASTENING PIECE CO., LTD
XIJINGTANG JIULONGHU NINGBO CHINA TEL:+86-574-86530122 FAX: +86-574-86530858

Customer: FASTENAL COMPANY PURCHASING—IMPORT Date :

JDF three radius

53.200 mpcs

2015-01-09 14JDF643T

 Order No.
 100045659

 Part No.
 13055

 Production Date
 2014-11-05

Dimensions Of SPEC: Certificate No.: 2014-01-05

Dimensions Of	SPEC:					C	ertificate l	Vo. :	20141	.024022			
Insp	ection It	ems		St	andard		Resu	1t		Sample		Pass	_
Visual Appea	rance					0	К			29		29	_
Body Diamete	r			/		/				5		5	
Thread	Go			3A		0	К			15		15	
	No Go)		2A		0	К		1	15		15	
Width Across	Flats			0.500-0.4	89	0	. 490-0. 494			5		5	_
Width Across	Corners			0. 577-0. 5	57	0	. 571-0. 567			5		5	_
Major Diamet	er			0. 311-0. 3	.03	0	. 309-0. 310			15		15	_
Head Height				0. 211-0. 1	95	0	. 201-0. 207			5		5	_
Total Length				0.970-1.0	00	0	. 984-0. 976			15		15	_
Thread Lengt	h			min 0.861	e e	0	. 886-0. 925			15		15	_
Key Engageme	nt			/		/							_
Head Diamete	r			/		/							_
Mechanical P	roperties			15.		74.2.			1000				
CharacTerist	ics			Standard		R	esult						
Surface Hard	ness	[30N]		MAX 54		4	3-46			15		15	
Core Hardnes	s	[HRC]		25-34		2	7-29			15	\neg	15	_
Wedge Streng	th	[psi]		min 11988	0	1	40779-143530	3		5		5	_
Yield Streng	th	[psi]		min 91869	i,	1	08995-110446	3		5		5	_
Elongation		[%]		min 14		1	7. 4-17. 7			5		5	_
Reduction Of	area	[%]		min 35		4	8. 9-50. 5			5	\neg	5	_
Proof Load		[Ib]		4450		4	450			5		5	_
Impact test	-20°C [A	kv/J]		1		/							_
Decarburizat	ion			N≥1/2H1	HV0. 3	2	99. 54 299. 5	4 308. 46		5		5	_
HV2>=HV1-30,	HV3<=HV1+	30		G 0.00	06max	112							_
CHEMICAL COMP	OSITION (%)											
leat No			С	Si	Mn	Р	S	Cr	Ni	Cu	Мо	В	=
	208029BA		0.36	0. 18	0. 67	0. 01	8 0.009						
Thickness		[U		min 5				10. 2-7.				29	2
Surface Coati				100 control (100 per 100 per 1	please, the size of the last little	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	ray accordi		M B568N	I 2007 s	tandard	test	
hread Specific										-102	-200		
ampling Dimens			., 100.010.000	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		tion an	nd quality ass	surance for	high-v	olume mad	chine asse	embly	
imension Spec				Commission and the second	BE VERNING MEDING								
ampling mechar			V-0.000	Service and Expression of the Service of						09 2) 93300 100	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	lechan i	ica
lechanical Prop	5		- 6			- 51			THREADE	D FASTEN	≧RS		
urface Defect:		ST 85				- 25	- 8						
lating Specif:			1 2010, 1	Electrodepo	sited Coat	ings On	Threaded Fas	steners					
Quality Contro	l Supervisc)r							Quali	ty Contro	ol Manager	1	



Marking:

Quantity:



Figure A-22. ⁵/₁₆-in. (8-mm) Dia. UNC, 1-in. (25-mm) Long Hex Cap Screw, Test No. MWP-8

SUPER CHENG INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD.

NO. 18 BEN-GONG 2nd ROAD., BEN CHOU INDUSTRIAL PARK, KAOHSIUNG COUNTY 820, TAIWAN R.O.C. TEL: 886-7-6225326-30(5 LINES) FAX: 886-7-6215377/6212335/6235829

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION

CERT.#: S77-1411-02T ISSUED DATE: 2014/12/13 PAGE 1 OF 1

CLIENT: SUPER CHENG INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

ADDRESS: NO. 18 BEN-GONG 2nd ROAD., BEN CHOU INDUSTRIAL PARK, KAOHSIUNG COUNTY 820, TAIWAN R.O.C.

PURCHASER: FASTENAL COMPANY PURCHASING PO #: 210085084
PART #36304 QTY SHIPPED: 162,000 PCS

COMMODITY: GRADE 5 FIN HEX NUT FINISH: TRIVALENT ZINC

SIZE: 5/16-18 LOT#: S77-1411-02 SAMPLING PLAN: ANSI/ASME B18.18.2M-93

QTY: 820000 PCS MATERIAL: SAE1010 HEAT NO.: 2QG45 MANUFACTURER: SUPER CHENG IND. CO., LTD. MANU. DATE: 2014/11/15

DIMENSIONAL I	NSPECTION	SPEC.: ANSI/ASME B18.2.2-10	O SAMPLED BY:	FENG TE SU
<u>ITEM</u>	SAMPLE SIZE	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	JUDGMENT
APPEARANCE	100	ASTM F812-12	GOOD	OK
W.A.F.	32	$0.500 \sim 0.489$ in.	$0.494 \sim 0.494$ in.	OK
W.A.C.	8	$0.577 \sim 0.557$ in.	$0.562 \sim 0.559$ in.	OK
THICKNESS	8	$0.273 \sim 0.258$ in.	$0.268 \sim 0.264$ in.	OK
THREAD	32	ANSI/ASME B1.1	PASS	OK

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES		SPEC. : SAE J995	-12	SAMPLED BY: FENG TE SU		
ITEM	SAMPLE SIZE	TEST METHOD	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	JUDGMENT	
HARDNESS	8	ASTM F606-13	MAX HRC32	12.0 ~ 9.0 HRC	PASS	
PROOF LOAD	4	ASTM F606-13	MIN 6300LB	6493 ~ 6486 LB	PASS	
PLATING THICKNESS	s 4	ASTM B568-98	MIN 0.0001 in	$0.00023 \sim 0.00016$ in	PASS	

MWP Hardware R#16-0105 Sept2015 SMT

REMARK: 1 \ THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LAB.

- $\boldsymbol{2}$ This inspection certificate is for responsibility under sample only
- 3 · ABOVE SAMPLES TESTED CONFORM TO THE FASTENER SPECIFICATION OR STANDARDS

 ${\bf LAB.\,DIRECTOR}(SIGNATORY):$

表單編號: LQC 10E Rev.0

Figure A-23. ⁵/₁₆-in. (8-mm) Nut, Test No. MWP-8

GO GERD/U	CERTIFIED MATERIAL TEST REPORT CUSTOMER SHIP TO CUSTOMER BILL TO BEKAERT CORPORATION 2020 RIVERFRONT RD VAN BUREN,AR 72956-6319 USA SALES ORDER CUSTOMER MATERIAL N°			GRADE SHAPE / SIZE 1074M9 Wire Rod / 7/32"		Page 1/1
US-ML-BEAUMONT 100 OLD HIGHWAY 90 WEST				LENGTH	WEIGHT 0	HEAT / BATCH 53131499/02
VIDOR, TX 77662 USA				SPECIFICATION / DATE or REVISION 1-WNA-1074 2-K02C1073		
CUSTOMER PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER	BILL OF LADING	DATE			•	
CHEMICAL COMPOSITION C Mn P 0.7353 0.54 0.008	\$ \$i (0.016 0.23 0	Cu Ni % 0.11 0.06	Cr 0.03	Mo Sn . 0.016 0.006	N 0,0063	
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES Std Dev. R/A PS1 927 4	Avg UTS % PSI 5.9 158598	UTS MPa 1093				
		•				
The above figures are continuous the USA, CMTR comple	rtified chemical and physical test records	s as contained in the permanen	at records of compan	y. This material, including th	; billets, was melted and manufact	ured in

Figure A-24. ¾-in. (19-mm) Diameter 3x7 Cable Guiderail, Test No. MWP-8

132

May 10, 2017 MwRSF Report No. TRP-03-331-17

INSPECTION CERTIFICATE

4CMwP 7/8" Nuts R# 14-0325 White Paint Feb 2014 SMT

Customer	Specification	Size	Lot No.	Date
INNETT BOLT WORKS 12 ELBRIDGE STREET JORDAN, N.Y. 13080	ASTM A-563 GRADE DH HEAVY HEX NUT	7/8- 9 UNC	MW471	Aug. 19,'08

UNYTITE,INC. One Unytite Drive Peru, Illinois 61354 815-224-2221 — FAX# 815-224-3434

Mechanical properties tested in accordance to ASTM F606/F606M, ASTM A370, ASTM E18 Chemical Composition (%) Shape & Dimension ANSI B18.2.2 Material Heat C Mn Cu Ni Cr Mo Mill Maker No. Inspection .20 MIN. MAX. MAX. GOOD BRDAU AMER CARBON . 55 .60 0 040 d.050 Thread Precision ISTEEL (NO STEEL M643354 .45 0 20 0.70 0 009 .029 . 24 0.12 0.03 ANSI B1.1 CLASS 2B Mechanical Property Inspection GOOD Inspection **Proof Load** Cone Stripping Hardness Absorbed Energy Heat Treatment Appearance 80,850 24-38 Inspection T:MIN.800 F Spec. GOOD 1bf kN . kgf . Ibf HRC HRB . HB J · kgfm · ftlbf Remarks: Q: FORGING Q 27.1 27.2 (W.Q.) "DH U" 27.1 27.5 27.6 T:1149 F/45M. Production Quantity (W.C. 71,940 pcs. Results Results 27.3 Q: Quenching T: Tempering Hardness Treatment GOOD ST: Solution Treatment After 24 Hr.X Chief of Quality Assurance Section

Material used for the nut was melted and manufactured in the USA. The nut was manufactured in the USA to the above specification,

We hereby certify that the material described has been manufactured and inspected satisfactorily with the requirement of the above specification

Figure A-25. %-in. (22-mm) Hex Nut, Test No. MWP-8



Time 17:39 DATE IN: 7/20/13

2/28/15

TC Industries Test Center 3703 South Route 31 Crystel Lake, IL 60012-1412 Telephone (815) 459-2400 Fax (815) 459-3419

BILL TO: AMERICAN EAGLE STEEL 317 EAST 11TH STREET CHICAGO HEIGHTS, IL 60411 TEST REPORT

REPORT NO: 168646 DATE: JULY 30, 2013 PAGE 1 OF 1

SHIP TO: AMERICAN EAGLE STEEL 317 EAST 11TH STREET CHICAGO HEIGHTS, IL 60411

DESC:362 PCS .875"RD X 24" PO: 1563-TC				HEAT: 133079 GRADE: 104 MO: 60190 CO: 1583		5	WT: 1774 LOT: 8800		
SPEC: QUEN PINK	ICH, TEMP ENDS	ER,STRA	IGHTEN			ASTM A44	9-10		
	FURN T TEMPER T STRESS T		7070	TEN	URN TIME hh IPER TIME hh RESS TIME hh	.mm: 1.00		QUENCH: V	VATER
PARAMETER	UNITS	LIMIT	3	TEST R	ESULTS	(See :	sempling plan on	back)	
TENSILE YIELD .2% ELONG 2" RED AREA SURF HB	KSI KSI % % HBW	120.0 92.0 14.0 35.0 255	N/A N/A N/A N/A 321	143.0 130.0 17.0 48.0 282 285	285 286	285	293	285	285
				4 CMw	P .				÷
		İ		Cable	e End T	hreade	d Rod A	449/1045	
				White	e Paint	for L	eft		
				Red 1	Paint f	or Rig	ht		
		İ		Benne	ett Bol	t Lot#	83219(left)832	18(right)
				Feb :	2014 R#	14-032	5 SMT		-
9					N .				ACCREDITED Testing Cert #1281-01
			TC IND	A SHARLEST AND ADDRESS OF	SUBCONTRACT	ED LABS (AZLA	ACCREDITED)	······································	
Tensile, Stand: Tensile, Full Si Charpy V Noto Microhardness	ze h				Rockwell Brinell Ultra Sonic* Bend Test*	TC		Micro Analys Decarb Meas Chemistry*	
TC: TC Test Ce Cert #1281.01	enter	· · · · · · · ·	BE: Ber Cert #L*	and the second	-	EX: Exova Cert #104.			Metallurgical Ser. #0510.01

6/30/14

12/31/14

FC 4.12.16F 7/15/10

Test Center Supervisor

There are no devisions from last methods unless noted. Il should not be assumed that mechanical properties of raw material heat treated to a feater finished barbans whose original material characteristics may have been significantly effered.

No mercury was used/added and no veloling/yeld repair was performed on this material which in the possession of TC Industrias, Inc.

This test report relates only to the lients tested and shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written permission of TC Industrias Test Center.

not included in our scope of accreditation

Figure A-26. Cable End Threaded Rod, Test No. MWP-8

2/4/14

Table 1						
	09/27/2007	10:02	3156893999	BENNETT BOLT WORKS	5	PAGE 04
	SEP-28-2007	10:13AM	FROM-Buck Co. HR	717-284-4321	T-131 P.	004/004 F-840
	2	O.	in the second se	BUCK COMPANY 897 Lancaster Pike, Quarryville, PA Phone (717) 284-4114 Fax (717) 2 w.buckeompany.com greatensings	17566-9738	om
			MA	TERIAL CERTIFICAT	ION	
	ORDE PATT Th	OMER_ CR NUM ERN NU its is to come drawin	MBER CC	eHBoH, Inc 5590 BBWTH gs listed conform to the following spec- timents. All Quality Assurance provision	REV	-7A Rev C 4-21-06 comply in all respects ity Assurance
×	require data is Type M Specifi Grade	ments an	d / or supplementary and available upon rea ASTO 325	y Quality Assurance provisions have be	een completed a	nd accepted, SPC
	Tensile Yield S Elonga PHYSI Brinell	CAL PR	45,032 22 coperties 1/3	CHEMICAL ANAL' Total Carbon Silicon Manganese Sultur Phosphorus Chrome Magnesium Copper	vsis 2.3/4 - 3/4 -	
	PCS SE	L of_	1	DATE SHIPPED Quadrity	h UDU Assurance Rep	Tuber cesentative
			Forritic and Pear	Quality Castings ISO 9001, 2000 CERTIFUED Sitic Mulleable Iron, Gray and Ductile Iron, Br	ass. Aluminum	,

Figure A-27. Bennett Cable End Fitter, Test No. MWP-8



Phone (717) 284-4114 Fax (717) 284-4321

www.buckcompany.com

greatcastings@buckcompany.com

MWP Cable Wedges R#14-0455 July 2014 SMT

MATERIAL CERTIFICATION

Date 12 4 12	Form# CERT-7A Rev C 4-21-06
CUSTOMER Bennett	Bolt
ORDER NUMBER 6010	328
PATTERN NUMBER W1	Wedge REV. Orig
with the drawing or ordered requirements.	conform to the following specifications and comply in all respects All Quality Assurance provisions and / or Quality Assurance y Assurance provisions have been completed and accepted. SPC
Type Material:	alleable Iron
Specifications:	STM - AAT
Grade or Class:	32510
Heat Number:	BRI
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES Tensile Str. PSI 51, 300	CHEMICAL ANALYSIS Total Carbon 2.62
Yield Str. PSI 35, 200	Silicon 1.69 Manganese 34
Elongation	Sulfur · 125 Phosphorus · 019
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	Chrome 038 Magnesium 001
Brinell Hardness 126	Copper
PCS SHIPPED 5, \23	DATE SHIPPED 12/3/1
of\	Quality Assurance Representative

Quality Castings
ISO 9001: 2008 CERTIFIED
Ferritic and Pearlitic Malleable Iron, Gray and Ductile Iron, Brass, Aluminum

Figure A-28. Cable Wedges, Test No. MWP-8

10/05/99 15:05

214409920360

KEN FORGING

₫002/002



OCTOBER 5, 1999

BENNETT BOLT WORKS, INC. 12 ELBRIDGE STREET JORDAN, NY 13080 4CMwP Turnbuckles
R# 14-0325 White Paint
Bennett Bolt Lot# 21331/18305
COC Feb 2014 SMT

CERIFICATION OF CONFORMANCE

THIS LETTER IS TO ADVISE THE TURNBUCKLES NOTED BELOW ARE MANUFACTURED IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BY KEN FORGING, INC,

THESE TURNBUCKLES ARE MANUFACTURED IN COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL SPECIFICATION FF-T-791 1b TYPE 1

PURCHASED ORDER NO. 7158

PART NUMBER: TB109-G TB110-G

QUANTITY SHIPPED: 8PCS. 100PCS

DATE SHIPPED: 9/8/99

KEN FORGING, INC.

1049 Griggs Road • Post Office Box 277 • Jefferson, OH 44047 (440) 993-8091 • Fax: (440) 992-0360

Figure A-29. Bennet Short Threaded Turnbuckle, Test No. MWP-8

Certificate of Quality

BEKAERT CORPORATION Van Buren, Arkansas

1881 BEKAERT DRIVE VAN BUREN, AR 72956

TEL (479) 474-5211 FAX (479) 474-9075

TELEX 537439

Customer Midwest Roadside Safety Facili
Our Order No 4060145416 0010
Product 3/4" 3X7 CL A GALV GUIDERAIL SHORTS
Customer Part No

Customer Order No sample

DATE: 06/03/2010

Carriers

AST3043SE10S

Customer Spec No ASTM A 741

nished g#	Diameter in	Lay Length (in.)	Breaking Load 1bf	Adherence Appearance of Wires	Steel Ductility	
609409	0.79	6	46525	Pass	Pass	
609459	0.75	7	46548	Pass	Pass	
609513	0.75	7.3	49219	Pass	Pass	

terial was melted and made in the U.S.A. a undersigned certifies that the results are actual results and conform to the specification indicated contained in the records of this Corporation.

Notary Public

Commission Expires

Figure A-30. Bekaert Wire Rope, Test No. MWP-8

Appendix B. Vehicle Center of Gravity Determination

res	t: MWP-8	Vehicle:	Kia	Rio
	Vehicle Co	G Determinati	ion	
		Weight		
VEHICLE	Equipment	(lb.)	_	
+	Non-ballasted Car (curb)	239	8	
+	Brake receivers/wires		5	
+	Brake Actuator and Frame		7	
+	Nitrogen Cylinder	2		
+	Strobe/Brake Battery		5	
+	Hub	1		
+	Data Acquisition Tray	1:		
-	Battery	-3		
-	Oil	-		
-	Interior	-4		
-	Fuel Coolant		0	
-	Washer fluid	-:		
-	Water Ballast	3:		
	Misc.	3.	4	
	Misc.		┥	
	Estimated Total Weight (lb.	240	ว	
	Estimated Total Weight (lb.	240	2	
	57 1/2	240	2	
Wheel base (in.)	57 1/2 98 1/2		_	Difference
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Ta	argets	Test Inertia	- Control of the cont
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weigh	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420	argets) (+/-)55	Test Inertia 2419	-1.0
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Ta at (lb.) 2420 in.) 39	argets) (+/-)55) (+/-)4	Test Inertia 2419 37.38	-1.6 -1.61968
Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.)	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4	Test Inertia 2419	-1.0
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NA Sime as ured from front axle of	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF!	-1.6 -1.6196 NA NA
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NA NA s measured from front axle of measured from centerline - p	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehic	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF!	-1.6 -1.6196 NA NA
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NA Sime as ured from front axle of	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehic	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF!	-1.6 -1.6196 NA NA
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NA NA s measured from front axle of measured from centerline - p	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehic	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF!	-1.6 -1.6196 NA NA
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG Note: Cells Highlig	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NA NA s measured from front axle of measured from centerline - phted in Red do not meet targ	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehic	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF! cle right (pasts	-1.6 -1.61968 NA NA ssenger) side
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NA NA s measured from front axle of measured from centerline - phted in Red do not meet targ	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehic	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF! cle right (pasts	-1.6 -1.6196 NA NA
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG Note: Cells Highlig	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NA NA s measured from front axle of measured from centerline - phted in Red do not meet targ	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehic	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF! cle right (pasts	-1.6 -1.61968 NA NA ssenger) side
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG Note: Cells Highlig	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NATA Tameasured from front axle of measured from centerline - phted in Red do not meet targ	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehicle et requiremen	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF! cle right (pasts	-1.6 -1.61966 NA NA ssenger) side
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG Note: Cells Highlig CURB WEIGHT (I	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NATA Tameasured from front axle of measured from centerline - phted in Red do not meet targ b.) Left Right	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehicle et requiremen	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF! cle right (pasts	-1.6 -1.61966 NA NA ssenger) side RTIAL WEIGHT (Ib.)
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG Note: Cells Highlig CURB WEIGHT (I	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 39 NA NA measured from front axle of measured from centerline - phted in Red do not meet targ b.) Left Right 788 740 423 447	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehicle et requiremen	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF! cle right (pasts TEST INEI (from scales) Front Rear	-1.61968 NA NA Seenger) side RTIAL WEIGHT (Ib.) Left Right 736 768 472 446
Wheel base (in.) Center of Gravity Test Inertial Weight Longitudinal CG (Lateral CG (in.) Vertical CG (in.) Note: Long. CG is Note: Lateral CG Note: Cells Highlig CURB WEIGHT (I	57 1/2 98 1/2 1100C MASH Tant (lb.) 2420 in.) 38 NATA Tameasured from front axle of measured from centerline - public in Red do not meet target. b.) Left Right 788 740	argets 0 (+/-)55 9 (+/-)4 A test vehicle ositive to vehicle et requiremen	Test Inertia 2419 37.38 0 #REF! cle right (pasts TEST INEI	-1.6 -1.61966 NA NA Ssenger) side RTIAL WEIGHT (Ib.) Left Right

Figure B-1. Vehicle Mass Distribution, Test No. MWP-8

Appendix C. Static Soil Tests

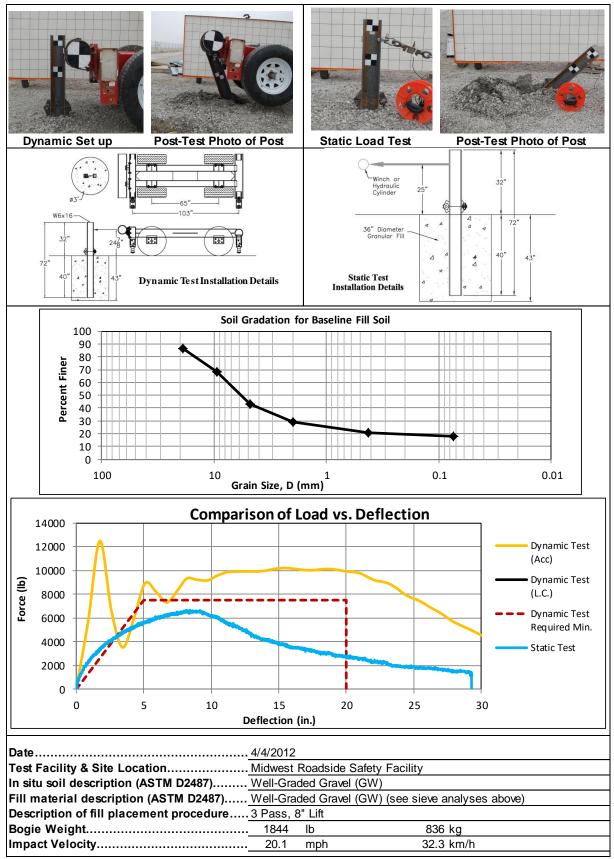


Figure C-1. Soil Strength, Initial Calibration Tests, Test No. MWP-8

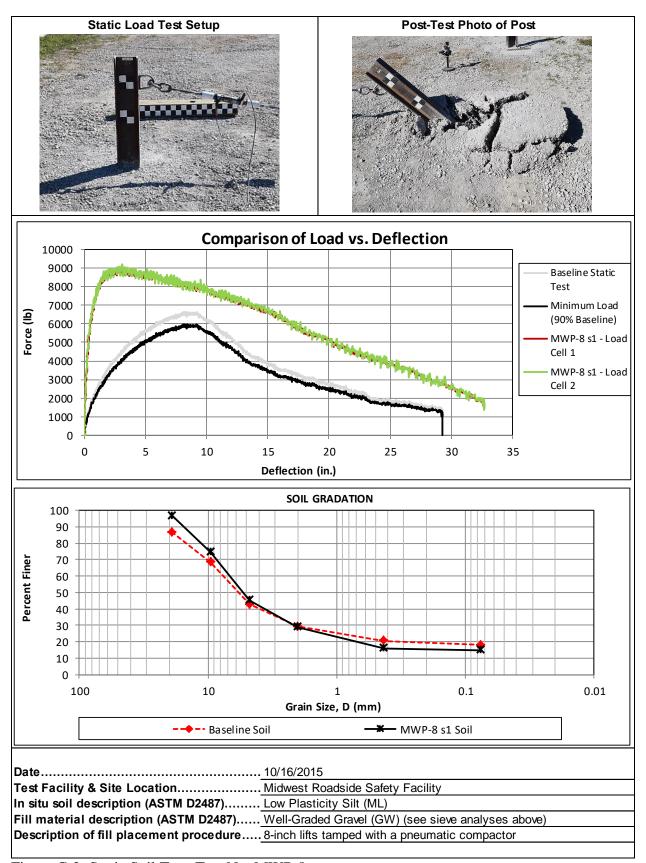


Figure C-2. Static Soil Test, Test No. MWP-8

Appendix D. Vehicle Deformation Records

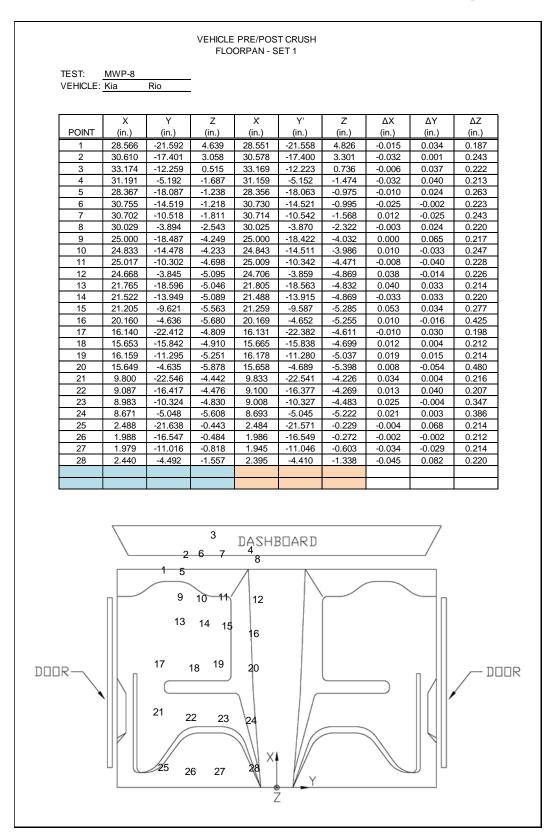


Figure D-1. Floorpan Deformation Data – Set 1, Test No. MWP-8

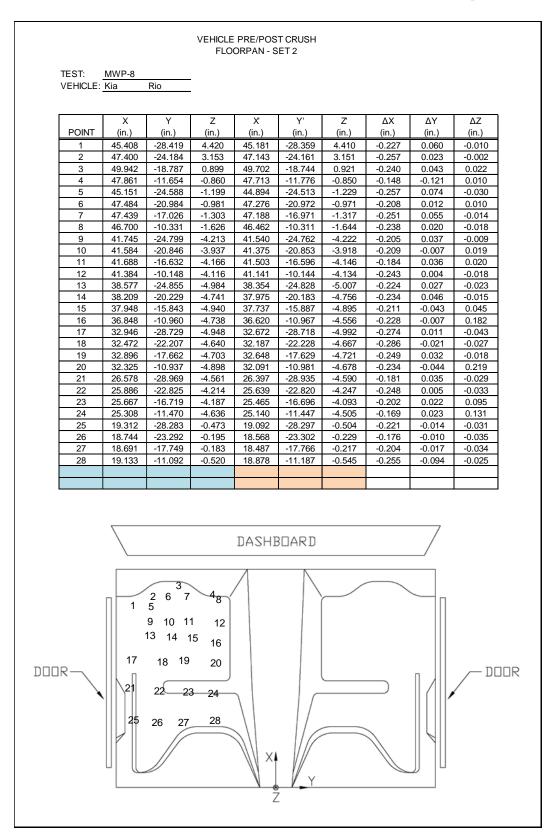


Figure D-2. Floorpan Deformation Data – Set 2, Test No. MWP-8

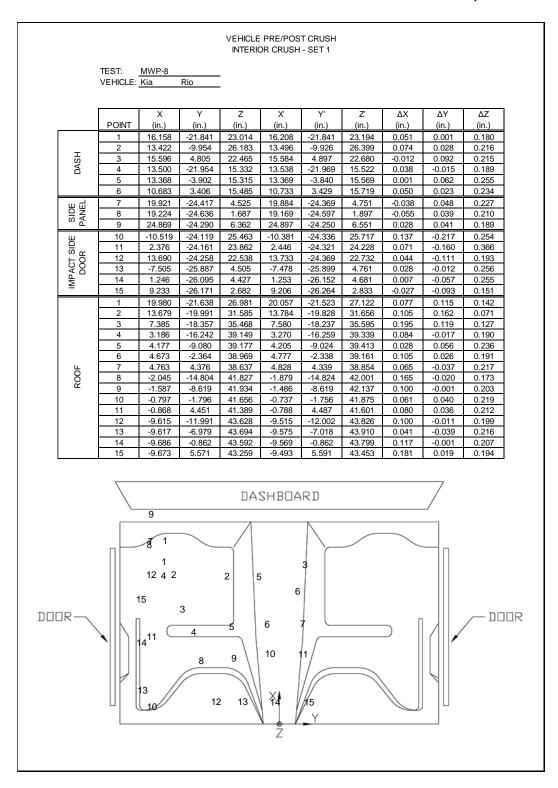


Figure D-3. Occupant Compartment Deformation Data – Set 1, Test No. MWP-8

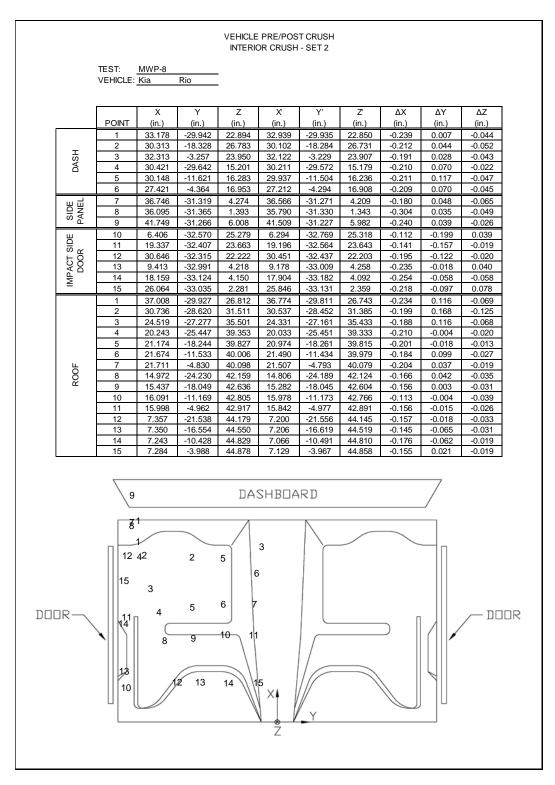


Figure D-4. Occupant Compartment Deformation Data – Set 2, Test No. MWP-8

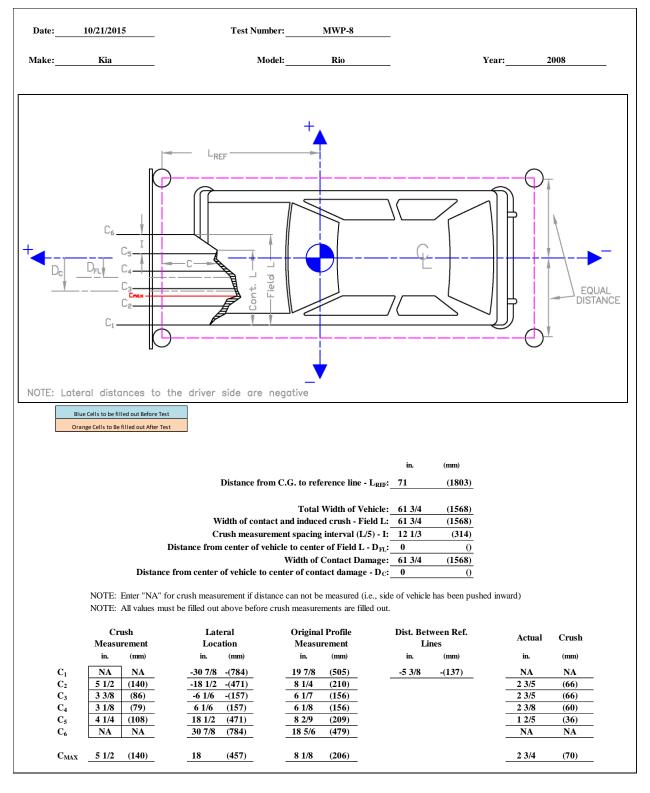


Figure D-5. Exterior Vehicle Crush (NASS) - Front, Test No. MWP-8

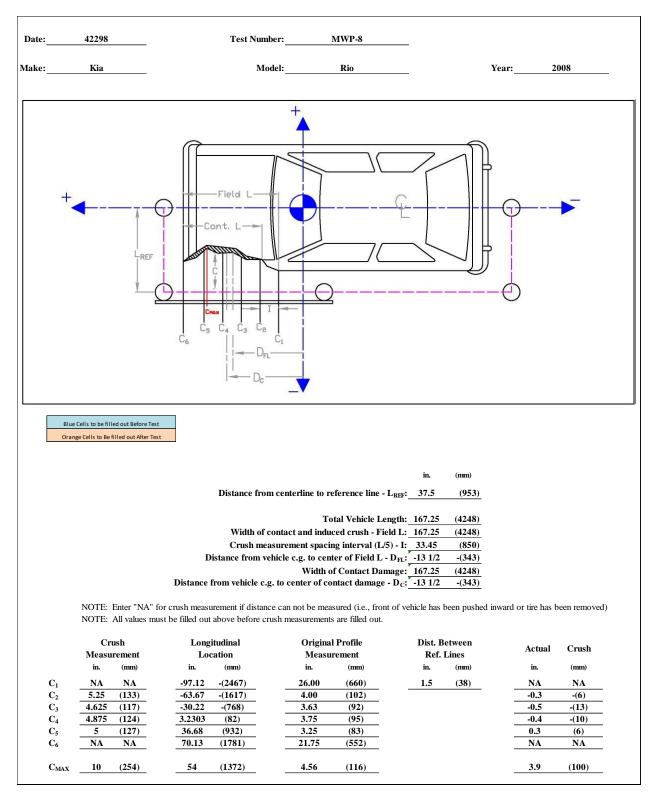


Figure D-6. Exterior Vehicle Crush (NASS) - Side, Test No. MWP-8

Appendix E. Accelerometer and Rate Transducer Data Plots, Test No. MWP-8

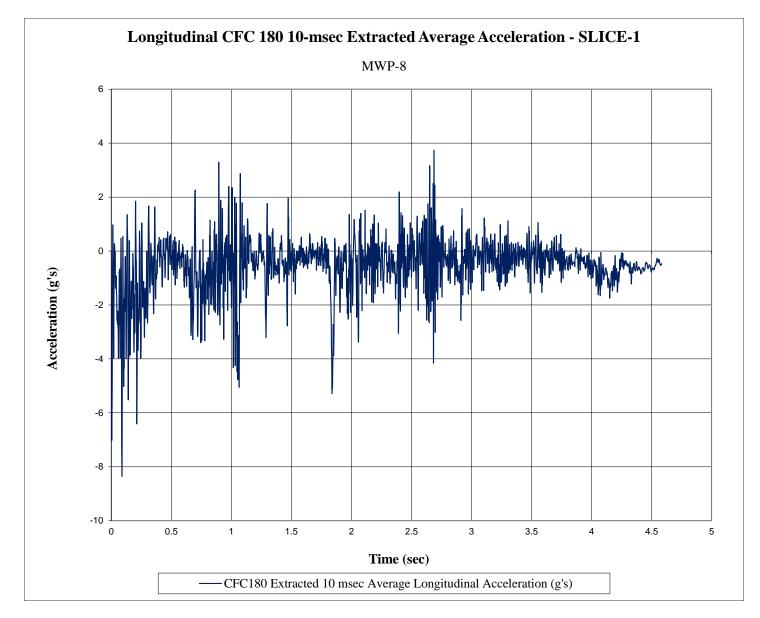


Figure E-1. 10-ms Average Longitudinal Acceleration (SLICE-1), Test No. MWP-8



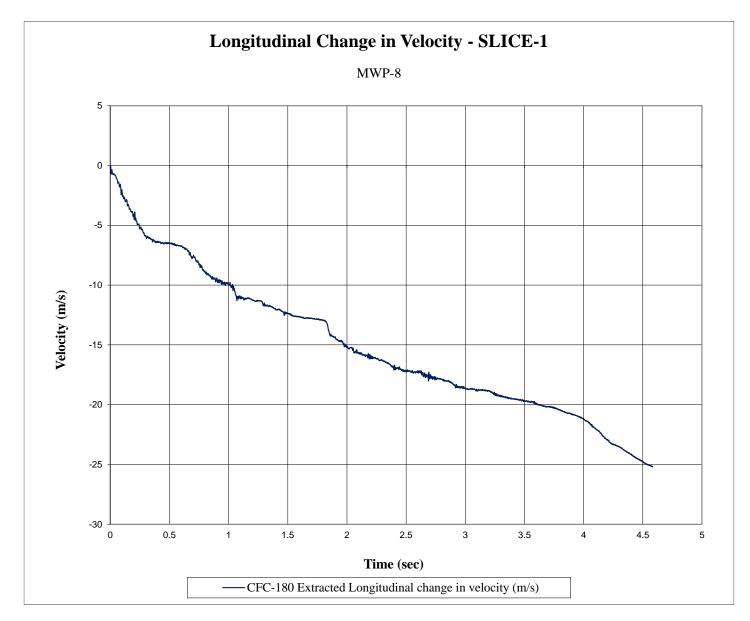


Figure E-2. Longitudinal Change in Velocity (SLICE-1), Test No. MWP-8

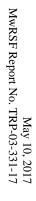




Figure E-3. Longitudinal Occupant Displacement (SLICE-1), Test No. MWP-8

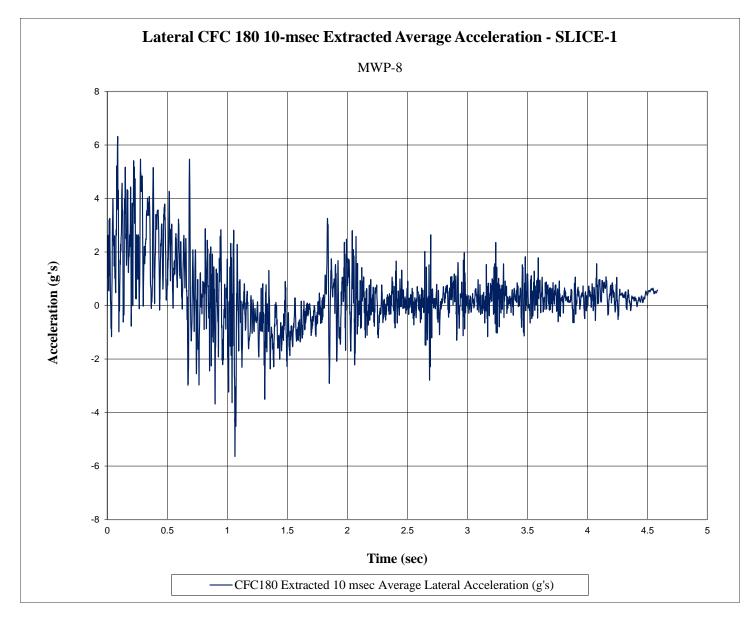


Figure E-4. 10-ms Average Lateral Acceleration (SLICE-1), Test No. MWP-8

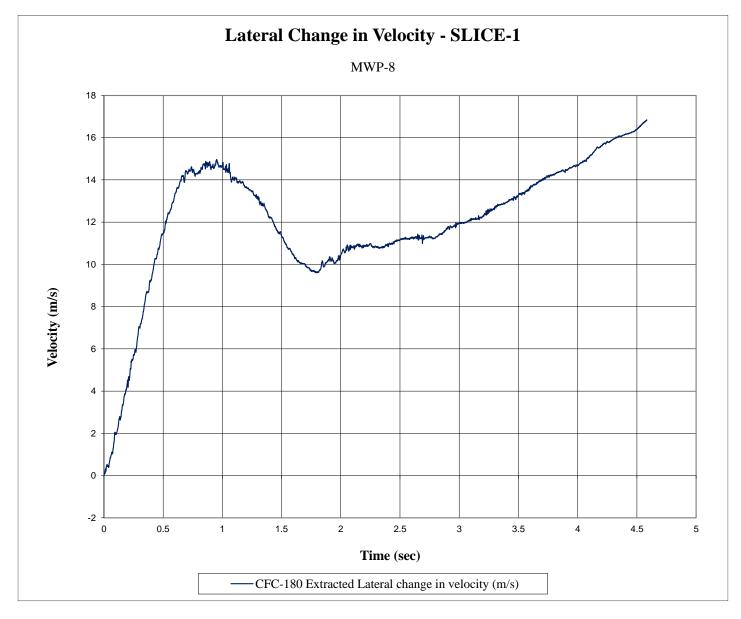
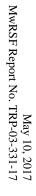


Figure E-5. Lateral Change in Velocity (SLICE-1), Test No. MWP-8



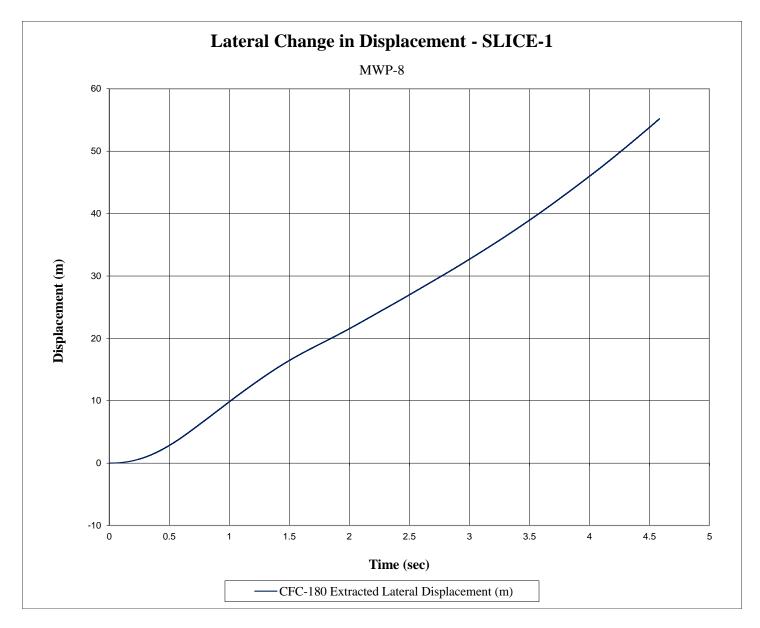
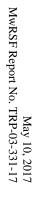


Figure E-6. Lateral Occupant Displacement (SLICE-1), Test No. MWP-8



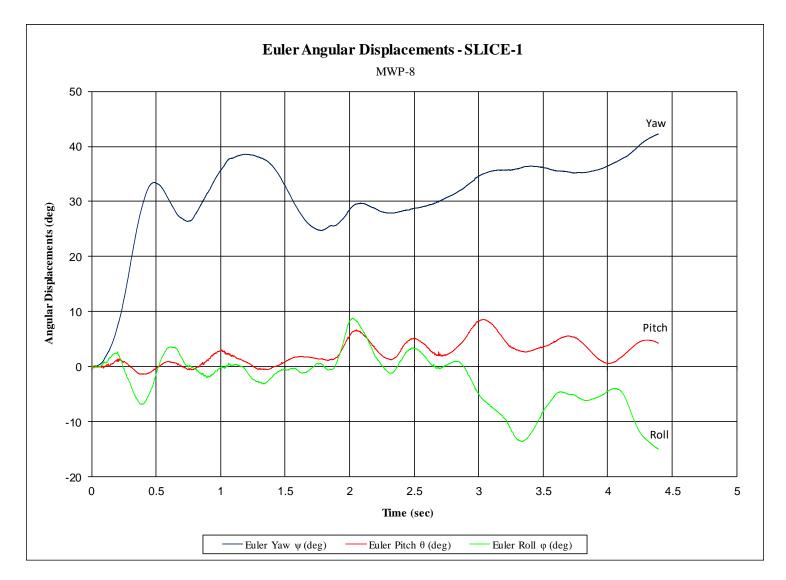


Figure E-7. Vehicle Angular Displacements (SLICE-1), Test No. MWP-8

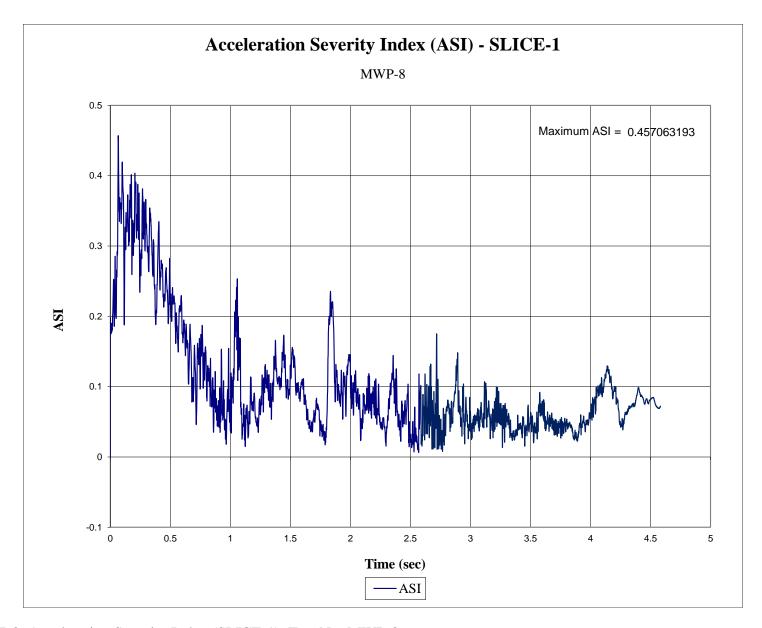


Figure E-8. Acceleration Severity Index (SLICE-1), Test No. MWP-8

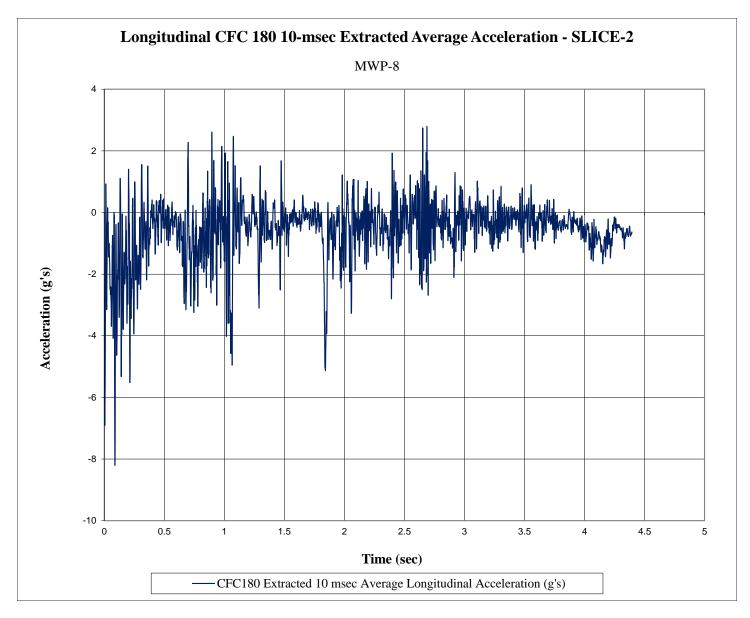


Figure E-9. 10-ms Average Longitudinal Acceleration (SLICE-2), Test No. MWP-8

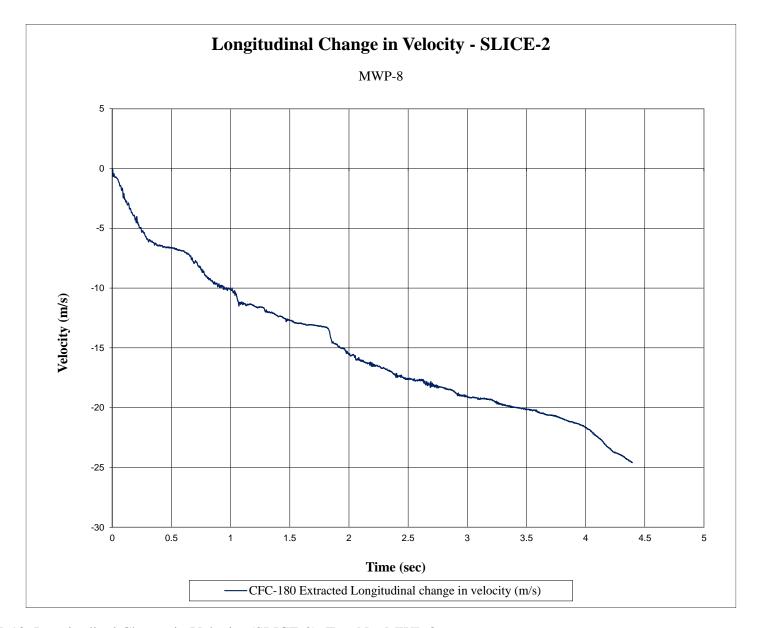
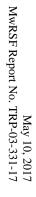


Figure E-10. Longitudinal Change in Velocity (SLICE-2), Test No. MWP-8



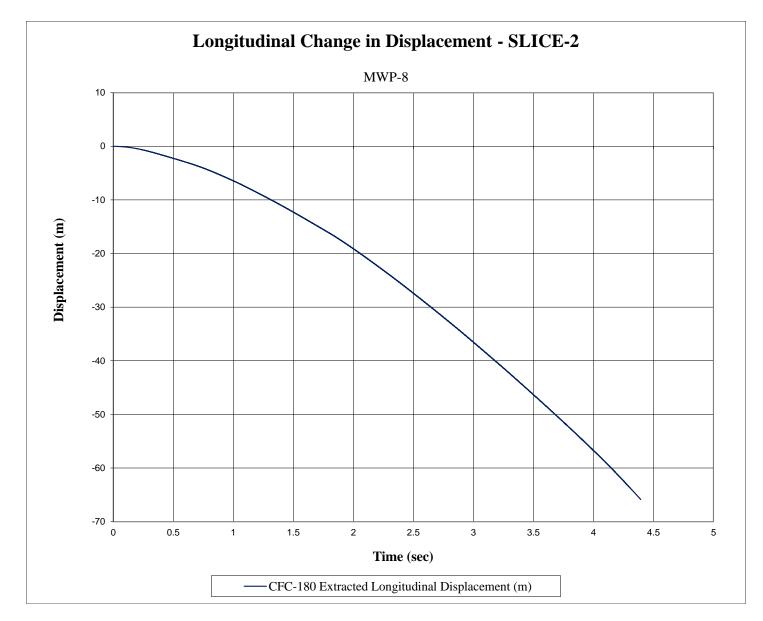


Figure E-11. Longitudinal Occupant Displacement (SLICE-2), Test No. MWP-8

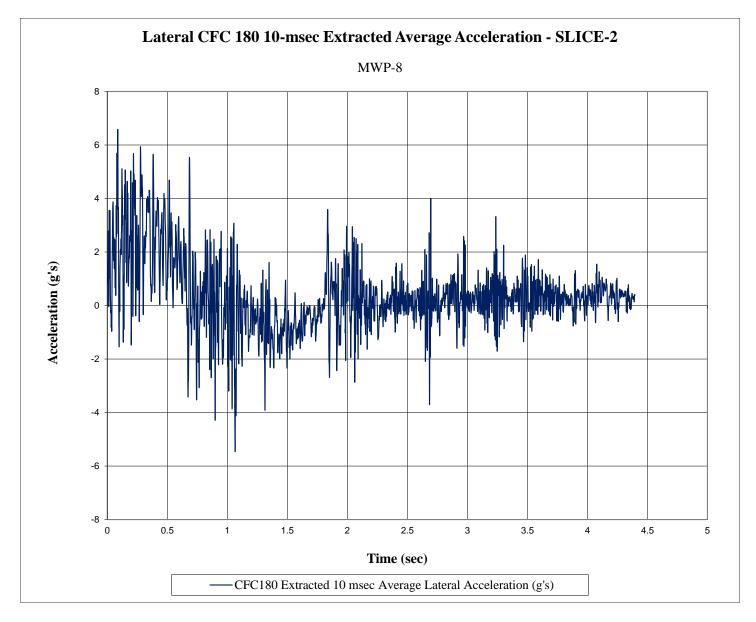


Figure E-12. 10-ms Average Lateral Acceleration (SLICE-2), Test No. MWP-8

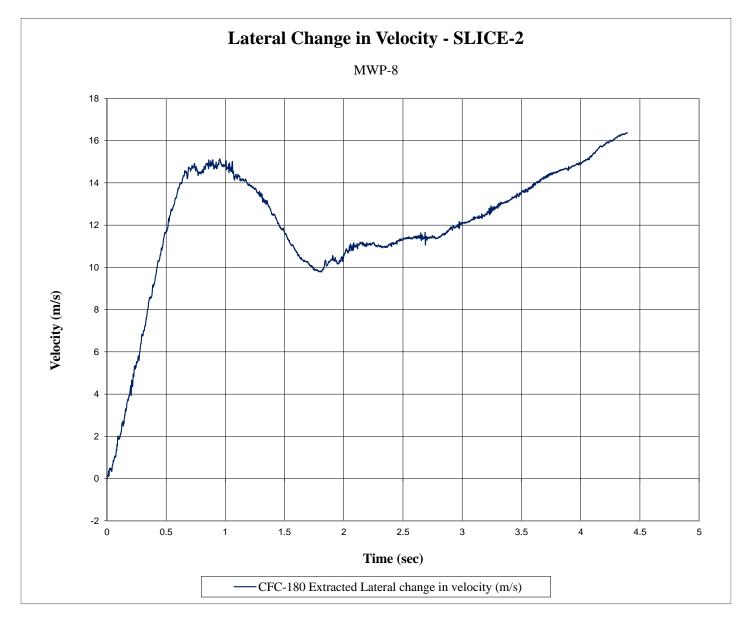


Figure E-13. Lateral Change in Velocity (SLICE-2), Test No. MWP-8

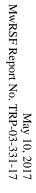
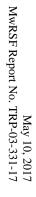




Figure E-14. Lateral Occupant Displacement (SLICE-2), Test No. MWP-8



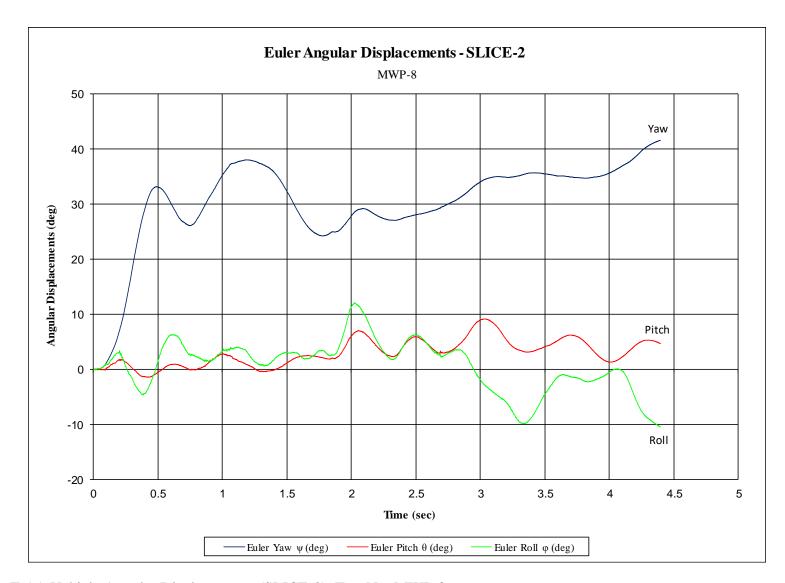


Figure E-15. Vehicle Angular Displacements (SLICE-2), Test No. MWP-8

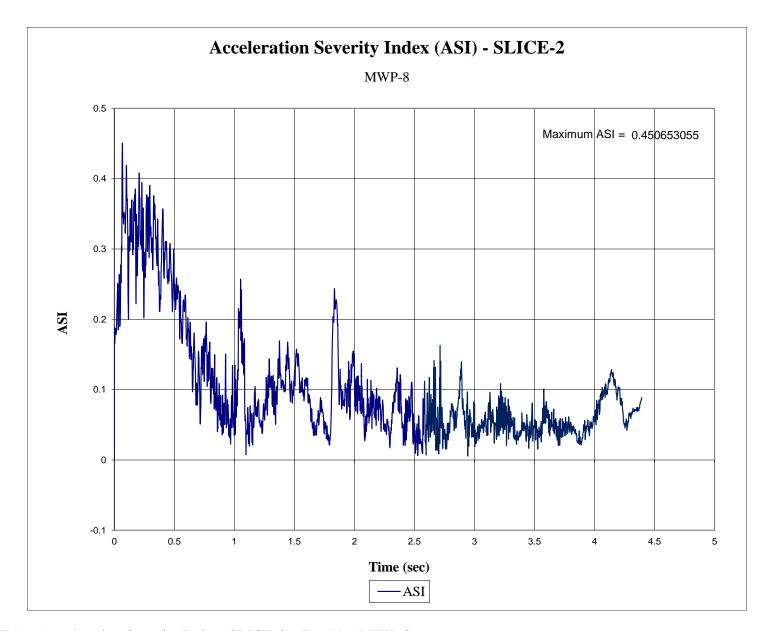


Figure E-16. Acceleration Severity Index (SLICE-2), Test No. MWP-8

Appendix F. Load Cell and String Potentiometer Data

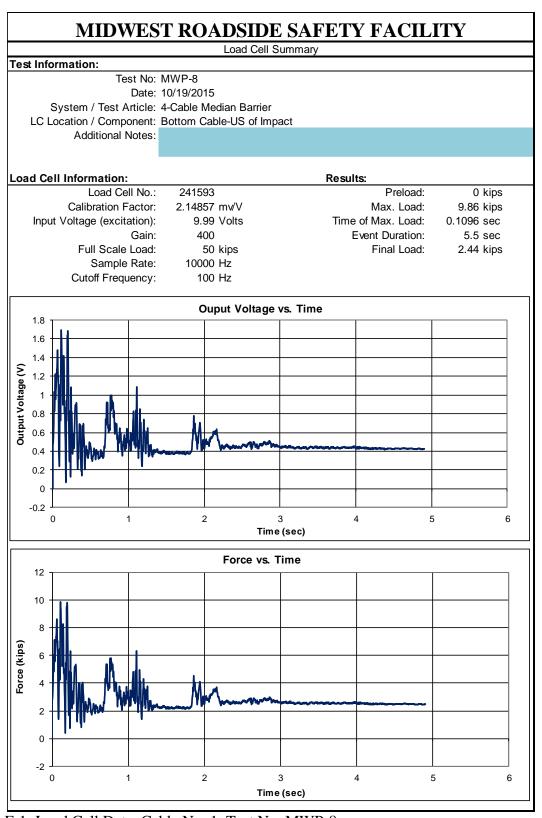


Figure F-1. Load Cell Data, Cable No. 1, Test No. MWP-8

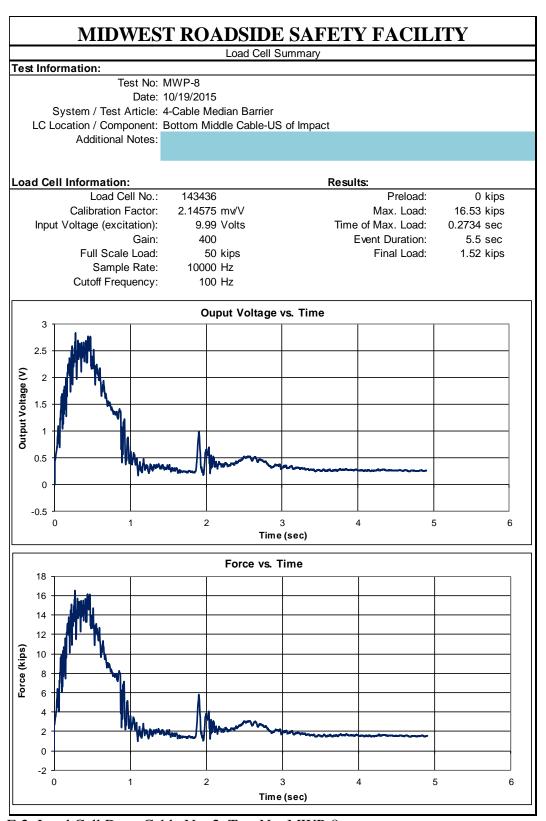


Figure F-2. Load Cell Data, Cable No. 2, Test No. MWP-8

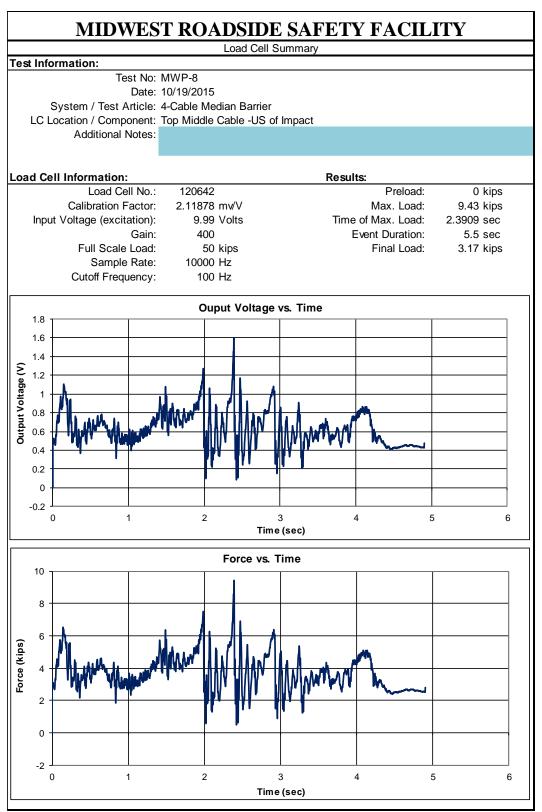


Figure F-3. Load Cell Data, Cable No. 3, Test No. MWP-8

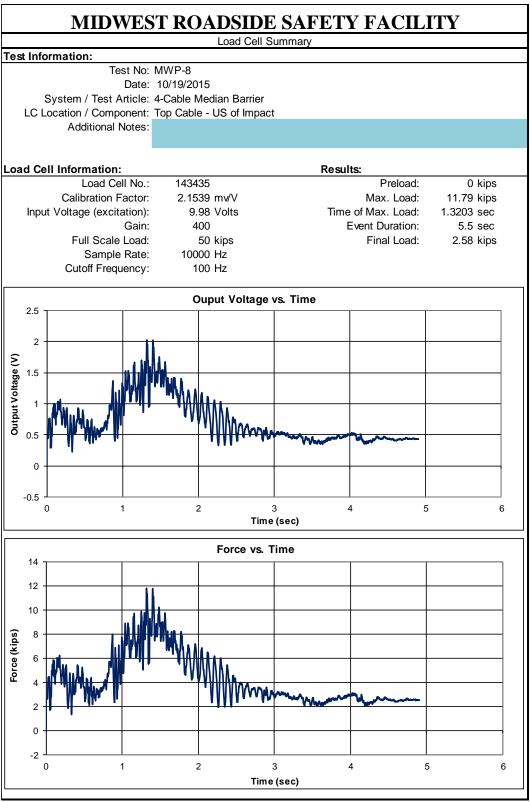


Figure F-4. Load Cell Data, Cable No. 4, Test No. MWP-8

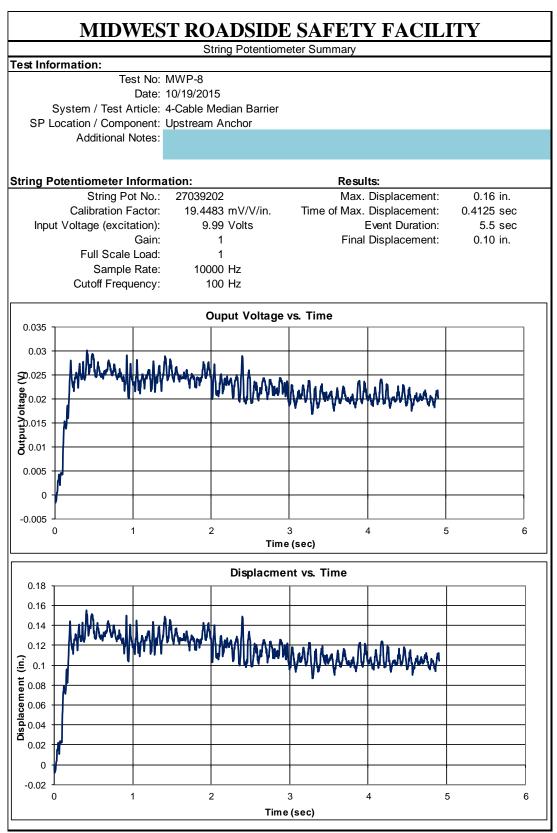


Figure F-5. String Potentiometer Data, Upstream Anchor, Test No. MWP-8

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